

The Journal of the American Homebrewers Association

Don't Be Afraid of the Dark



1.1> 0.174470"80980" 7 In this issue:

BEERS YOU CAN BREW

Stouts and Porters

BREWING CLASSIC STYLES All Aboard the Beer Bus

PLUS: Charlie Papazian Sips Through Yesteryear

THERE IS IPA.

THEN THERE IS

BRIDGEPORT IPA.

SINCE OUR FIRST GOLD MEDAL AT THE 1997 Great American Beer Festival, we've gained quite an international reputation for brewing the finest IPA available. Our most recent Gold Medal at the 2007 Australian International Beer Awards, one the world's largest brewing events, is the latest in a long succession of awards for our flagship brew. Our brewmaster and craft beer lovers everywhere now have another reason to raise a pint of our award winning BridgePort IPA.

Authentic

Bottle

Conditioned

Ale

Solide Port

Bottle

Conditioned

Ale

Bottle

Conditioned

Ale

Bottle

Bottle

Bottle

Bottle

Bottle

Bright Bottle

Bright Bright

"The consistency by which BridgePort IPA triumphs at international competitions demonstrates that this high-quality craft ale is amongst the best in the world."

—BridgePort Brewmaster Karl Ockert

NEXT TIME YOU'RE AT A BAR, ORDER THE IPA THAT SET IT.

WHERE THE REVOLUTION BEGAN.®

WORLD BEER CUP . 2002 SILVER MEDAL

REWING INDUSTRY INTERNATIONAL AWARDS . 2000 CHAMPION AL

Beer. It's a love/love thing.



You'll find only the best local and imported beers in our Best Brews™ program. And we're the first hotel ever to have a Chief Beer Officer.

See, it's official. We like beer. A lot.



fourpoints.com



Fun with Zymurgy

righ. Another issue of Zymurgy with no "Dear Zymurgy" letters to publish from our readers. What's an editor to do?

I suppose I could take an optimistic, "no news is good news" approach and assume that all of our readers are deliriously happy with each issue of the magazine and feel no need to e-mail their frustrations, suggestions, kudos or tips on what we could do better. Or, I could encourage you to write in with comments, good or bad, but hopefully mostly good, that we can publish in the next issue and hopefully use to continue to offer content that is userfriendly for our readers. In addition to letters and comments, we also encourage our readers to send in fun homebrewing-related photos and pictures of homebrewery beer labels to grace the pages of the magazine. This magazine is for and about you, the homebrewer and beer lover.

Dear Zymurgy is not the only area that readers can get involved in. Almost every department of this magazine, including the features, is influenced by our readers. Let's take a quick look at how you, the reader, can have more fun and be more interactive with Zymurgy.

First up: Beeroscope. This is a collection of news, jokes, gadgets, lists, calendars of fun beer events, book reviews, beer reviews and any other interesting bits of beer stuff that come across my desk and inbox. Is there a gadget you just bought that is so amazing that you wonder how you ever brewed without it? Drop me a note and let me know about it. Or send me your latest beer joke. Or send me a review of your favorite commercial beer for You've Gotta Drink This. You get the idea.

Don't consider yourself a great writer? Don't worry...probably nothing in Beeroscope will ever be considered for a



Pulitzer Prize. This section of the magazine is more about having fun, not about great prose.

Another element of the magazine that you can contribute to is The Last Drop. This is a short (500-600 words) essay on anything beer or homebrewing related. It can be about an event your club puts on, or a fun road trip your homebrew club went on (see this issue's Last Drop), or a political (beer-related) matter that you are trying to rally the troops for (see the July/August 2007 Zymurgy), or a homebrewing experiment that went awry. The possibilities are limitless.

We also want to know what homebrewing-related issues you want to read more about on the pages of Zymurgy. Is there a particular style you want to master, or an aspect of brewing that has you baffled? Drop me a note at jill@brewersassociation.org and let me know. We're currently in the planning stages for our 2008 issues, and we'll be doing our sixth annual readers survey of the Best Commercial Beers in America in the July/August issue, so start investigating the latest offerings in your area. Look for a call for submissions in these pages in 2008 as well as on the AHA TechTalk forum

Happy homebrewing, and thanks for reading Zymurgy!

Jill Redding is editor-in-chief of Zymurgy.

Journal of the American Homebrewers Association®

Publisher	_Brewers Association
Editor-in-Chief	Jill Redding
Art Director	Kelli Gomez
Graphic Designer	Kerry Fannon
Graphics/Production Director	Stephanie Johnson
Senior Designer/Web Designer	Julie Lawrason
Sales & Marketing Director cindy@	Cindy Jones brewersassociation.org
Advertising & Sponsorship pryor@	Chris Pryor brewersassociation.org
Advertising & Sponsorhip Coordin hutton@	nator_Stephanie Hutton brewersassociation.org
Marketing Coordinator michelle@	Michelle Byers brewersassociation.org
Circulation Coordinator	Brandi Tinder
American Homebrewers A	ssociation®

Director	———Gary Glass
Membership Coordinator	Kathryn Porter
Project Coordinator	Janis Gross

Brewers Association^{⁵™}

The purpose of the Brewers Association is to promote and protect American craft beer and American craft brewers and the community of brewing enthusiasts. The Brewers Association is a not-for-profit trade Association under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

BA Board of Directors

Steve Bradt, Sam Calagione, Dick Cantwell, Vinnie Cilurzo, Rich Doyle, Mark Edelson, Gary Fish, Chris Graham, Ken Grossman, Steve Hindy, Kim Jordan, Jack Joyce, Jim Koch, Randy Mosher, Brock Wagner

Published by the American Homebrewers Association. a division of the Brewers Association, a not-for-profit organization located at 736 Pearl Street, Boulder, CO 80302-5006 USA. Membership is open to everyone. Zymurgy (ISSN 0196-5921, USPS 018-212) is the bimonthly journal of the American Homebrewers Association and is published six times per year. Periodicals Postage Paid at Boulder, CO and additional mailing offices. Canada Post Agreement Number 41197537. Annual memberships are \$38 U.S., and \$44 International and include a \$35 subscription to

Changing your address? Let us know in writing or email your address changes to info@brewersassocia-

Zymurgy welcomes letters, opinions, ideas, article queries and information in general from its readers. Correspondence and advertising inquiries should be directed to Zymurgy, PO Box 1679, Boulder, CO 80306-1679, (303) 447-0816, FAX (303) 447-2825, www.beertown.org. All material ©2007, American Homebrewers Association. No material may be reproduced without written permission from the AHA.

The opinions and views expressed in articles are not necessarily those of the American Homebrewers Association and its magazine, Zymurgy.

POSTMASTER: Send address changes to: Zymurgy, 736 Pearl Street; Boulder, CO 80302-5006. Printed in the USA.



zymurgy

COLUMNS

- 2 | EDITOR'S DESK By Jill Redding
- 7 BREWING BY DESIGN
 By Ray Daniels
- 47 | WORLD OF WORTS
 Sipping Through Yesteryean
 By Charlie Papazian
- 64 | LAST DROP
 By Drew Beechum

DEPARTMENTS-

- 4 BEEROSCOPE
- II DEAR PROFESSOR
- 15 CLUB ONLY
- 43 COMMERCIAL CALIBRATION
- 51 WINNERS CIRCLE
- 54 CALENDAR
- 55 ZYMURGY CONNECTION
- 62 ADVERTISER INDEX
- 63 CLASSIFIEDS

FEATURES

18 A Blast from the Past: 18th Century Porter

By Frank Clark

During the 18th century, one particular style of malt liquor dominated the British beer market—porter. To recreate historic porter, it is necessary to understand what it was.

24 All-American Stouts

By Drew Beechum

Comparing American stouts with the other stouts of the world, the American brash nature blasts like a klaxon alarm next to their more restrained flavors.

32 A Mountain of Stout

By Amahl Turczyn Scheppach

February in Boulder, Colo. can be snowy and cold, but for stout lovers here, it's one of the hottest months on the calendar as Mountain Sun holds its Stout Month.

36 Parallel Porters

By Randy Mosher

Think you know what a porter is? Me neither. We take a look at a few forgotten porters, the evolutionary branches that had their day, but in the end, winked out.

40 Brewing Classic Styles By Jamil Zainasheff and John Palmer

This new book, a chapter of which is excerpted, provides brewers with one recipe for every competition sub-category recognized by the Beer Judge Certification Program.









QUICK RECIPE GUIDE—

German Pilsner15	5
1750 Porter20)
1850 Porter22	2
New Albion Stout26	5
Drake's New Dream Stout28	3
Rasty Old Tom American	
Imperial Stout29	9

Oatmeal Stout	30
Blackwine IV	30
Korova Cream Stout	34
Belgian Dip Chocolate Stout	35
1840 American Porter	39
Weizen/Weissbier	41

Dunkelweizen	41
Weizenbock	42
Roggenbier(German Rye)	46
Thunderhead Stout	46
Epicenter Imperial Stout	48
Oktoberfest	51

>> GET THERE!

11th Annual Strong Ale Festival

Set for November 30 and December 1 at Pizza Port in Carlsbad, Calif., the 11th annual Strong Ale Festival will feature more than 60 beers above 8-percent alcohol. The festival starts at 4 p.m. on Friday and 11 a.m. on Saturday, and goes to 11 p.m. both days.

Tickets are \$25, including a commemorative glass and eight taster tickets. Additional 4-ounce tastes are \$1 once inside the festival.

Tickets are available at the door only. There will also be a VIP session from 1-4 p.m. on Friday for \$40.

For more information, go to www.pizzaport.com.

October 26-28

Wet Hop Festival San Diego, CA. Web: www.obrienspub.net

October 27

Oregon Brewers Guild Tastival Bend, OR. Deschutes Brewery. Phone: 541-382-9242, Web: www.traveloregon.com/bounty

November 3

Festival of Barrel-Aged Beer Chicago, IL. Web: www.illinoisbeer.com

November 3

Maine Brewers Festival Portland, ME. E-mail: festivals@mindspring.com, Web: www.mainebrew.com

November 11

Orlando Beer Festival Orlando, FL. Web: www.orlandobeerfestival.com

November 17-18

Great Brews of America Classic Beer Festival Lake Harmony, PA. Phone: 800-255-7625, Web: www.splitrockresort.com/beerfest/

November 29-December 2

Holiday Ale Festival Portland, OR. Web: www.holiday-ale.com

December 1

2nd Annual Winter Beer Festival Seattle, WA. Phone: 206-915-0015, E-mail: lisa@washingtonbeer.com, Web: www.washingtonbeer.com

BREW NEWS: Michael Jackson Remembered

British beer expert Michael Jackson, the Beer Hunter, died August 30 in London. Here he is remembered by Ray Daniels, former editor-in-chief of Zymurgy and now director of Brewers Publications for the Brewers Association.

Michael simply created the beer universe as we know it. So much of how we think about beer comes directly from his research, thinking and writing. Hundreds of years from now, scholars and everyday people will read him to understand what beer was all about in our time.

And my, how he could write! Consistently clear, concise, informative and interesting. Even those with tepid interest in beer could be drawn into the topic by his prose. If he met a beer he didn't like, you hardly knew it. He wrote descriptively, avoiding pejoratives and leaving readers to decide for themselves whether a beer might be to their liking. And despite the accolades and acclaim he received, despite international success, he was mercilessly demanding of himself. Neither the quality nor the quantity of his work ever dimme

cilessly demanding of himself. Neither the quality nor the quantity of his work ever dimmed.

Despite his strong self-identity as a reporter, he was also a cheerleader for the topic he loved. He pled passionately with editors, cajoled myopic consumers (often on airplanes) and castigated those few wayward brewers he met to embrace the flavorful, adventurous and interesting world of beers that he knew. He traveled ceaselessly—in part to promote good beer—but also to comfort a barely hidden worry that if he didn't go everywhere and try everything he would surely miss something deliciously important in our dynamic beer world. As a result, no one captured our culture like he did—and I doubt anyone ever will.





YOU'VE GOTTA DRINK THIS

Founders Breakfast Stout



I'm not sure how to classify this big beer. It's clearly a high OG Stout with a high alcohol content, but that's all I'll say about that.

What I can say is that it is very dark upon pouring. The head is creamy as it should be. Subtle aromas of chocolate and coffee are there but in balance. Dark malt dominates. Alcoholic heat is perceivable in the aroma.

The body is medium full. It hits the palate with a surprising initial brightness, but the malt and chocolate balance it out nicely. Nutty and coffeeish. Very flavorful. More carbonated than I

expected, but that was a pleasant surprise. Nice warming alcohol upon swallowing.

This big beer is very drinkable and not insipidly sweet or chocolatey. I will buy it whenever it's available (not often in my rural Michigan town) and will be interested to see how it ages, though it's really good right now.

Reviewed by Greg Carpenter, Petoskey, Mich.

If you've had a beer you just have to tell the world about, send your description, in 150 words or fewer, to jill@brewersassociation.org.

THE LIST



Looking for a taste of autumn, or an early sip of winter? Here are four craft beers to try this fall.

- 1. Sierra Nevada Anniversary Ale: For the first time in its 27-year history, Sierra Nevada Brewing Co. released its Anniversary Ale in bottles. For years, this coveted beer has only been available in the brewery pub in Chico, Calif. during the fall season when the company celebrates the anniversary of its founding in 1980. The 2007 Anniversary Ale features prominent usage of Cascade hops—the signature hop used in Sierra Nevada's most popular product, Pale Ale. It is an American Style IPA with a big, fragrant pine and citrus hop aroma balanced by the sweetness of two-row pale and caramel malt. It finishes with an additional Cascade dry-hopping. Web: www.sierranevada.com.
- 2. Left Hand Rye Bock: Left Hand Brewing Co. of Longmont, Colo., released a rye doppelbock. Rye Bock opens with an initial tangy, sweet dried cherry nose alongside the spicy tingle of the malted rye, and finishes long and savorable. The sweetness of the malt is nicely balanced by the tanginess of the rye malt, causing one to perceive a loaf of bread in every bottle. Incredibly smooth and full-bodied, the beer is dark amber in color with an alluringly thick tan head. At 7.7-percent alcohol by volume and 25 IBUs, Rye Bock is drinkable and delicious. Web: www.lefthandbrewing.com.
- 3. Dogfish Head Pangaea: This October release is brewed with ingredients from every continent, including crystallized ginger from Australia, water from Antarctica and basmati rice from Asia. It is a slightly spicy ale with a mouthful of rich flavors, checking in at 7-percent alcohol by volume. Web: www.dogfish.com.
- **4. Odell Isolation Ale:** On October 1, Odell Brewing Co. of Fort Collins. Colo. released its winter seasonal, Isolation Ale. A classic winter ale, Isolation Ale is brewed using specialty malts imported from England and hops from the Northwest. It is amber in color, malty and strong. Web: www.odellbrewing.com.

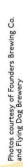
WEB SITE:

www.beerdinners.com



Thinking about hosting a beer dinner this holiday season? Flying Dog Brewery in Denver, Colo.

recently launched a new Web site, www.beerdinners.com. Flying Dog, while providing its own menus and recipes, is also soliciting recipes, pairings and photos from craft breweries around the nation for the site to become a resource for food and beer pairings, and for hosting (or finding) a beer dinner. The site lists pairings, recipes, chef bios, calendars, tips, reviews and more.





BLICHMANN

engineering

The Gear For Beer!



Adjustable viewing angle!
- Orient face to ANY angle -

BrewMometer***

Brewing Thermometer

- Unique "made-for-brewing" dial face
- Best weldless design available
- 1/2"NPT models too



Stainless Fermentor

More capacity!

Pressurizeable

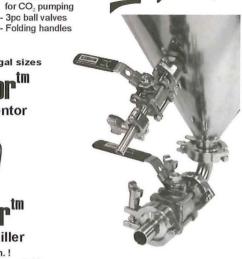


Therminatortm

Stainless Wort Chiller

Fast! - chill 10 gal in 5 min. !
- Fastest and smallest chiller available

- Ultra low restriction
- Ideal for southern climates



Same great features, Cool look of tri-clamps!

New!

Weldless

Tri-Clamp Fittings

> Beer Gun^{tr} Bottle Filler

- One hand intuitive operation
- Stainless construction
- Superior to counter-pressure!!

www.BlichmannEngineering.com

Build Your Brewing Knowledge With Our Brewer's Library.

wildBREWS:

Standards Brewing

Brewer's Reference Library

- Standards of Brewing by Charles W. Bamforth
 A practical approach to consistency and excellence.
- Designing Great Beers by Ray Daniels
 The ultimate guide to brewing classic beer styles.
- New Brewing Lager Beer by Gregory J. Noonan
 The practice of all-malt brewing for lagers and more.
- Principles of Brewing Science, 2nd Edition by George Fix Essential brewing chemistry for every brewer.
- Sacred and Herbal Healing Beers by Stephen Harrod Buhner Modern and historic herbalism for unique and flavorful brews.
- The Brewers Association's Guide to Starting Your Own Brewery
 The essential guide to starting a new brewery.

- Dictionary of Beer and Brewing
 Brewing terminology defined from alpha acid to zythum.
- Evaluating Beer
 Flavor and sensory evaluation in theory and practice.
- Smoked Beer, Bavarian Helles, Mild Ale, Barley Wine and 13 more The Classic Beer Style Series offers a beer book for every mood.
- Farmhouse Ales, Wild Brews and Brew Like a Monk
 Newly released titles focusing on how to brew Belgian-style beers in America.
- Radical Brewing by Randy Mosher
 Historical styles, off-beat ingredients and innovative ways to brew
 that will inspire the most veteran brewer.
- · And many more titles

The Brewers Association: Your Source for Brewing Knowledge www.beertown.org
Ph: 888.822.6273 / +1.303.447.0816

Brewers Publications
A Division of the Brewers Association
www.beertown.org



Fax: +1.303.447.2825



Hop Sex in the Willamette Valley

Yes, that's right: hop sex.

In August, I attended the first International Brewers Symposium (IBS) put on by the Master Brewers Association of the Americas and the American Society of Brewing Chemists. The symposium focused on hop flavor and aroma and was held at the home of the prolific hop breeding and research program at Oregon State University in Corvallis, Ore.

The symposium brought together research scientists, hop breeders, brewery hop experts, hop extract producers, hop brokers and brewers of all stripes—from large brewery staffs to brewers from small brewpubs in Oregon. It was a great chance for brewers to get face-to-face with the guys who do—and have done—most of the important hop research.

The technical presentations spared nothing from a scientific perspective with electron paramagnetic resonance data augmenting heavy-duty organic chemistry. Along the way, I gleaned some great lessons and ideas related to things like first wort hopping, co-humulone ratios and the meaning of IBUs that I'll discuss in the next installment of this column.

But for now, let's get to the sex.

Most plants reproduce by swapping pollen and the plants themselves have no gender. All members of the species produce both pollen and seeds. Not so with hops.

Hop plants come in distinct genders, male and female. Commercial hop yards normally consist exclusively of female plants. Even unfertilized females produce the hop cones we brewers want. Furthermore, fertilized females produce seeded cones that brewers shun. Seeded

cones do grow larger than those lacking seeds, but the alpha acid percentage declines and flavor panels have historically disliked their character. As a result commercial hop producers eliminate male plants from their yards to ensure the growth of seedless hops.

Of course breeders require male hop plants to develop new varieties and ensure

Absolutely Everything! For Home Brewing

<u>HUGE</u> Website – www.morebeer.com



Free Shipping On Orders Over \$59!

Newly redesigned website! Absolutely Everything! for Home Brewing and Beer Dispensing. Over 2500 products with photos, indepth descriptions, and tons of how-to information. Weekly product releases, web-only specials, FAQ, and much, much more.

Life is full of tough choices, these are the fun ones...

With 10 base frames and up to 20 options to choose from, any brewing dream can be realized!









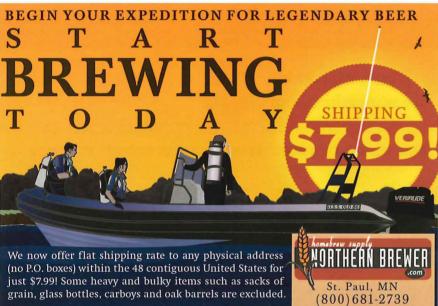


\$2350

1-800-528-4056 • Request Our Free 87 pg Color Catalog • www.morebeer.com Please Call For Wholesale Inquiries







ebrew.com

Reasonable Prices

Fast Service

Monthly Specials

Expert Advice

Extensive Selection of Products (and growing)

150+ Recipe Packages (with more on the way)

Personal Attention to Your Brewing & Winemaking Needs

800-365-2739 / order line 704-527-2337 / help line 704-527-5070 / fax line Alternative Beverage 114 Freeland Lane Suite E Charlotte, NC 28217 the survival of the species. Thus it falls to the scientists at places like Oregon State to cultivate male hop plants.

On the Friday of the IBS conference, our hosts led us through the strangest hop yard most of us will ever see at OSU's facility. Set on a university farm, it grows the hop plants needed for the breeding program.

Because of its mission, the OSU hop yard is unique in several respects. First we saw male plants, distinct in their bushy pollen-producing branches. Second, as a result of the males, we were amidst fertilized females—something rarely found outside breeding facilities.

Interestingly enough, the breeders have no interest in the seeds generated naturally in the yard. That natural breeding creates a random and jumbled range of crosses. Finding a successful hybrid from those seeds would require growing tens of thousands of new plants each year. Instead, the breeders select specific males and females to cross-breed and take care to ensure that they collect seeds produced only by the desired crosses.

As for the OSU fields, hop sex is just the beginning. As we walked the service roads amidst the towering trellises strung with bines, we may well have been passing a nascent variety that will one day be wildly popular. Just imagine a plant today known as "T10923SF" one day coming to be as popular as Cascade!

And because the OSU hop yard is meant to test the viability of new proto-varieties, the yard tolerates, and to a certain extent encourages, the common pests of hops: things like downy mildew and verticillium wilt. Commercial producers do what's necessary to eliminate these pests as they decrease hop yield. But at OSU, they want to know what resistance the new varieties have to these pests, so they let them be as long as they don't get out of hand.

As a result of the exceptional conditions, the OSU hop yard was the most unusual I expect I'll ever see. Rather than the uniformly lush, dark-green forest of hop leaves you see in most yards in August, the OSU field was notable for its incon-

sistency. Many plants were scrawny, even sickly, while others thrived. The oddball males—placed randomly through the yard—added another interruption to the normal pattern. Rather than looking like a carefully tended farm, the field had an overall appearance of neglected wildness.

From all that, we get new hops. Few of the new crosses ever leave OSU; fewer still see commercial distribution after scale-up in a commercial yard. Only after 10 or more years and many trials will something like "T10923SF" ever wind up in a beer that you or I would make or even drink.

So next time you toss a handful of hops into your favorite beer, consider the long trail traveled by those tiny cones. And when you do, raise a glass to the breeders and growers who brought them into our world.

Ray Daniels is director of Brewers Publications for the Brewers Association and the former editorin-chief of *Zymurgy*.



AMERICAN HOMEBREWERS ASSOCIATION GOVERNING COMMITTEE

- Chairperson
 Randy Mosher, Chicago, IL
- Vice Chair Jamil Zainasheff, Elk Grove, CA
- Secretary
 Susan Ruud, Harwood, ND

Drew Beechum, Valley Village, CA

Bev Blackwood, Houston, TX

Denny Conn, Noti, OR

Chris P. Frey, Saline, MI

Chris Graham, Concord, CA

David Houseman, Chester Springs, PA

David Logsdon, Odell, OR

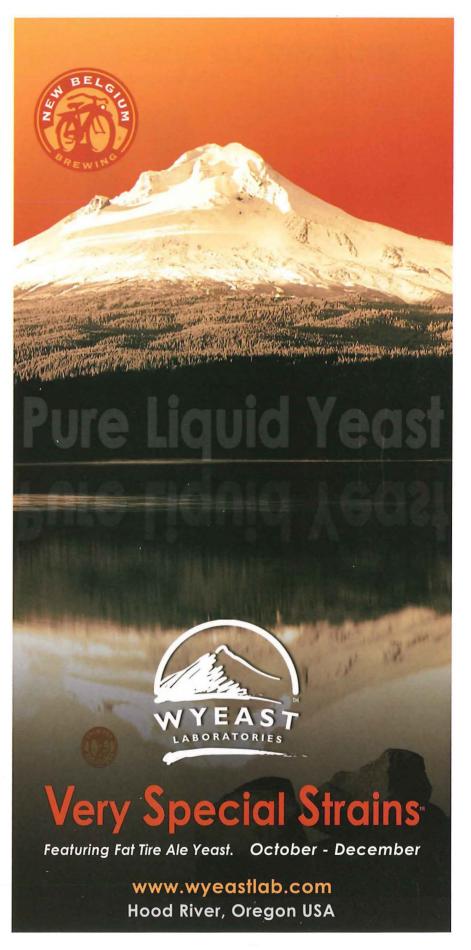
Rob Moline, Ames, IA

Jeff Renner, Ann Arbor, MI

Curt Stock, St. Paul, MN

Gordon Strong, Beavercreek, OH

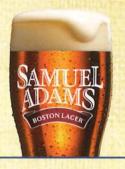
Mark Tumarkin, Gainesville, FL



www.beertown.org November/December 2007 ZYMURGY

YOU KNOW THE HEAD OF A SAMUEL ADAMS."

Now let's discuss its soul.



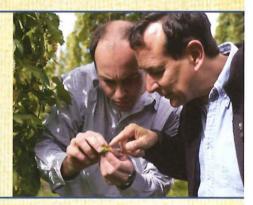


HOPS ARE TO BEER WHAT GRAPES ARE TO WINE."

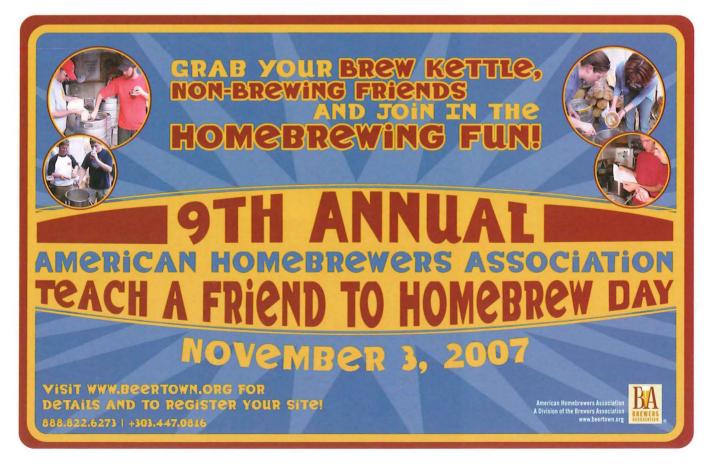
Every year, Jim Koch, Founder and Brewer of Samuel Adams® beers, travels to Bavaria and along with Stefan

Stanglmair, a 9th generation hops farmer, hand selects the best Noble hops in the world. Jim does this because he knows that small growing variations such as soil composition or a farmer's growing practices or even which direction a hop field faces can change hop aroma and flavor even within the same hop variety. At Samuel Adams, we're committed to quality and we believe that quality starts with the ingredients.

Take pride in your beer. 🛎



© 2006 THE BOSTON BEER COMPANY, BOSTON, MA





No Climbing to this Hopbush

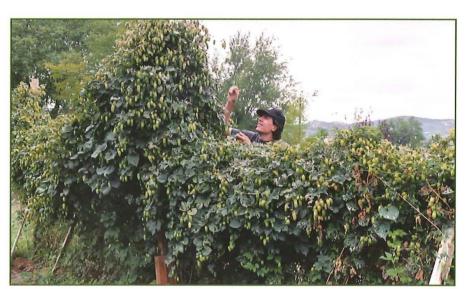


Dear Professor,

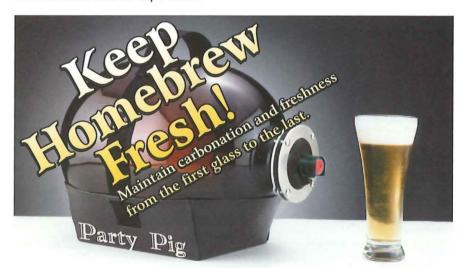
You mentioned tossing in some freshpicked hops when brewing (World of Worts, May/June 2007). This inspired me to go ahead and ask what you think about my current habits when it comes to the hops I am growing.

When I first started growing hops, I had a copy of the Hops and Beer Special Issue (Volume 13, No. 4, 1990). In it, Pierre Rajotte had an article called "Growing Hops at Home." I pretty much followed his advice to the letter and had good results. Over the years, though, when I've had some hop vines growing I have deviated quite a bit from what he was recommending. Basically, you might say Rajotte seems to lay out how to grow hops in the officially recognized manner. The first shoots that come up are cut back. The hop vines are to climb long poles and the vines are allowed to grow separately from one another. Then they are all harvested at a certain time by taking down the vines. As a means of preservation, the hop cones go through a drying process and are stored dried.

It certainly evolved quite naturally that I started to deviate from these procedures. Immediately I discarded the idea of having the vines climb to the stratosphere on some long poles or something, liking instead to grow them no taller than I can reach without stepping up on something. I forget to cut back the first shoots. I liked the idea of having them grow every which way, off on some cord this way, that way, and back and around each other too. The plants seem to like this just fine. As far as picking the hops, the way I'm growing them lends to the practice of picking those that "look right" and leaving less mature ones for picking later. For preservation, I immediately freeze them instead of drying.



The Professor's wall-of-hops "bush".



Easier to fill than bottles - No pumps or Co_2 systems • Holds 2.25 gallons of beer - Two "Pigs" are perfect for one 5 gallon fermenter • Patented self inflating Pressure Pouch maintains carbonation and freshness • Perfect dispense without disturbing sediment • Simple to use - Easy to carry - Fits in the "fridge" • Ideal for parties, picnics and holidays.



401 Violet Street Golden, CO 80401 Phone 303•279•8731 FAX 303•278•0833 partypig.com



It's time to try a

Party Pig

(self-pressurizing)

beer dispenser

Just PRESS, POUR & ENJOY!



PUB DISCOUNT PROGRAM Participating Pubs

Just show your AHA card to your server at the pubs below and save money on BEER, FOOD and/or MERCHANDISE!

ALASKA

Sleeping Lady Brewing Co./ Snow Goose Restaurant Anchorage

ARIZONA

Barley Brothers Brewery Lake Havasu City

BJ's Restaurant & Brewery Chandler

BJ's Restaurant & Brewhouse Mesa, Phoenix, Tuscon

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant Tempe

Mudshark Brewing Co. Lake Havasu City

Old Chicago Chandler, Tuscon

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Glendale, Phoenix (2), Scottsdale

ARKANSAS

Boscos Little Rock Brewing Co.

Little Rock

21st Amendment Brewery Café

American River Sports Bar & Grille

Anderson Valley Brewing Co. Boonville

BJ's Pizza & Grill

Huntington Beach, La Jolla, Laguna Beach, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Newport Beach

BJ's Restaurant & Brewery Brea, Laguna Hills, Oxnard, Roseville, West Covina, Woodland Hills

By's Restaurant & Brewhouse
Arcadia, Burbank, Cerritos, Corona,
Cupertino, Elk Grove, Folsom, Fresno,
Huntington Beach, Irvine, La Mesa, Moreno

Valley, Palmdale, Palms Crossing, Rancho Cucamonga, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Bruno, San Jose, San Mateo, Thousand Oaks, Vacaville, Valencia

E.J. Phair Brewing Co. & Alehouse Concord

Firestone Walker Brewing Co. Paso Robles

Firestone Walker Taproom Restaraunt Buellton

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant Burbank, Palo Alto, Pasadena, San Diego, San Francisco, San Jose

Huntington Beach Beer Co. Huntington Beach

Iron Springs Pub & Brewery

O'Brien's Pub San Diego

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Campbell, La Jolla, Long Beach, San Diego

Rogue Ales Public House San Francisco

Russian River Brewing Co. Santa Rosa

Santa Barbara Brewing Co. Santa Barbara

Schooners Grille and Brewery Antioch

Stone Brewing Co.

COLORADO

Backcountry Brewery

BJ's Restaraunt & Brewery

BJ's Restaraunt & Brewhouse Aurora, Westminster

Breckenridge Brewery

Breckenridge Brewery & Pub Denver

Boulder Beer Co.

Boneyard Brewery

Dillon Dam Brewery

Dry Dock Brewing Co.

Flying Dog Brewery

Glenwood Canyon Brewing Co. Glenwood Springs

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant Broomfield

Great Divide Brewing Co. Denver

Great Northern Denver

Hops Grillhouse and Brewery Denver, Golden, Littleton, Northglenn

Left Hand Brewing Co. Longmont

New Belgium Brewing Co. Fort Collins

Odell Brewing Co. Fort Collins

Old Chicago

Aurora (2), Boulder, Broomfield, Colorado Springs (4), Denver (3), Fort Collins (2), Grand Junction, Greeley, Lakewood, Littleton, Longmont, Silverthorne, Superior, Thornton, Westminster, Wheatridge

Oskar Blues Grill & Brewery Lyons

Pagosa Brewing Co.
Pagosa Springs

Palisade Brewery

Phantom Canyon Brewing Co. Colorado Springs

Pumphouse Brewery & Restaurant

Redfish New Orleans Brewhouse Boulder

Redstone Meadery Boulder

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Colorado Springs, Denver, Englewood, Westminster

Rockyard Brewing Co. Castle Rock

Rosie's Brewpub Leadville

San Luis Valley Brewing Co. Alamosa Ska Brewing Durango

Smugglers Brewpub & Grille Montrose, Telluride

Walnut Brewery

Wynkoop Brewing Co.

CONNECTICUT

Cambridge House Brew Pub

Hops Grillhouse and Brewery Manchester, Newington

Willimantic Brewing Co./ Main Street Café Willimantic

DELAWAR

Dogfish Head Brewings & Eats Rehoboth Beach

Dogfish Head Craft Brewery

Iron Hill Brewery and Restaurant Newark, Wilmington

Stewarts Brewing Co.
Bear

FLORIDA

A1A Ale Works St. Augustine

Big River Grille & Brewing Works Lake Buena Vista

BJs Restaurant & Brewhouse Citrus Park, Pinella Park

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant Miami

Hops Grillhouse and Brewery Boynton Beach, Bradenton, Fort Myers, Gainesville, Miami, Ocala, Palm Harbor, Pembroke Pines, Pompano Beach, Sanford, West Palm Beach

Orlando Brewing Partners, Inc. Orlando

Ragtime Tavern Seafood & Grill

Seven Bridges Grille & Brewery Jacksonville

GEORGIA

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant Atlanta

Moon River Brewing Co. Savannah

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Atlanta

HAWAII

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant Honolulu

Kona Brewing Co. Kailua-Kona

Maui Brewing Co. Lohaina-Maui

Old Chicago

Boise (2)

Brass Restaurant & Brewery South Barrington

Elmwood Brewing Co.

Flossmoor Station Brewing Co. Flossmoor

Goose Island Beer Co. Chicago (2)

Granite City Food and Brewery

Cherry Valley
Old Chicago

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Chicago, Warrenville

Windy City Grill & Tap Orland Park

INDIANA

Badaboomz Ale House and Grill Indianapolis

Power House Brewing Co.'s Columbus Bar

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Indianapolis (2)

Upland Brewing Co.

IOWA

Court Avenue Brewing Co.

Des Moines

Granite City Food and Brewery Cedar Rapids, Clive, Davenport

Old Chicago

Raccoon River Brewing Co.

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Des Moines

KANSAS

Goebel Liquor (Rob's Other World)

Granite City Food and Brewery Kansas City, Olathe, Wichita (East), Wichita (West)

Old Chicago

Lawrence, Lenexa, Manhattan, Olathe, Overland Park, Topeka, Wichita (3)

LOUISIANA

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant
New Orleans

MAINE

Sebago Brewing Co.
Gorham, Portland, South Portland

MARYLAND
Dogfish Head Alehouse
Gaithersburg

Hops Grillhouse and Brewery Owings Mills

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery

MASSACHUSETTS

Boston Beer Co.

Cambridge Brewing Co.

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery

Boston, Braintree

Arbor Brewing Co.

Big Buck Brewery & Steak House Auburn Hills, Gaylord

Hereford & Hops Steakhouse & Brewpub Escanaba

Saugatuck Brewing Co. Saugatuck

MINNESOTA

Granite City Food and Brewery Eagan, Maple Grove, Roseville, St. Cloud, St. Louis Park

Old Chicago

Apple Valley, Blaine, Duluth, Eagan, Eden Prairie, Minneapolis (2), Minnetonka, Plymouth, Roseville

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Minneapolis

MISSOURI

75th Street Brewery

Kansas City

Granite City Food and Brewery Kansas City (Zona Rosa)

Old Chicago Columbia

MONTANA

Madison River Brewing Co. Belarade

Bitter Root Brewing Co. Hamilton

NEBRASKA

Granite City Food and Brewery Lincoln, Omaha

Old Chicago Lincoln (2), Omaha (4)

Thunderhead Brewing Co.

Upstream Brewing Co. Omaha (2)

NEVADA

BJs Restaurant & Brewery

BJ's Restaurant & Brewhouse

Chicago Brewing Co.

Las Vegas

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant Las Vegas

Rosemary's Restaurant Las Vegas

NEW HAMPSHIRE

The Portsmouth Brewery Portsmouth

NEW JERSEY

Ale Street News Maywood

Triumph Brewing Co. Princeton

NEW MEXICO

Blue Corn Café & Brewery Santa Fe

Chama River Brewing Co.

Albuquerque

Il Vicino Brewing Co. Albuquerque

NEW YORK

Brooklyn Brewery Brooklyn

CH Evans Brewing Co. at the Albany Pump Station

Crooked Rooster Brewpub Watkins Glenn

Ellicotville Brewing Co.

Ellicotville

Great Adirondack Brewing Co.

Lake Placid Craft Brewing Co. Plattsburgh

Lake Placid Pub & Brewery Lake Placid

Matt Brewing Co.

Rohrbach Brewing Co.

Roosterfish Brewing Co.

Watkins Glenn

Southampton Publick House Southampton

Wildflower Café Watkins Glenn

NORTH CAROLINA

Barleys Taproom

Hops Grillhouse & Brewery

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Charlotte

NORTH DAKOTA

Granite City Food and Brewery Fargo

BJ's Restaurant & Brewhouse Columbus

The Brew Keeper North Ridgeville

The Brew Kettle, Taproom &

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Cincinnati, Cleveland

Willoughby Brewing Co. Willoughby

OKLAHOMA

BJs Restaurant & Brewhouse Norman, Oklahoma City

OREGON

B.I's Pizza & Grill Eugene

BJ's Restaurant & Brewery Portland (2)

Deschutes Brewery & Public House

Eugene City Brewery

House of Spirits (Rogue Ales)

Newport

Laurelwood Public House & Brewery Portland

Old Chicago

Beaverton, Gresham, Portland (2)

Pelican Pub & Brewery Pacific City

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery

Rogue Ales Public House Newport

Rogue Distillery and Public House

PENNSYLVANIA

Barley Creek Brewing Co. Tannersville

The Brewerie at Union Station

Hereford and Hops Steakhouse and Brewpub

Cranberry Township

Iron Hill Brewery & Restaurant Media, North Whales, West Chester

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery King of Prussia, Pittsburgh Triumph Brewing Co.

New Hope SOUTH CAROLINA

Hops Grillhouse & Brewery

Spartanburg

SOUTH DAKOTA Granite City Food and Brewery Sioux Falls

TENNESSEE

Big River Grille & Brewing Works Chattanooga, Nashville

Bluewater Grille Chattanooga

Boscos Brewing Co. Memphis, Nashville

BJ's Restaurant & Brewhouse Addison, Clear Lake, East Plano, El Paso, Lewisville, McAllen, South Arlington, Sugar Land, Webster, Willowbrook

Blue Star Brewing Co. San Antonio

Uncle Billy's Brew & Que Austin

UTAH

Bohemian Brewery & Grill Salt Lake City

Moab Brewery Moab

Squatters Pub Brewery Salt Lake City, Salt Lake Airport

Uinta Brewing Co. Salt Lake City

VERMONT

Rock Art Brewery Morrisville

VIRGINIA

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant McLean, Virginia Beach

Hops Grillhouse & Brewerv Alexandria, Richmond

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery Arlington

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Gordon Biersch Brewery Restaurant Washington, D.C.

WISCONSIN Granite City Food and Brewery

Hereford & Hops Steakhouse

& Brewpub Wausau

Madison

Milwaukee Ale House

Milwaukee

Northwoods Brewpub & Grille Chetek, Eau Claire

Old Chicago

Green Bay, Madison

Rock Bottom Restaurant & Brewery

Stone Cellar Brewpub Appleton

WYOMING

Snake River Brewing Co., Snake River Brewpub Jackson, Lander

CANADA

Cameron's Brewing Co. Oakville, ON

For the most up-to-date pub list, visit www.beertown.org!

• Must be 21 or older to receive discounts at participating locations. • Pub Discounts are not valid with any other offers or discounts.
• Benefits only apply to the card-carrying AHA member, unless otherwise noted. • Some states prohibit free or discounted alcohol. Pubs must obey state law in this regard.

American Homebrewers Association A Division of the Brewers Association www.beertown.org



This year it looks like I have a bumper crop on a second-year vine. I plan to make imaginative use of them, partly inspired by the idea of using fresh-picked ones like you did. But it would seem that my procedures have evolved into heresy; do you think I'll just have disappointing results?

By the way, you don't seem to say exactly what to expect using fresh-picked hops.

Carl Williams Arlington, Va.

Dear Carl,

Carl, sounds like your hops are like my wall-ofhops "bush." They proliferate onto a 5 1/2- foot high fence running about 20 feet long. I hand

pick, just like you do without using any ladder. I have way more hops than I can use...and they are beautiful and plump. Sometimes there are insects, but I never spray and ladybugs seem to like hanging out and feeding on the aphids, so by and large there is a micro habitat that works itself out and I have loads of hops without ladders or vines. This year I've noticed that insects have been devouring the leaves of my hops. But this just seems to stress the hops to protect themselves with more lupulin. I'm not seeing any insect infestation of the hops themselves.

As far as drying the hops, I naturally air dry my hops in a warm environment and then compress them with my fist into sturdy plastic bags. I've invested in a vacuum packer (about \$120 these days) and this really stabilizes my dried hops while in the freezer. Something tells me that if you freeze hops without drying, the moisture would accelerate reactions that would cause some deterioration.

What to expect with fresh hopped beer? More fresh hop flavors—perhaps even a bit more grassier-green chlorophyll type characters if you are hopping the beegeebers out of your beer.

We go boy, The Professor, Hb.D.

Hey homebrewers! If you have a brewingrelated question for Professor Surfeit, send it to "Dear Professor," PO Box 1679, Boulder CO 80306-1679; fax 303-447-2825; or e-mail professor@brewersassociation.org.



Bière blanche belge originale. Anno 1445.

The Original Belgian White Beer.





Brew a Golden Batch of Pilsner

Pilsener (also sometimes spelled Pilsener) has the unique distinction of being the world's first golden beer. It was first brewed in the city of Pilsen, Bohemia (now Plzeň, in the Czech Republic). Bohemian brewers commonly brewed dark, somewhat turbid ales up until the 1840s, and the quality of these beers was so dismal, townspeople were known to dump entire barrels of the stuff.

Citizens of Pilsen decided they could make better beer than what they could buy, so they pooled their resources and in 1839 built the Burgess' Brewery. They had heard of Bavarian brewers making pale beer from new malting methods, and storing it in cold caverns, which improved the beer's clarity and flavor. They hired one such Bavarian brewer, Josef Groll, who used the new palemalted barley, German lagering technique, and the soft water and Saaz hops of the region to make his first batch of Pilsner beer in October 1842. With transportation improvements, this sensational new style of beer, with its better stability and shelf life, was soon being shipped all over Europe, and the name "Pilsener Bier" was registered as a brand name.

More recently in North America, immigrants made their own version of this beloved European style, and the name Pilsner began to be used by major breweries for their premium brands. True Pilsner, however, should not be confused with the ubiquitous, adjunct-heavy light lagers so popular today. According to the BJCP, there are three recognized substyles of Pilsner today: German, Bohemian, and the (now sadly unpopular, at least commercially) Classic American.

German Pilsner, often called Pils, is distinguished from the original Bohemian Pilsner by a lightness of body and color, a dry to medium-dry finish (1.008 to 1.013) and a

relatively strong, lingering hop bitterness. German Pils is a bit of an oddity, since Bohemian brewers borrowed German brewing technology to make their "original" Bohemian Pilsner beer, a style that was then readapted to be brewed on German soil, with German hops and water. German Pils does not benefit from water as soft as that found in Pilsen, and as a result features (German noble) hops more prominently (25 to 45 IBUs). German Pils is also usually higher in carbonation, accentuating the bitterness. O.G. should be 1.044 to 1.050.

Bohemian Pilsner often boasts a full, golden color, with lots of malt depth and complexity, and a soft, floral hop aroma,



German Pilsner

for 5 U.S. gallons (19 liters)

Ingredients

5.0 lb	(2.26 kg) Coopers Light Dry
	Malt Extract
0.5 lb	(0.22 kg) Carahell Malt
0.67 oz	(19 g) Magnum Pellet Hops
	(First Wort Hop)
0.5 oz	(14 g) Hallertau Mittelfruh
	Pellet Hops (30 min)
0.5 oz	(14 g) Hallertau Mittelfruh
	Pellet Hops (15 min)
0.5 oz	(14 g) Hallertau Mittelfruh
	Pellet Hops (5 min)
	Wyeast 2007 Pilsen Lager Yeast
	or White Labs WLP830
	German Lager Yeast
	Coopers Brewery Carbonation
	Drops for bottling

Original Specific Gravity: 1.049 Final Specific Gravity: 1.010 IBUs: 43 ABV: 4.9%



Directions

Steep grains in 2 gallons (7.6 L) of cool water, heat to 170° F (77° C), strain and sparge with 0.66 gallons (2.5 L) hot water. Stir in malt extract, add first wort hops, then bring to a boil. Add remaining hops as specified in the recipe. Pour into fermenter with enough cold water to make 5 gallons. Aerate and pitch yeast when temperature is below 55° F (13° C). Ferment at 53° F (12° C) for two weeks. Raise temperature to 65° F (18° C) for 1-2 days for a diacetyl rest. Lager for 1 to 2 months at 30° F (-1° C). Prime with Coopers Brewery carbonation drops at bottling.

flavor and bitterness from Saaz hops. Maltiness comes from the use of undermodified Moravian malt and a decoction mash in the classically brewed examples. Bitterness should not linger as it does in German Pils (35 to 45 IBUs, F.G. 1.013 to 1.017). Traditional lager yeast can leave a hint of diacetyl, but malt and Saaz hops should dominate the flavor profile. Diacetyl may contribute to the impression of fuller malt in the palate. Very soft water should be used. Alcohol by volume is 4.2 to 5.4 percent. Both German and Bohemian Pilsners should have brilliant clarity due to extensive lagering—don't make the mistake I

once did and try to dry-hop a Pilsner. Use late hops for aroma, and you won't end up with a cloudy beer!

Classic American Pilsner is an adaptation of the European classic styles to North American ingredients. German brewers used available corn and rice adjuncts and even native American hops like Cluster to make a surprisingly substantial Pilsner compared with most American lagers today (O.G. 1044 to 1.060). Corn, rice or a combination of both can be used in the grain bill, with corn contributing a grainy sweetness reminiscent of DMS, and rice contributing



AMERICAN HOMEBREWERS ASSOCIATION CLUB ONLY COMPETITION

Category 2 Pilsner

This competition covers BJCP Category 2 beer styles. Entries are due by November 30. Judging will be held December 8. Entry fee is \$7.

Shipping/Drop-off Location:

Folsom Brewmeister 303 Riley Street Folsom, CA 95630-2538

Hosted by Kevin Pratt and the Gold Country Brewers Association of Orangevale, Calif. For more information contact Kevin Pratt at brewfun@sbcglobal.net.

a lightness of body and alcohol, with a fairly neutral flavor (4.5- to 6-percent abv). Adjuncts can be used in pre-gelatinized form in the mash, or can undergo a cereal mash to make starches soluble. Six-row barley with or instead of two-row is often used with 20 to 30 percent adjunct for diastatic content and protein level control. Medium to high hop bitterness is appropriate to offset the moderately strong malt profile. Long lagering will help smooth out flavors and improve clarity (F.G. 1.010 to 1.015). Noble continental hops, American noble crosses like Ultra, Liberty and Crystal, or native American hops like Cluster can all be used (25 to 40 IBUs). Soft water with low mineral content will result in a finer beer character.

Amahl Turczyn Scheppach is a former craft brewer and associate editor for *Zymurgy*, and now brews at home in Lafayette, Colo.



www.supportyourlocalbrewery.org



THE BREW HAULER® patented carboy carrier

Made by a homebrewer for the homebrewer

"The ultimate gadget to haul your brew!"

Get one at your favorite Homebrew shop or contact us!

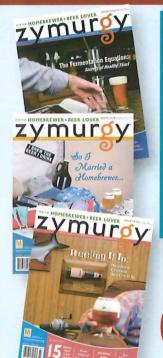
> Brew Hauler, Inc. PO Box 359 Plainwell, MI 49080 brewhaulerinc@aol.com



Give the Gift that Keeps on Giving

AMERICAN HOMEBREWERS ASSOCIATION MEMBERSHIP

EDUCATION • DISCOUNTS AT PUBS ACROSS AMERICA • FESTIVAL, COMPETITION & CONFERENCE DISCOUNTS • AND MORE



A GIFT MEMBERSHIP TO THE

AMERICAN HOMEBREWERS ASSOCIATION®,
IS A FESTIVE WAY TO SHARE YOUR LOVE OF
BEER AND BREWING WITH THOSE SPECIAL
FOLKS ON YOUR GIFT LIST. WE'LL TAKE CARE
OF EVERYTHING, INCLUDING A CARD
ANNOUNCING YOUR SPECIAL GIFT.

888.822.6273 (U.S./Canada Only) • 303.447.0816 • www.beertown.org



State/Prov.

E-mail_

American Homebrewers Association A Division of the Brewers Association www.beertown.org



State/Prov.



Visit www.heertown.org/homebrewing/members.html for a complete list of AHA membership henefits.

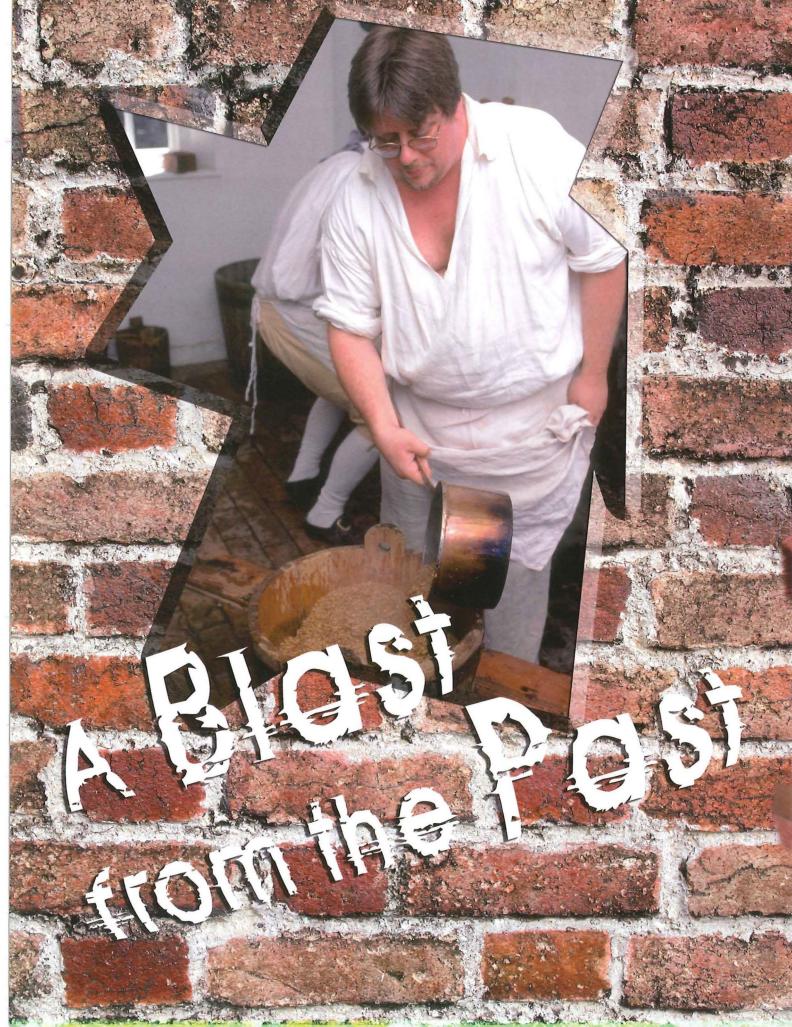
Purchase a gift membership online at www.beertown.org/homebrewing/aha gift.html

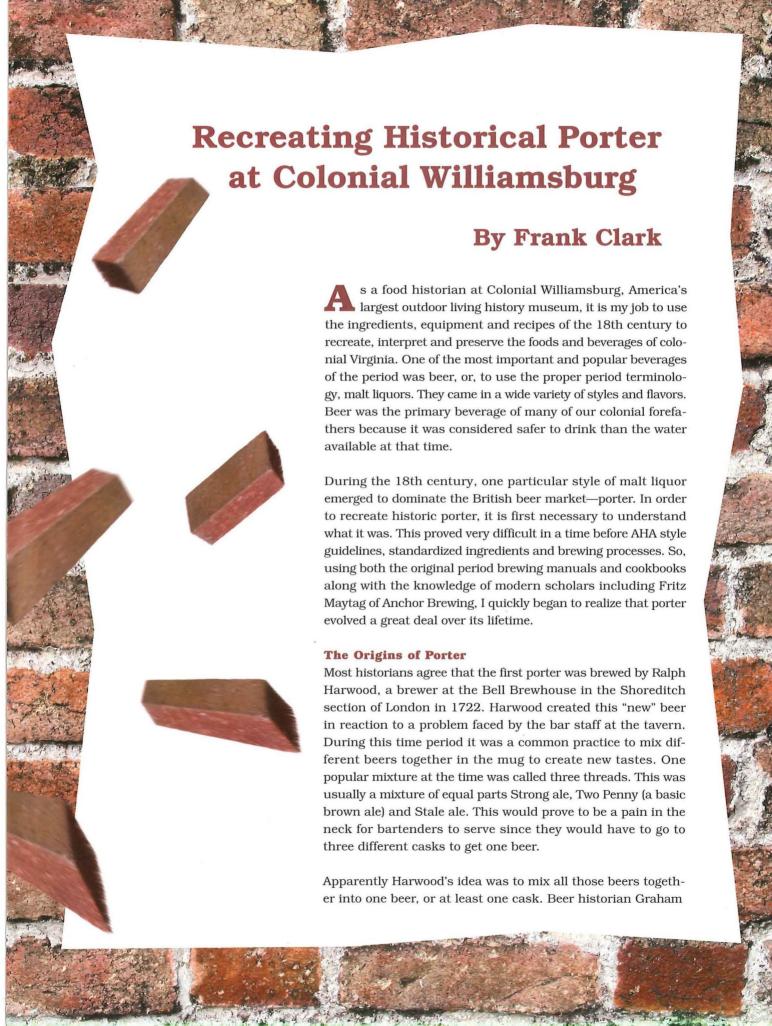
To guarantee delivery of gift card by Christmas, please return by December 5. Offer ends December 31, 2007!

Give the gift of better beer. One-year AHA membership = \$38. Two-year AHA membership = \$68. (Includes a subscription to Zymurgy, discounts at pubs, Great American Beer Festival, homebrew events and books.) Method of Payment: Please check: O One Year O Two Year Credit Card Account# O Check or money order enclosed Total Amount: \$ O Please Charge my: O Visa O MasterCard O AMEX _ Signature Choose Free Book: O Stout by Michael J. Lewis O Brown Ale by Ray Daniels and Jim Parker O How to Brew by John Palmer Cift For Gift From

Simply return this card to Brewers Association, PO Box 1679, Boulder, CO 80306, visit www.beertown.org, or call 1.888.822.6273 (U.S. and Canada only) 1.303.447.0816

Phone





Wheeler contends that Harwood did not so much brew a new beer as blend one. He asserted, "In 1722 Ralph Harwood, a London brewer, prepared a blend of various beer together in a single cask that imitated the mixture of mild and stale, and sold it under the trade name of Entire Butt. This was the origin of porter."

The primary reason for mixing these beers together was to blend fresh beer with soured beers into a potable mix-



Straining Malt

1750 Porter

ture. In this sense Harwood was acting much like a Belgian lambic maker who often mixes several beers together to create the desired flavor notes. Even though porter may have started as a blend of already existing beers, eventually brewers began to make a uniquely individual beer that became known as porter. The standard explanation for the name is that the new beer became especially popular among the porters who worked the docks of London.



Boiling the Wort

Ingredients for 10 U.S. gallons (37.8 liters)

(5.9 kg) pale malt (Maris Otter)	
(2.27 kg) Aromatic or dark	
Munich malt	
(2.27 kg) pale malt toasted in	
the oven for 30 minutes at	
350° F	
(0.45 kg) smoked malt	
(0.45 kg) Franco Belgian	
Coffee malt	

Essentia bina (see recipe)

Spanish juice (see recipe)

4.0 oz (112 g) Kent Golding hops

(first wort hopping)

I package Whitbread's ale yeast

Essentia bina

Take 2 cups of molasses and 4 small cones of hard brown sugar or I pound soft brown sugar and put them in a cast iron pot. Boil over a fire until the mixture turns dark black and starts to boil and smoke for about 20 minutes. You should smell a strong odor of burnt sugar. Allow the mixture to cool for I0 minutes and the carefully stir in I pint of water. You should have a dark black liquid that may have lumps of burnt sugar in it.

Spanish juice

Chop 12 licorice roots and add them to a pot with 1 quart of water. Boil until reduced by half and the liquid turns a dark golden brown color. Then strain out the licorice roots.

Directions

Mashing temperatures during the 18th century were often higher than today. Mash with 10 gallons (38 L) of water at 170° F (77° C); it drops to around 155° F (58° C) when the grain is added. Maintain this temperature for one hour and 20 minutes. Then run the mash through the lauter tun and add the hops. Remember there is no sparging yet. Bring the resulting wort to a boil. Because the essentia bina is made up of mostly sugar, it could have started fermenting or picked up infections if it sat around for a few days before the brewing. Therefore add it to the wort at the beginning of the boil. Boil the wort for 60 to 90 minutes depending on how strong you want to make the porter. Five minutes before the end of the boil add the Spanish juice. Strain out the hops and place the wort in your coolship until blood warm, then pitch yeast.

During its lifetime, porter would vary wildly in terms of color, flavor and strength, so what exactly distinguished porter from the other malt liquors of the time? My research has indicated three primary factors: aging, the type of malts used, and additives.

Aging

One of the factors that distinguished porter from other brown beers of the time was the long aging of the beer. The aging of porter was done in wooden casks or later in large wooden tuns or vats at the large breweries. Aging had an effect on the taste of the beer, primarily to mellow the flavors of the dark malts and hops but secondarily to sour the beer because it is very difficult to age beer in wood without eventually getting some infections in the casks. There is also some flavor imparted by the wood casks. This soured beer could then be blended with less sour ones to produce the desired level of flavor.

George Watkins gives us a good description of this while explaining how to brew porter at home in his book The Compleate English Brewer (1770). Watkins says, "It will have all the flavor of porter; though not the found and peculiar taste of what has been kept a considerable time in a large body. Which is the case of most of the porter that is drank in the famous houses of London." Later he explains that, "The brewers of this liquor have large casks in which it's kept two years or more." He also confirmed the practice of blending different batches together: "In the same manner if a butt of porter be too mild, they will throw into it a small quantity of some that is very strong and is too stale."

A consequence of the need to age porter ended up being the industrialization of the brewing industry in England. Aging naturally favored large brewers over small ones—if you have only 40 or 50 casks and you have to age beer for a year or two, you could never make a living. Soon large amounts of capital were invested in porter breweries. These large investors also began to use new technology to improve their efficiency. The large porter brewers were the first to make use of the thermometer and the sacrometer or hydrometer. By the end of the century they had also adopted the use of steam engines, more powerful pump-

ZYMURGY November/December 2007

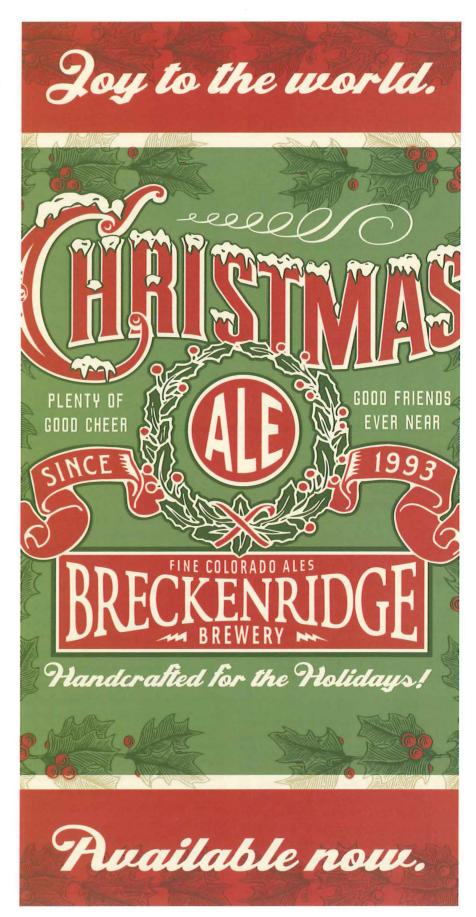
ing systems to move liquids in the brewery, and augers to move the grain.

Malt

The base of any beer is malt, and a new type of beer also required a new blend of malts. It is important to understand that the process of malting varied wildly throughout England at the beginning of the 18th century. One maltster's pale or amber might be the same as another man's brown malt. There was no standardization of kiln times or temperatures. Even the fuel used to heat the kiln could range from straw or wood to coal or coke. All of this had a great effect on the flavor and color of the beers produced.

The original malt used in porter was described as brown malt. Even that term was subject to interpretation. Michael Combrune, in his Theory and Practice of Brewing (1762), described nine different types of brown malt ranging from high amber or first brown to brown with black specks, coffee color and black. It is likely that any one of these would have been considered porter malt. The industrialization of the malting industry went a little slower than that of the brewing industry, but by the end of the 18th century, maltsters had begun to use cleaner fuels like coke and employ the thermometer to standardize the quality of malt produced. Improvements in technology also resulted in new types of malt. First, good quality pale malt became more widely available toward the end of the 18th century, and then in 1816, Daniel Wheeler patented a new type of cylindrical roaster that sprayed water on the malt to keep it from exploding at high temperatures. This allowed the creation of a number of new malts that were soon used to reformulate porter recipes by many brewers.

The early porters were composed primarily of brown malt, heated quickly at fairly high temperatures often over wood fires that basically charred or browned the outer husk and in the process probably destroyed some of the fermentable sugars. This is one reason that early porter brewers soon turned to additives to increase the strength and color of the beer. As porter evolved, the brewers began to blend in higher percentages of pale and amber malts and eventually the new black malts.



www.beertown.org November/December 2007 **ZYMURGY**

Thus, following the period recipes does not automatically result in an accurate beer because of two important factors. First, the barley itself and the brewing and malting techniques have improved greatly over the last 200 years. Using modern malt in the quantities called for in period recipes would result in a significantly stronger beer. The other explanation for this is that the English followed a practice of brewing two or three batches of beer from the same lot of malt. Each time the grain was mashed, less sugar was extracted so the three batches would be of descending strength. These were commonly referred to as strong ale or keeping beer, table beer and small beer.

Additives

Despite the large amounts of malt used, or perhaps because of it, early porter brewers began to look for additives to increase the flavor, color and strength of the beer as well as to make it cheaper to brew. The English had no beer purity laws at this point, so the list of additives runs from the delicious to the deadly. A partial list of porter additives

includes molasses and other sugars, licorice root, elder berries, Cocculus Indicus berries, Fabia Amara (also known as bitter bean), lime water, ginger, linseed, cinnamon, alum and even copper.

Of these, the most common and important were licorice root and molasses, but it is necessary to realize that both of these were processed into essentia bina and Spanish juice. The processing results in a completely different flavor, something that is often missed by modern brewers trying to recreate historic porter. The most difficult to recreate was the essentia bina. The early sources I found described lighting molasses on fire and letting it burn for a while. No matter how hard we tried, we could never get it to burn. Finally we found this description in Every Man His Own Brewer (1768): "The bina is composed of 8 lbs of moist sugar boiled in an iron vessel, for no copper one could withstand the heat sufficiently, till it comes to a thick syrupy consistence, perfectly black and extremely bitter...Afterwards you

must add water, otherwise it will become a hard dry burnt substance."

From my experience, this description is correct—it produces a very bitter liquid the color of India ink and adds a unique bitter flavor not possible with hops or malt. He is also correct in saying that this must be done in an iron pot over a fire. (I will not be responsible for domestic disputes resulting from attempting to make this in your kitchen.)

The Spanish juice proved simpler—you just boil mashed licorice roots in water until it turns brown, then remove the roots and reduce the liquid by half. It is important to note that the flavor of this extract is completely different from licorice candy, which is made from the spice anise. It has a very potent, almost artificial sweetener flavor that is also essential for true historic porter.

Recreating Historic Porter at Home

Age the beer if possible in wood or on wood chips for at least six months. The very daring may want to experiment with adding lactic acid or Brettanomyces, and then blend it with uninfected batches. Use brown malt—there is still a company in England that produces one, or the Franco Belgian coffee malt could also be appropriate. You can also try toasting some pale malt in the oven for about 30 minutes at 350° F or until the malt turns brown outside and tan inside and the grains start to pop. Burn some sugar, or at the very least get some real licorice root. Give it a try and enjoy a blast from the past!

Frank Clark has been researching historic brewing for more than 10 years at Colonial Williamsburg, Va.

Resources

- 1. Watkins, G. The Compleate English Brewer or the Whole Art and Mastery of Brewing, London: 1770.
- 2. Combrune, M. *Theory and Practice of Brewing*, London: 1762, reprinted by Raudins Publishing, 2004.
- 3. Anonymous and Sam Child, *Every Man His Own Brewer*, London: 1768 and 1802, reprinted by Raudins publishing, 2005.

1850 Porter

Ingredients for 10 U.S. gallons (37.8 liters)

for 10 U.S. gallons (37.8 liters)

14.0 lb (6.35 kg) pale malt4.0 lb (1.81 kg) Aromatic or dark

Munich malt

1.0 lb (0.45 kg) Belgian special B or

Dark crystal malt

2.0 lb (0.9 kg) Black patent malt

Essentia bina (see recipe) Spanish juice (see recipe)

4.0 oz (112 g) Kent Golding hops **I package** Whitbread's ale yeast

Essentia bina

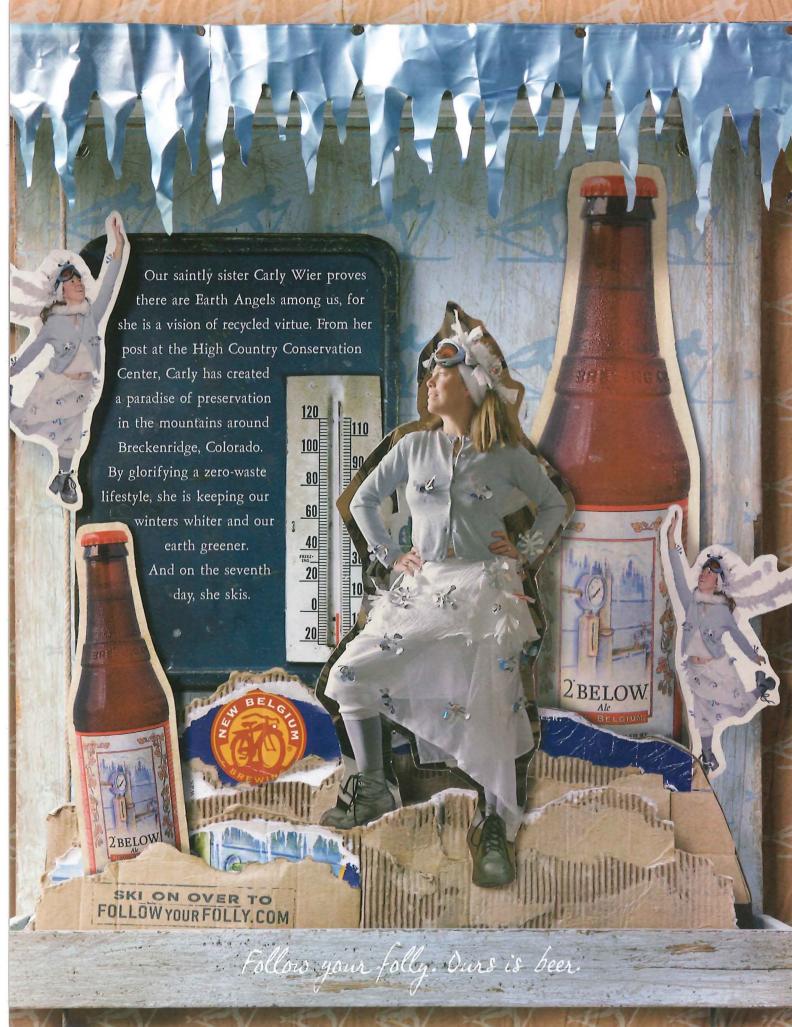
Take 2 cups of molasses and 4 small cones of hard brown sugar or I pound soft brown sugar and put them in a cast iron pot. Boil over a fire until the mixture turns dark black and starts to boil and smoke for about 20 minutes. You should smell a strong odor of burnt sugar. Allow the mixture to cool for 10 minutes and the carefully stir in I pint of water. You should have a dark black liquid that may have lumps of burnt sugar in it.

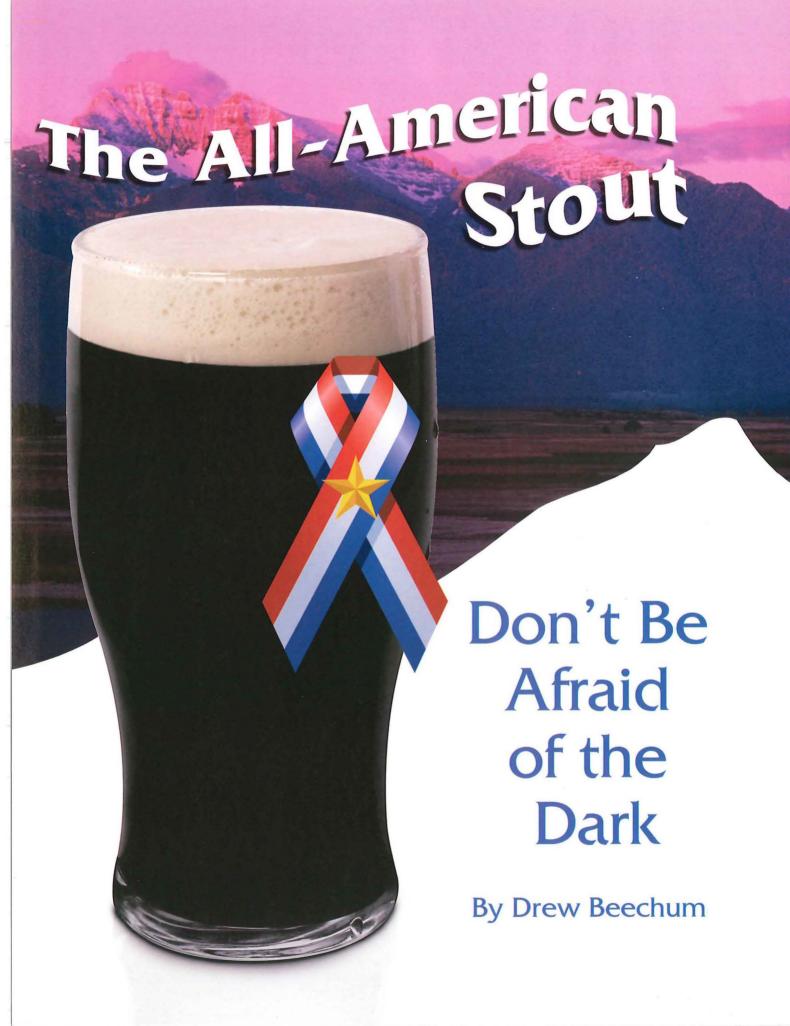
Spanish juice

Chop 12 licorice roots and add them to a pot with 1 quart of water. Boil until reduced by half and the liquid turns a dark golden brown color. Then strain out the licorice roots.

Directions

Mashing temperatures during the 18th century were often higher than today. Mash with 10 gallons (38 L) of water at 170° F (77° C); it drops to around 155° F (58° C) when the grain is added. Maintain this temperature for one hour and 20 minutes. Then run the mash through the lauter tun and add the hops. Remember there is no sparging yet. Bring the resulting wort to a boil. Because the essentia bina is made up of mostly sugar, it could have started fermenting or picked up infections if it sat around for a few days before the brewing. Therefore add it to the wort at the beginning of the boil. Boil the wort for 60 to 90 minutes depending on how strong you want to make the porter. Five minutes before the end of the boil add the Spanish juice. Strain out the hops and place the wort in your coolship until blood warm, then pitch yeast.







The darkness of night terrifies us. The monsters in the closet or under the bed come alive, snaking out to drag us into their nightmare world.

Instead, imagine the inky night found camping in the mountains. As the glare of city lights fades to a vague pink haze, it is there in the darkness that we finally see the multitude of stars burning brightly above. The white collar of the Milky Way rings our view. Wind shushes through the pines, wafting a spicy and earthy scent past our supine forms locked in meditation on the day and dreaming of the morning's coffee.

This is exactly how I picture the American Stout experience: dark and bracing with pine and citrus tinged American hops, the bitter acidic espresso character of roasted barley and as clean and crisp as the night air.

Comparing American stouts with the other stouts of the world, the American brash nature blasts like a klaxon alarm next to their more restrained flavors. The hallmark dry stouts of Ireland are soothing mother's milk, pints enjoyed as an accompaniment to your mates' banter at the table. While Foreign Style Stouts exceed the alcoholic power of many domestic stouts, their rich warmth and sweetness smoothes the harsh roasted bite and impresses the drinker as a kingly dessert, a product of empire, not rebellion.

In contrast, American stouts stand for something other than comfort. These are statements, made first by the brewer and then by the consumer. Remember what domestic beer was when the first modern American stout flowed from the kettles of New Albion? This was a beer, sitting in the glass darker than the pub, announcing itself as a harbinger of difference. The drinker, by proxy then,

is an adventurous soul to be quaffing this liquid coal. Even today, in less benighted beery times, it is still unusual to enjoy your pint of stout without feeling the obstinate judgment of the less enthusiastic beer drinker. The great news for the rest of us is that stout is part of the holy quartet lineup of the traditional American microbrewery: Blonde, Wheat, Pale, and Porter or Stout.



The author's inspiration—a pine forest camping festival.

(3.86 kg) Pale Malt (two-row)

New Albion Stout

(courtesy of New Albion Brewing Co.)

Ingredients

8.5 lb

for 5.5 U.S. gallons (20.8 liters)

0.5 10	(3.00 kg) Tale That (CVVO-10VV)
1.0 lb	(0.45 kg) Black Patent Malt
0.5 lb	(227 g) Crystal 40L
0.5 lb	(227 g) Flaked Barley
0.33 oz	(9.3 g) Cluster pellets 7% AA
	(90 min)
0.33 oz	(9.3 g) Cluster pellets 7% AA
	(60 min)
0.33 oz	(9.3 g) Cascade pellets 5.75%
	AA (30 min)
	Wyeast 1272 or 1056, or
	White Labs WLP051 or
	WLP001

Original Target Gravity: 1.053

Efficiency: 72 percent

IBUS: 25 SRM: 38 ABV: 5.25% Boil: 90 minutes

Directions

Single step infusion mash at 150° F (66° C) for 90 minutes. Pitch at 60° F (16° C) and ferment for 14 days at 68° F (20° C) before bottle conditioning for 14 days.

American Stout (New Albion Stout/Drake's Dream Stout)

The story of modern American stout begins in 1970s Sonoma County with New Albion. Closest to the experience of Jack McAuliffe's experiments is brewer Don Barkley, UC Davis graduate, former brewer at New Albion and now master brewer of Mendocino Brewing. In 2005, he recreated the seminal New Albion Stout for a Smithsonian Institute beer seminar at Washington D.C.'s infamous Brickskeller. Don provided us a guideline for brewing your own version of New Albion Stout. Undoubtedly, some of you could match New Albion's original batch size of 1.5 barrels. For everyone else we scaled the recipe back!

Interestingly, New Albion's recipe does not contain roasted unmalted barley that many consider a key to a stout beer. The use of Cluster is a tip-off that this recipe is from the nascent days of craft brewing. Cluster was the earliest common high alpha acid variety and was widely used by the brewing industry until more disease-resistant and potent varieties began replacing it in the 70s. Farmers have almost stopped growing this formerly key blackberry, spicy and sometimes catty hop. So ubiquitous was Cluster that a wildly growing hop bine around you is very likely a variant of it.

New Albion closed its doors in 1982, but the legacy lives on in the bottles of Sierra Nevada Stout, Rogue Shakespeare Stout and countless others. As American craft brewing has evolved and improved, so has the stout. In an interview with Celebrator, for instance, Barkley recalled that New Albion beers had about a month's shelf life before they began declining. Today's stout is a leaner and cleaner beer, exuding a low ester profile that is free of buttery diacetyl and phenols. Mixing and emphasizing the espresso and cocoa characters of the malt with a healthy dose of Northwestern hops is the brewer's challenge. Modern American Stout does not push the hop aroma. Instead, the hops shine with big juicy flavor and back the brew with a sharp bitterness cutting the residual sweetness and body contributed by crystal malt, oats and maybe more.

Inspired by several award-winning recipes,

Drake's New Dream Stout straddles the

current BJCP guidelines. Built on a base of domestic two-row pale malt, Drake's Dream adds body with medium weight 75L Crystal and Gambrinus Honey Malt. The punch of black comes from stout's traditional friend, roasted barley. The moderate mash temperature provides balance between fermentables and residual sugar. Columbus and Centennial bring the bitterness to a comfortable 37. The big Centennial addition at 20 minutes gooses the caramel with grapefruit from this "Super Cascade."

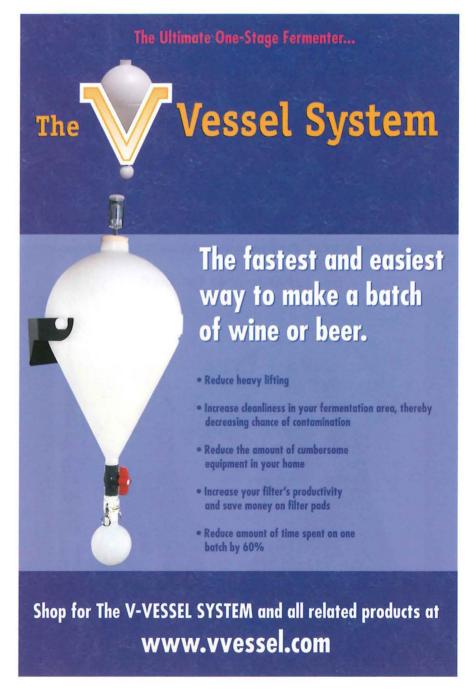
American Imperial Stout (Rasty Old Tom)

Imperial stout: brewed by the English Empire, exported to the Russian Imperial Court and then adopted by America from the remnants of the "Red Menace." Have we ever witnessed a flow of beer influence as odd? Much like the near demise of porter, American brewers seeking fabled, unavailable beers resuscitated Imperial Stout. Less than a decade before John Courage ceased producing its iconic stout, brewed for the Empress of Russia, Bert Grant of Yakima Brewing, America's first brewpub, used the style as a bold showcase for the Yakima Valley's famous produce. Pushing the hops beyond their traditional balancing role was Grant's way of differentiating his big stout. This was important, as Grant's brew was a modest 6-percent abv to Courage's prodigious 10-percent abv. Sadly, both Grant and Yakima's beers passed into memory several years ago.

Later brewers combined his hop-forward stance with the strength of the classic English versions. Hop choices for bittering and flavor tend to the resinous stronger hops, providing a strong harmony to the roasty backbeat. The potent examples of Stone's Imperial Russian Stout (or is it just Imperial Stout, ask the TTB!) and Rogue's XS Imperial Stout both clock in at the upper bounds of the style with 10-11 percent of liquid warmth and 90 IBUs worth of "slap your face" bitterness. Even outside the West Coast "more, more, more" world, these stouts are huge as witnessed by the superb and deadly Bell's Expedition Stout (10.5 percent).

North Coast Brewing of Fort Bragg, Calif. claims its stout fame with Old Rasputin.





www.beertown.org November/December 2007 ZYMURGY 27

More restrained than the previous examples, complexity and flavor reign supreme nevertheless, blowing the doors off the Old

#38 Stout. The Two Toms of the Maltose Falcons, "Bad" Tom Hamilton and "Good" Tom Wolf, love Old Rasputin and tackled

Drake's New Dream Stout

Ingredients

for 5.5 U.S. gallons (20.8 liters)

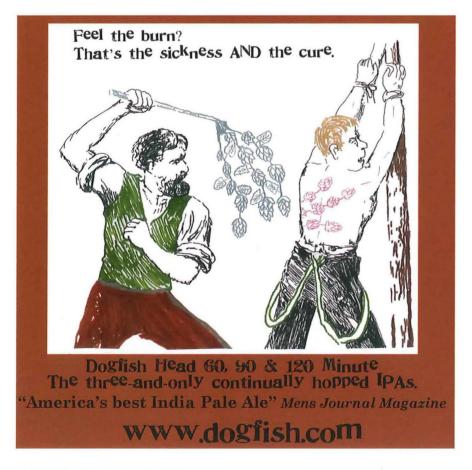
Directions

Mash for 60 minutes at 152° F (67° C).

IBU: 37 SRM: 45

Boil: 90 minutes

9.0 lb (4.09 kg) Domestic two-row Pale Ale Malt 1.5 lb (0.68 kg) Roasted Barley 0.75 lb (340 g) Crystal 75L 0.50 lb (227 g) Honey Malt 0.25 oz (7g) Columbus 15% (60 min) 1.0 oz (28 g) Centennial 10.5% (20 min) 0.50 oz (14 g) Columbus 15% (0 min) Wyeast 1056, WLP001, or US-Original Target Gravity: 1.056



the cloning challenge. After several iterations, they opened the floodgates of Rasty Old Tom. They lay no claim to duplicating North Coast's ingredients or process, but the flavor and aroma is impressive. Two different Crystal malts and Victory malt boost the toasty character of the Maris Otter. The combination of Black Patent and Roasted Barley pushes the brew into midnight inky blackness. Rasty Old Tom covers the spectrum of American hops with a large dose of cohumulone-driven bitterness from the Cluster and citrus from the Centennial before closing with two pseudo-European breeds to build a refined spicy character. Pay close attention to Bad Tom's notes about fermentation and be prepared to use a blowoff tube. Imperial Stouts have a nasty habit of explosive ferments and pack a staining might unparalleled in the world.

American Mega Stout (Blackwine IV)

Not satisfied with the sizable nature of Imperial Stout, brewers started seeking more: more strength, more flavor, more "XXXtreme!" Blame the new millennium! The two best known examples of the style are Dogfish Head's World Wide Stout (18-23 percent abv), its entry in the maximum alcohol joust with Sam Adams' Utopias (25 percent) and Three Floyds' Dark Lord (13-percent abv), a beer that inspires an annual parking lot campout and beer festival on Dark Lord Day (circa April). What is the dividing line between these beers and Imperial Stout? Is it just sheer alcoholic strength or something more?

Make no mistake, ethanol is important in the style, but should not be the primary defining sensation in the experience. World Wide Stout, despite packing a massive 18-percent punch, remains a remarkably drinkable, rich and delicious beer that carries the clear hallmarks of a stout. It is roasty and pleasantly bitter, but new elements appear in the form of intense plum, toffee rum raisins and tropical fruits. Aromas and flavors of this magnitude would overrun, sack and pillage a smaller beer. Hidden in this pea soup, an American Stout or even an Americanized Imperial Stout could never recover. This train wreck of flavors, unsustainable without the right structure, speaks of a new slice of beervana.

For a beer like this, I entrust you to my brewing compadre, Jonny Lieberman of Apple Pie Beer fame (see the November/December 2006 Zymurgy). Treading where few sane people go is Jonny's raison d'être and with his series of Blackwine beers, he proves it. You know something is silly wrong when the "Lite" version clocks an original gravity of 1.102. Jonny is inordinately proud of the series and the fourth Blackwine IV (17 percent) as he loudly exclaims: "The idea behind the Blackwine, besides being alcoholic as hell and a blast to drink, is essentially that of a Grand Cru, my brewery's top offering. I'm a brewer, and here is the very best I can do. Corners will not be cut, no expense will be spared and all the kung fu I have mastered will be (hopefully) evident in the finished product. This represents my best, hands down, bar none."

Dissecting the Blackwine recipe, you can see that Jonny is not kidding. He uses 30 pounds of grain and 7 ounces of hops for 5.5 gallons of beer. A long, low mash at 150° F insures complete conversion leaning toward the more accessible and fermentable sugars. To boost the original gravity and dry the finish, a 2-pound bag of dark Muscovado sugar, a critical ingredient for ridiculously high strength beers, joins at the boil's end. The emphasis on fermentability is necessary to get a beer starting at an immodest 1.150+ to reach a more modest 1.035 and 17 percent. Preventing the high terminal gravity from making this an exercise in sweetness, a bevy of hops contributes 90 IBUs with a hefty dose of old school Eroica and Mt. Hood. A recent addition of ground espresso in the mash adds acidity and concentrated roast with the merciful boost of caffeine. (More about coffee shortly.)

The monster needs yeast and so the brew planning begins with a light ale prepared in advance. Hitting the ground running, the resultant yeast cake will gorge itself completely. Unless you brew in 15-gallon kegs like Jonny, you will have a massive blow-off. To keep control, Jonny runs the initial 24 hours of fermentation at 48° F before allowing the fridge to rise to 60° F for the duration of primary. Where most

Rasty Old Tom American Imperial Stout

(courtesy of Tom & Lois Hamilton, Tom Wolf)

Ingredients

for 5.5 U.S. gallons (20.8 liters)

(6.8 kg) Maris Otter
(0.45 kg) Crystal 65L
(0.45 kg) Sugar
(0.36 kg) Crystal 55L
(0.27 kg) Roasted Barley
(227 g) Black Patent
(227 g) Victory Malt
(95.2 g) Cluster pellets 6.7%
(90 min)
(7 g) Centennial pellets
9.0% (15 min)
(11.2 g) Northern Brewer pel-
lets 3.0% (15 min)
(30.8 g) Liberty pellets
5.2% (0 min)
WLP001, Wyeast 1056, or
US-5

Original Target Gravity: 1.090

IBU: 97 SRM: 55

Boil: 90 minutes

Directions

Mash at 155° F (68° C) for 90 minutes.

Brewer's Notes

Bad Tom warns that this can be an explosive ferment, so be very careful with the amount of yeast you pitch! He takes the unusual step of cooling to only 78° F (25° C) and then pitching and holding the beer at 68° F (20° C) for a day before cooling to 60° F (15° C). The beer lays in primary for 14 days and then aged in keg for 8-18 months depending on beer character and your patience.



Blackwine IV

Recipe by Jonny Lieberman

Ingredients

for 5.5 U.S. gallons (20.8 liters)

12.0 lb	(5.45 kg) Domestic two-row	0.5 oz	(14 g) Eroica pellets 12.00%
12.0 lb	(5.45 kg) Maris Otter		(5 min)
2.25 lb	(1.02 kg) Roasted Barley	0.5 oz	(14 g) Mt Hood pellets 5.4%
1.0 lb	(0.45 kg) Flaked Barley		(5 min)
1.0 lb	(0.45 kg) Flaked Oats	2.0 oz	(56 g) Mt Hood whole hops
0.75 lb	(340 g) Chocolate Malt		5.4% Hop Back (or 0 min.)
0.75 lb	(340 g) Crystal 90L		
0.25 lb	(113 g) Acidulated Malt		Wyeast 1272 American Ale II
2.0 lb	(0.9 kg) Dark Muscovado		- Slurry from another batch
	Sugar (end of boil)	2 cups	organic coffee (added to the
0.5 oz	(14 g) Northern Brewer pel-		mash)
	lets 6.2% (FWH)		
0.5 oz	(14 g) Mt. Hood pellets 5.4%	Original 7	Target Gravity: 1.158
	(FWH)	Final Targ	get Gravity: 1.035
1.0 oz	(28 g) Eroica pellets 12.0%	IBU: 82	
	(90 min)	SRM: 67	
I.0 oz	(28 g) Chinook pellets 15.9%	Boil: 180	minutes
	(90 min)		
0.5 oz	(14 g) Mt Hood pellets 5.4%	Directi	ons
	(30 min)	Mast at	150° F (66° C) for 90 minutes.
0.5 oz	(14 g) Northern Brewer pel-		
	lets 6.2% (30 min)		
	1		

Jittery and Hanging from the Rafters Oatmeal Stout

Ingredients

for 5.5	U.S. gallons (20.8 liters)
0.00 11	(2 (2 1-) 1

(3.63 kg) domestic two-row	
(0.45 kg) Crystal 120L	
(0.45 kg) Flaked Oats	
(0.45 kg) Roasted Barley	
(113 g) Black Patent Malt	
(14 g) Perle pellets 8.25% 60 minutes	
(7 g) Columbus 15.0% 20 minutes	
White Labs WLP001, Wyeast	
1056, or US-5	

(or to taste) strong espresso

(added to secondary)

OR

8 oz

2 oz French Oak Beans / Cubes (soaked in Bourbon for 2+

weeks)

Vanilla Bean (split and tossed into the secondary)

Original Target Gravity: 1.052

IBUs: 24 SRM: 43

Boil: 60 minutes

Directions

Mash at 153° F (67° C) for 60 minutes.

folks would age a beer this size for years or decades, Blackwine bottles hit his friends' glasses 10 months from brew day. The Blackwine inevitably shows up at inappropriate places like a Strong Ale Festival and proves to be a hit with enthusiasts and professional brewers alike.

Where Do We Go From Here?

Despite the "but ours go to 11" reputation of our brewing world, there are some subtle ideas growing out there. In particular, the continuing evolution of additions of coffee and oak to a stout base come to mind. Yes, some of my favorites are massive and beautiful: Alesmith's Speedway Stout and Goose Island's Bourbon County Stout. God, I love 'em. Blessedly others take a more modest approach, such as Bell's Java Stout and Old Dominion's Oak Barrel Stout. With each new flavoring added, stop and consider what changes to make to the base before proceeding. Coffee and oak both cut into a beer's perceived body, so compensation via higher mash temps and smoothing adjuncts like oats prevents an overly dry and harsh stout. Jittery and Hanging from the Rafters Oatmeal Stout is set to take on either addition, but I do not recommend mixing the two in a single batch!

Depending on your local water chemistry, a small amount of calcium carbonate added to the boil kettle will reduce the harsher and more acidic characters of the roasted malt. Here in Los Angeles, with average water hardness and mineral load, I find that an addition of 1.25 teaspoons rounds the corners of my stouts.

A Final Word

Our brewing forefathers wandered past the fringe of accepted styles. Some blew past the limitations of ingredients and equipment, others the limitations of the public's taste. Where are the boundaries to transgress now? How do you translate your stouts into the perfect expression of your vision of the dark swirl and froth? No matter which way you choose, stop and look for the stars to guide you home.

Drew Beechum is a past president of the Maltose Falcons homebrew club, a member of the AHA Governing Committee and a frequent contributor to Zymurgy.



Why are so few things discovered slowly?

With no time to enjoy. But this beer is different.

You savour it layer by layer. Sip by sip.

Requires time to admire the natural hues and intense aroma.

Maybe this is why you drink it slowly.

To leave those who go fast behind.

Those with no time to think. No time to enjoy.

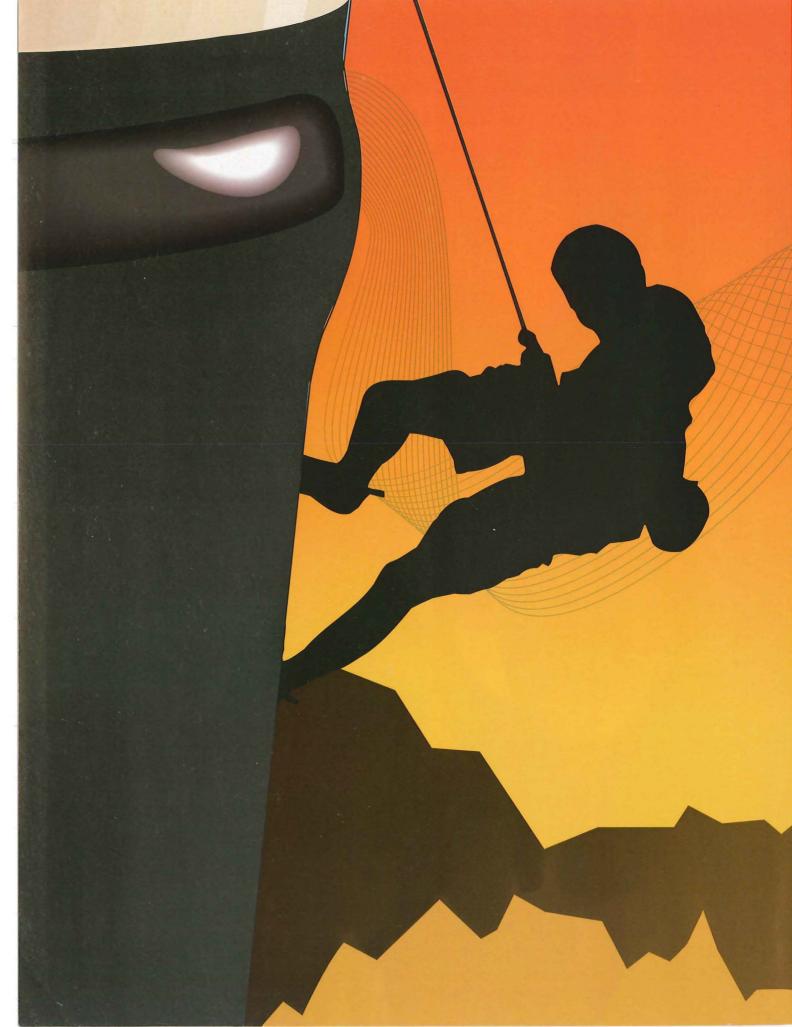






Savour Life. Savour Leffe.

Always enjoy responsibly. ©2007 Import Brands Alliance, Importers of Leffe® Beer, St. Louis, MO



A MOUNTAIN OF STOUT

BOULDER'S MOUNTAIN SUN
CELEBRATES STOUT MONTH

BY AMAHL TURCZYN SCHEPPACH

February in Boulder, Colo. can be snowy and cold, but for stout lovers here, it's one of the hottest months on the calendar. That's because the Mountain Sun Pub and Brewery holds its annual Stout Month—four weeks of celebrating all flavors and gravities of the rich, black ale. February 2008 marks the 14th anniversary of the event, and 12 of the brewpub's 20 taps will be dedicated to stout.

Originally, Stout Month was a way of promoting business in what was once one of the slowest months of the year for Mountain Sun. Not only did the plan succeed in attracting more business, but according to head brewer Kurt Meyer, the place is now completely packed in February.

In the early days of Stout Month, kegs were brought in from craft breweries around the country, like Snake River, Deschutes and Rogue, and were featured until they ran out, which was usually a couple of weeks. Meyer decided that to really make it a month-long event, they had to keep the stout flowing until the very last day of February, so these days, guest beers won't run dry.

He also noticed that the house stouts were much more popular than guest beers. Whether this was due to the lower price or the freshness, he decided to increase the number of house stouts offered from two or three to six or seven. He also began serving four of his stouts with a nitrogen gas mixture and a restrictor in the tap. As a result, the event has snowballed into one of the most eagerly anticipated beer events in the area, with local and out-of-state brewers itching to get their stouts on tap, brewers flying in to talk up their stouts with local fans, the local brew club Hop Barley & the Alers making regular appearances to show their support, and brewing luminaries like Charlie Papazian showing up to sample the offerings.

And sampling is a huge part of it. The bartenders aren't at all afraid to fill sample glasses for patrons at the bar, and it soon becomes a niche beer festival for everyone who manages to get in the door. The variety of house stouts alone shows off the creativity of what the Mountain Sun brewers can do with the style. One year they made a plum stout, and another a juniper berry stout. Last year, they improved on a dry stout recipe previously served at the pub; the new recipe is ironically called Old School. This is served on a rotation basis along with Belgian Dip Chocolate Stout. This is not a Belgian style beer, but rather a stout brewed with actual Belgian chocolatethey take a mallet to four 10-pound bars of Callebaut chocolate and let it steep with each 10-barrel batch until it melts and mingles with the beer. (Meyer says they have no trouble with head retention using this method.) They also serve a cream stout, an oatmeal stout called Yonder Mountain, and their original stout, Thunderhead, which was Jack Harris' original Mountain Sun stout.

Brewing and serving all these stouts definitely has its challenges. Keeping up with demand, especially during Stout Month, is no small feat in itself. Serving on a nitro tap can also be difficult. Mountain Sun uses a 50/50 blend of CO2 and N2 to carbonate its usual lineup of beers; this is done for up to a week until the proper carbonation level is reached, and then the beer is served with a head pressure of 20 psi. But if a beer is destined for the nitro tap, that carbonation time is cut down to two days, and on the third day the beer is pushed with a 70-percent nitrogen blend at 30 to 35 psi through the special restrictor-plate tap. Juggling the proper temperature, head pressure and carbonation level to get the perfect pour for these high-viscosity stouts takes a finely honed skill. Overcarbing is



Staff and customers alike sport huge sideburns in the Old English style at the Mountain Sun Pub and Brewery in February.

Korova Cream Stout

Ingredients

for 5 U.S. gallons (19 liters)

7.98 lb	(3.62 kg) Maris Otter pale
	malt
0.56 lb	(254 g) Castle Munich malt
0.56 lb	(254 g) chocolate malt
0.32 lb	(145 g) 120L crystal malt
0.32 lb	(145 g) Victory malt
0.32 lb	(145 g) dextrin malt
0.24 lb	(109 g) black malt
0.24 lb	(109 g) roast barley
0.81 lb	(367 g) lactose in kettle, pre-
	lauter
1.42 oz	(40 g) Fuggle pellet hops (90
	min.)
0.45 oz	(13 g) Fuggle pellet hops (60
	min.)
0.39 oz	(II g) Fuggle pellet hops (steep
	Gypsum for water treatment
	Mountain Sun ale yeast or

American/California ale yeast

Estimated O.G.: 1.063 **Boil Time: 90 minutes** Estimated SRM: 37

Directions

Mash grains at 154° F (68°C) for 60 minutes. Add lactose to kettle before running clear wort into the kettle.

November/December 2007 www.beertown.org **ZYMURGY**

a mistake that is not easily fixed! And of course, with so many different stouts, you never know how an ingredient is going to affect the pour if you decide to put it on a nitro tap.

Still, this creativity with recipes is something Meyer definitely wants to encourage with Stout Month. Last year, another facet to the festival was added: a stout-only homebrew competition. The Best of Show winner gets to brew a full-sized batch at the brewery. In its first year, the competition attracted 40 entries, mostly local, and all six of the brewers sat down to sample them. With an even number of judges, it was inevitable that it ended in a tie, so two winners had their stouts put on tap: a bourbon-barrel aged stout with vanilla beans, smoked malt and toasted oak chips; and a coconut cream stout, served from a nitro tap. The two competition winners were so popular, second and even third batches had to be made. They are of course planning to do this event again in 2008, so brush up on those stout recipes, homebrewers!

Imperial stouts are one of Meyer's favorite styles, and he makes sure to have several on tap for Stout Month: Pumphouse's Backdraft, Stone Imperial Stout, North Coast Brewing's Old Rasputin, Victory's Storm King and Avery's The Czar have all made appearances. In the case of The Czar, in fact, Meyer has saved and aged kegs from previous years to have a vertical list of vintages available.

If you have the means, you might want to start growing a little extra facial hair for the event—Stout Month at Mountain Sun is also "chop month." According to Meyer, "All bearded males shave lambchop sideburns for the month. It's quite hilarious when strangers come in during February and notice the swarms of staff and customers alike sporting huge sideburns in the Old English style!"

So if you get the chance to visit Boulder in the dead of winter for a serious lesson in Stoutology, bring your chops and check out Mountain Sun's house stouts. If you just can't make it, don't despair...Meyer was generous enough to provide some of his recipes for you (continued on page 46)

Belgian Dip Chocolate Stout

Ingredients for 5 U.S. gallons (19 liters)

8.87 lb	(4 kg) two-row pale malt		
0.81 lb	(367 g) black barley malt		
0.81 lb	(367 g) Briess Bonlander		
	Munich malt		
0.56 lb	(254 g) caramel Vienna malt		
0.48 lb	(218 g) brown malt		
0.48 lb	(218 g) Victory malt		
0.32 lb	(145 g) wheat malt		
0.24 lb	(109 g) chocolate malt		
0.24 lb	(109 g) chocolate rye malt		
0.89 lb	(404 g) lactose in kettle, pre		
	lauter		
0.53 lb	(240 g) Callebaut milk choco-		
	late, chopped (steep)		
0.18 lb	(82 g) Callebaut dark choco-		
	late, chopped (steep)		
0.65 oz	(18 g) Hallertauer pellet hops		
	(60 min.)		
0.52 oz	(15 g) Liberty pellet hops (steep)		
	Mountain Sun ale yeast or		
	American/California ale yeast		

Estimated O.G.: 1.072 (before chocolate addition)

Boil Time: 90 minutes **Estimated SRM:** 45

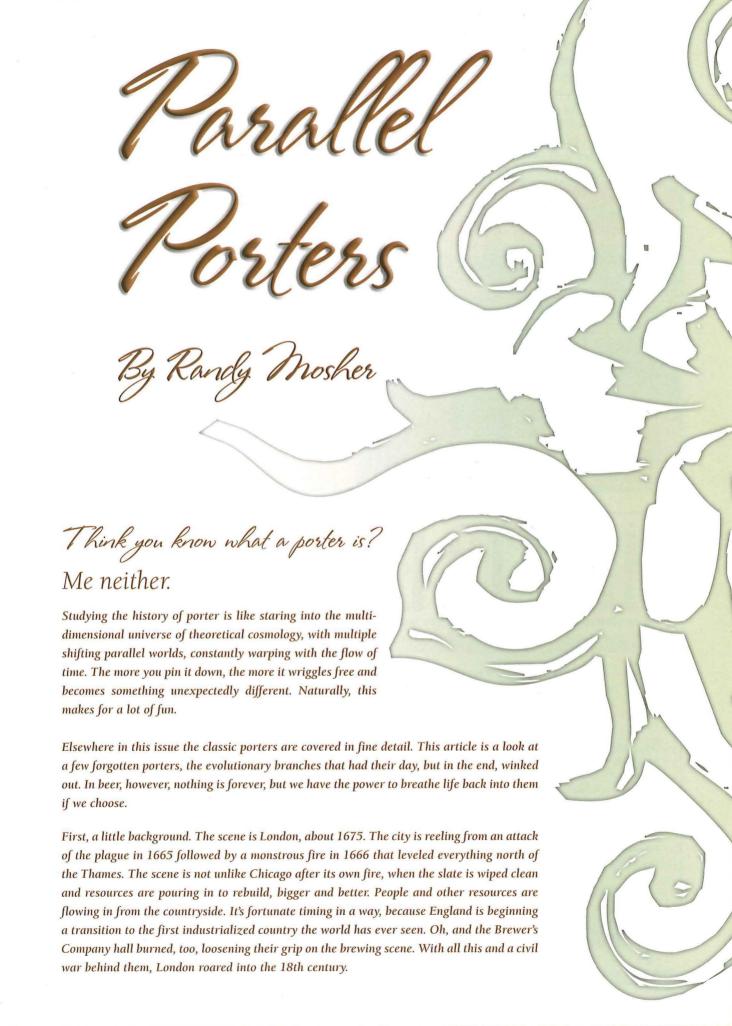
Directions

Mash grains at 154° F (68°C) for 60 minutes. Add lactose to kettle before running clear wort into the kettle. Coarsely chop chocolate and add to wort after boil is complete.



www.beertown.org November/December 2007 **ZYMURGY**





Although hopped beer had been building in popularity since about 1500, the remnants of the old unhopped "ale" could still be had in the form of a brown brew variously called "amber" or "twopenny." The shift from small scale "victualler" brewers, including alewives, to larger "common" brewers had been going on for most of the

17th century, setting the stage for larger breweries yet to come. A shift in the taxes on malt and hops made the latter more economical, and brewers started adding more hops to their "mild" (unaged) beers. A taste for aged "stale" beers was also developing, so much so that "...it gave room to a sett [sic] of moneyed people, to make a trade

by buying these beers from brewers, keeping them some time, and selling them, when stale, to publicans..." (*Gentlemen's Magazine*, 1760).

Far from being invented (despite the tales about Ralph Harwood and the Bell Brewhouse in Shoreditch), porter emerged over a generation or more, transforming itself from an assemblage of brown ales into a pedigreed family of chestnut colored brews that eventually came to be named for the transport workers who were its most visible enthusiasts.

There never was a single thing called porter. By the time the name came to be applied to it, there were many variations in interpretation. The London and Country Brewer in 1736 describes a beer called Stitch, which is the second strongest of the family of beers brewed from brown malt, and only lightly hopped.

Tizard, in 1843, states: "Scarcely does this, our beer-sipping country, contain any two brewers, particularly neighbors, whose productions are alike in flavour and quality, and especially in the article porter; even in London, a practised connoisseur can truly discover, without hesitation and by mere taste, the characteristic flavour that distinguishes the management of each of the principal or neighbouring breweries..."

Porter was the first beer in the world brewed and exported on an industrial scale. Knight, 1843, states: "But all nations know that London is the place where porter was invented; and Jews, Turks, Germans, Negroes, Persians, Chinese New Zealanders, Esquimaux, Copper Indians, Yankees and Spanish Americans are united in one feeling of respect for the native city of the most universally favourite liquor the world has ever known."

Yes, the Yankees did have a taste for porter. It is well known that George Washington was a fan, and after the Revolution, regularly purchased bottled porter from Robert Hare's brewery in nearby Philadelphia. Eastern Pennsylvania was America's brewing capitol, and maintained that reputation until German immigrants brought their lager beers to America and shifted the center of gravity westward. In the early era, Philadelphia porter was famous for its quality. In





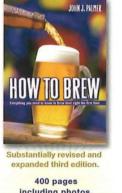
Everything you need to know to brew beer right the first time.

Presented in a no-nonsense style, this authoritative text introduces brewing in a easy step-by-step review that covers the essentials of making good beer, including ingredients, methods, recipes and equipment.

Beyond the first batch, it provides an accessible reference to intermediate techniques like all-grain brewing variations and recipe formulation. A must for any novice or intermediate brewer—perfect for anyone who has discovered the joy of homebrewing!

Veteran homebrewer John J. Palmer is a respected author and speaker in homebrewing circles. His years of hands-on experience help homebrewers consistently make great beers while expanding their knowledge and experience with the hobby.

Order online www.beertown.org
Or Call 1.888.822.6273 or +1.303.447.0816



400 pages
including photos,
illustrations and 22 recipes.
Retail price: \$19.95.

Available Now!

Brewers Publications A Division of the Brewers Association www.beertown.org





There never was a single thing called porter. By the time the name came to be applied to it, there were many variations in interpretation.

fact, the area never completely lost its taste for porter. Yuengling still brews one in Pottsville, Pa.

An American Porter, c. 1840 Byrn (Complete Practical Brewer, 1846), gives us some details. He describes a "genuine porter malt" which is a "blown" (torrefied) brown malt, in which birch cuttings were used to stoke up the ferocious fire needed to rapidly heat the malt, expanding and toasting it. He gives a recipe for 20 barrels which uses 40 bushels of pale malt and 20 bushels of porter malt, plus 30 pounds of burnt sugar, 6 pounds of "Spanish juice" (brewers licorice stick; see more on this on page 22), 3 pounds of ground licorice root and 20 pounds of "clarified sugar," which I'm guessing means white or near-white cane sugar. He also mentions "orange powder," presumably dried ground orange peel, although he doesn't include it in his recipe.

Adjusting for a typically lower homebrew efficiency, that works out to 12.5 pounds of pale malt (use American) plus 6 pounds of brown malt for the grain bill of a 5-gallon batch. At 80-percent efficiency, this works out to 1.100 (24°P) when you toss in the 4 ounces of Belgian brewers caramel syrup. No torrefied brown malt is currently made, as far as I know, so go with whatever brown malt your supplier carries.

Hopping is brisk-9 ounces for our brew, for which, assuming the use of Cluster, or generously, American Fuggles at 6-percent alpha, boiled 90 minutes, we get the very modern

1840 American Porter

Ingredients for 5 U.S. gal (19L)

12.5 lb	(5.7 kg) American pale malt		
6.0 lb	(2.7 kg) Brown malt		
4.0 oz	(113 g) Belgian brewers		
	caramel syrup		
9.0 oz	(255 g) Cluster hops, 7% alpha		
	acid (90 min)		
0.75 oz	(21 g) Brewers licorice (90		
	min)		
0.33 oz	(9 g) Powdered licorice root		
	(90 min), optional		
	White Labs WLP001 California		
	Ale Yeast or Wyeast 1056		
	American Ale Yeast		

Original gravity: 1.100 Mash efficiency: 80%

IBU: 150+ ABV: 9.5%+

Directions

Mash grains at 154 F (68° C) for I hour. Add caramel syrup to collected wort and bring to a boil. Add hops, brewers licorice, and optional powdered licorice root and boil for 90 minutes. Chill wort to 68° F (20° C) and pitch a large starter of yeast. Ferment at 68-70° F (20-21° C).

IBU of over 150, which by the time the beer gets into the glass will be tamed quite a bit. But no question about it, this is a bitter beer. Three-fourths of an ounce of brewers licorice and one-third of an ounce of powdered licorice root (you can probably skip this one) goes into the kettle with the hops. Use a little orange peel if you feel so moved.

Use an American ale yeast. Byrn suggests a

62° F (17° C) pitching temperature, but in larger vessels the real fermentation would have been a few degrees higher. A beer this strong will require months to mature, and once bottled will improve for many years if well cellared.

Randy Mosher is author of Radical Brewing and a frequent contributor to Zymurgy.



www.Homebrew.com

800-365-2739 / order line 704-527-2337 / help line 704-527-5070 / fax line

Homebrew Adventures 114 Freeland Lane Suite E Charlotte, NC 28217

Reasonable Prices

Fast Service

Expert Advice

Extensive selection of production (and growing!)

Over 150 Recipe Packages (with more coming!)

Personal attention to your brewing & winemaking needs



By Jamil Zainasheff and John J. Palmer

This article constitutes one chapter from *Brewing Classic Styles* by Jamil Zainasheff and John Palmer, which became available from the Brewers Association in October. This book tackles the task of giving brewers one recipe for each and every competition sub-category of beer recognized by the Beer Judge Certification Program. Where possible, the recipes are extract based, but of course many use some steeping grains and some require a partial mash to achieve the desired results. As a result of this approach, the book is accessible to those with just a few batches of homebrew under their belt, but useful even for those with many years of brewing experience.

Most will recognize John Palmer as the author of *How to Brew*, one of the most popular brewing books available. And Jamil Zainasheff will be familiar to those who follow the National Homebrew Competition (NHC). Every year he makes several trips to the awards podium and this year he again captured the Ninkasi award for the highest point total—a repeat of his performance in 2004. As a result of all the award-winning beers he's made, Jamil has quite a recipe collection, so when he and John approached Brewers Publications about doing this book, we figured there was no team better qualified to do so.

This chapter on German Wheat and Rye Beer does a great job of showing the scope of what the book includes with at least one recipe for each type of brew. So have a read and if you enjoy it, be sure to pick up a copy of the book, *Brewing Classic Styles*.

-Ray Daniels, Brewers Publications

ASSOCIA

German Wheat and Rye Beer

Most people seem to either love or hate German wheat and rye beers. These styles all include a large portion (50 percent or more) of wheat or rye malt, and they all feature a unique banana/clove yeast character. I (Jamil) think those who love these styles have had the chance to try great examples with the proper level of fermentation-derived esters and phenols. Those who dislike them probably have experienced some bad examples, where the yeast character was overwhelming or completely out of balance. Properly made, these are really wonderful beers.

Weizen/Weissbier

Style at a Glance: A pale, spicy, fruity, refreshing wheat-based ale. This is a beginner style that can be brewed by extract or all-grain methods. Ferments at 62° F (17° C). OG 1.044-1.052 (11-12.9 °P) FG 1.010-1.014 (2.6-3.6 °P) IBU 8-15 Color 2-8 SRM 4-16 EBC Alcohol 4.3-5.6% ABV 3.4-4.4% ABW

Keys to Brewing Weizen/Weissbier

When I was a new brewer, I brewed a number of less than perfect German-style wheat beers. I kept playing around with the grain bill, assuming that there was some secret ingredient for that soft, bready and slightly sweet malt flavor that the best examples showed. In the end the best recipe was the simplest—at least 50 percent wheat malt and the rest good continental Pilsener malt. Yes, a decoction mash might add a slight richness to the beer, but more important is using the best quality malt or malt extract you can find.

The other vital key I lacked in my quest for a great weizen was the proper fermentation temperature. Everyone told me that higher temperatures produce more banana esters and fewer clove phenols. Cooler temperatures produced only clove and no banana. I tried everything from 65 to 72° F (18 to 22° C), but then my dear friend Harold Gulbransen told me the best temperature for fermenting this beer was 62° F (17° C). I was skeptical that the yeast would even ferment well at that temperature, but the results were spectacular. Along with the proper amount of yeast and oxygen, this temperature creates a beautiful balance of fermentation flavors, helps keep some unpleasant flavors in check, and produces a fantastic beer.

Recipe: Harold-Is-Weizen

Ingredients for 6 U.S. gallons (22.7 liters)

8.6 lb (3.9 kg) wheat liquid malt extract

0.8 oz (23 g) Hallertau hops, 4% alpha acid (60 min.)

White Labs WLP300 Hefeweizen Ale yeast or Wyeast 3068 Weihenstephan Weizen yeast.

Fermentation and Conditioning

Use two liquid yeast packages or make an appropriate starter. Ferment at 62° F (17° C). When finished, carbonate the beer to approximately 2.5 to 3 volumes.

All-Grain Option

Replace the wheat extract with 5.6 lb (2.54 kg) continental Pilsener malt and 5.6 lb (2.54kg) wheat malt. Mash at 152° F (67° C). Increase the pre-boil volume as needed to allow a 90-minute boil, which will help reduce DMS in the beer.

OG: 1.050 FG: 1.012 IBU: 13 Color: 5 SRM Alcohol: 5.0% ABV Boil: 60 minutes

Dunkelweizen

Style at a Glance: A moderately dark, spicy, fruity, malty, refreshing wheat-based ale. This is a beginner style that can be brewed by extract-with-grain or all-grain methods. Ferments at 62° F (17° C).

> OG 1.044–1.056 (11–13.8 °P)

FG 1.010–1.014 (2.6–3.6 °P)

> IBU 10–18

Color 14–23 SRM 28–45 EBC

Alcohol 4.3–5.6% ABV 3.4–4.4% ABW

Keys to Brewing Dunkelweizen

Dunkelweizen has the same spicy/fruity character as hefeweizen, but it also has a rich Munich malt character, similar to but not as intense as a Munich dunkel. At least half of the base needs to be malted wheat, while the rest can be Munich malt. The problem with such a recipe is that many people expect a little caramel-type sweetness from this style, and you won't get much unless you add some caramel-type malts. It doesn't take a lot, and too much can be overwhelming. A decoction mash might add a slight richness to the beer, as it can when brewing hefeweizen, but more important is using the best quality malt or malt extract you can find.

The proper fermentation temperature will create a beautiful balance of fermentation flavors and helps keep some unpleasant flavors in check. It is very important to follow the recommended fermentation temperature for this beer.

Recipe: Trigo Oscuro

Many people expect a darker beer to be bigger and richer, even though that is not always the case. However, I believe in giving people what they want, so this recipe is on the bigger end of the style. If you prefer it not so big, just back down on the wheat extract a little.

Ingredients for 6 U.S. gallons (22.7 liters)

6.8 lb (3.1 kg) wheat liquid malt extract

2.2 lb (1.0 kg) Munich liquid malt extract

6.0 oz (170 g) Special "B" malt

6.0 oz (170 g) crystal malt (40 °L)

2.0 oz (57 g) Carafa Special II (430 °L)

1.0 oz (28 g) Hallertau hops, 4% alpha

acid (60 min.)

White Labs WLP300 Hefeweizen Ale yeast or Wyeast 3068 Weihenstephan Weizen yeast

Fermentation and Conditioning

Use two liquid yeast packages or make an appropriate starter. Ferment at 62° F (17° C). When finished, carbonate the beer to approximately 2.5 to 3 volumes.

All-Grain Option

Replace the wheat extract with 2 lb (0.9kg) continental Pilsener malt and 6.9 lb (3.13 kg) wheat malt. Replace the Munich extract with 3 lb (1.36 kg) Munich malt. Mash at 152° F (67° C). Increase the pre-boil volume as needed to allow a 90-minute boil, which will help reduce DMS in the beer.

OG: 1.056 (13.8 °P) FG: 1.014 (3.5 °P)

IBU: 16

Color: 16 SRM (31 EBC) Alcohol: 5.6% ABV Boil: 60 minutes

Weizenbock

Style at a Glance:

A strong, malty, fruity, spicy, wheatbased ale combining the best flavors of a dunkelweizen and the rich strength and body of a bock. This is an intermediate style that can be brewed by extract-with-grain or all-grain methods. Ferments at 62° F (17° C).

> OG 1.064–1.090 (15.7–21.5 °P)

FG 1.015–1.022 (3.8–5.6 °P)

IBU 15–30

Color 12–25 SRM 24–49 EBC

Alcohol 6.5–8.0% ABV 5.1–6.3% ABW

Keys to Brewing Weizenbock

Weizenbock is like dunkelweizen on steroids. This beer is rich, malty and warming like a bock, but full of dark fruit and spicy notes like a good weizen. Like dunkelweizen, at least half of the base needs to be malted wheat, but unlike dunkelweizen not all of the remaining base can be Munich malt. While most bock beers require a fair amount of Munich malt, this style seems too heavy with lots of Munich malt and all the other rich flavors in this beer.

The proper fermentation temperature will create a beautiful balance of fermentation flavors and helps keep some unpleasant, hotter alcohol flavors in check. It is very important to follow the recommended fermentation temperature for this beer.

Recipe: Trick or Treat Bock

Taking my kids out for Halloween has always been one of my favorite "Dad" things to do. I get a kick out of seeing their excitement, how much fun they have and seeing all of the neighborhood kids in costume. Every year for the past 10 years, I have dragged along our little red wagon. Early on, it was just in case anyone got tired. More recently it has morphed into a place to store the giant loads of candy, bottles of water, coats, flashlights and a bottle of weizenbock for Dad, which makes wagon pulling a little more enjoyable. Weizenbock is the perfect Halloween beer. The rich, malty character, the gently warming alcohol, and the spicy and fruity notes make it seem like an adult candy, perfect for the cooler weather of fall.

Ingredients for 6 U.S. gallons (22.7 liters)

11.0 lb (4.99 kg) Wheat liquid malt extract

1.5 lb (0.68 kg) Munich liquid malt extract

0.5 lb (227 g) Special "B" malt (120 °L) 0.5 lb (227 g) crystal malt (40 °L) 0.25 lb (113 g) pale chocolate malt (200 °L) 1.6 oz. (45 g) Hallertau hops, 4% alpha acid (60 min.)

White Labs WLP300 Hefeweizen Ale yeast or Wyeast 3068 Weihenstephan Weizen yeast

OG: 1.081 FG: 1.021 IBU: 23

Color: 16 SRM Alcohol: 8.0% ABV Boil: 60 minutes

Fermentation and Conditioning

Use three liquid yeast packages or make an appropriate starter. Ferment at 62° F (17° C). When finished, carbonate the beer to approximately 2.5 to 3 volumes.

All-Grain Option

Replace the wheat extract with 5 lb (2.26 kg) continental Pilsener malt and 10 lb (4.53 kg) dark wheat malt. Replace the Munich extract with 2 lb (0.9 kg) Munich malt. Mash at 152° F (67° C). Increase the pre-boil volume as needed to allow a 90-minute boil, which will help reduce DMS in the beer.

Roggenbier (German Rye Beer)

Style at a Glance:

A dunkelweizen made with rye rather than wheat, with a fuller body. This is an advanced style that can only be brewed by partial mash or all-grain methods to convert the rye malt properly. Ferments at 62° F (17° C).

OG 1.046–1.056 (11.4–13.8 °P)

FG 1.010–1.014 (2.6–3.6 °P)

> IBU 10–20

Color 14–19 SRM 28–37 EBC

Alcohol 4.5–6.0% ABV 3.6– 4.7% ABW

(continued on page 46)



COMMERCIAL CALIBRATION

One way beer judges check their palates is by using commercial "calibration beers"—classic versions of the style they represent. Zymurgy has assembled a panel of four Grand Master judges in the Beer Judge Certification Program. Each issue they will score two widely available commercial beers (or meads or ciders) using the BJCP scoresheet. We invite you to download your own scoresheets at www.bjcp.org, pick up a bottle of each of the beverages and judge along with them in our Commercial Calibration.

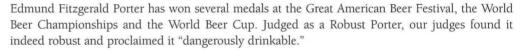


or this issue, our judges sampled (appropriately enough for our Stouts and Porters issue) a stout and a porter from opposite ends of the country.

First up was the award-winning Edmund Fitzgerald Porter from Great Lakes Brewing Co. in Cleveland, Ohio. The porter is named after the ship that sank in a storm on Lake Superior in 1975, killing all 29 crew members aboard.

Edmund Fitzgerald Porter is a complex, roasty porter with a bittersweet, chocolate-coffee taste and a bold hop

presence, according to the Great Lakes Web site. It is 5.8-percent alcohol by volume with 37 IBUs. According to Great Lakes, it complements roasty and smoked flavors in foods like barbecued ribs, steaks and oysters. It also pairs well with chocolate desserts.



Next up was Imperial Russian Stout from Stone Brewing Co. in Escondido, Calif. "Brewed in the authentic historical style of an Imperial Russian Stout, this beer is massive," proclaims the Stone Web site. It has notes of anise, black currants, coffee, roastiness and alcohol, and is "heavy on the palate."

"Expect our version of this mysterious brew to pour like Siberian crude and taste even heavier!"

Imperial Russian Stout was first released from Stone in July 2002. It is 10.8-percent by volume and more than 90 IBUs.

Our judges proclaimed Stone Imperial Russian Stout to be a perfect beer for aging, noting that the alcohol warmth will tone down over time. "This beer is a long-term investment," summed up judge Gordon Strong.

Our expert panel includes David Houseman, a Grand Master III judge and competition director for the BJCP from Chester Springs, Pa.; Beth Zangari, a Grand Master level judge from Placerville, Calif. and founding member of Hangtown Association of Zymurgy Enthusiasts (H.A.Z.E.); Scott Bickham, a Grand Master II judge from Corning, N.Y., who has been exam director or associate exam director for the BJCP since 1995; and Gordon Strong, a Grand Master IV judge and principal author of the new BJCP Style Guidelines who lives in Beavercreek, Ohio.



ON THE WEE

Great Lakes Brewing Co. www.greatlakesbrewing.com

Stone Brewing Co. www.stonebrew.com

BJCP Style Guidelines

www.bjcp.org



REAT LAKES

Great Lakes Edmund Fitzgerald Porter—Great Lakes Brewing Co., Cleveland, Ohio BJCP Category: 12B Robust Porter

THE JUDGES' SCORES FOR GREAT LAKES EDMUND FITZGERALD PORTER



Aroma: Roasted, chocolate malts up front with light piney, floral hop aroma, faint esters reminiscent of cherries and noticeable alcohol in the background. No diacetyl. No DMS. Some minerally, chalky, earthy notes that are a bit out of place, not providing as clean an aroma as might be expected. (9/12)

Appearance: Black, nearly opaque with deep ruby-red highlights. Good foam stand and head retention. Very inviting appearance is appropriate to style. (3/3)

Flavor: Moderately high roasted, chocolate malts with slight burnt and coffee notes. Light diacetyl; no DMS. High hop bitterness; low hop flavor. Lingering dry finish from roasted malts. Some alcohol and fruity esters—not out of place for the style—that contribute to complexity. Balance is fairly even with both high maltiness and hop bitterness but the hops linger in the aftertaste. There's also a chalky, mineral taste that's out of place for the style, otherwise a very nice Robust Porter. (16/20)

Mouthfeel: Medium-full bodied with medium carbonation. Sharp edges and some astringency to mouthfeel from hop bitterness and dry, roasted malt finish. Alcohol warmth is moderate. (4/5)

Overall Impression: This is a complex Robust Porter that's true to the style. The earthy, minerally, chalky aroma and flavor was, for me, distracting and unwelcome in an otherwise excellent beer. Perhaps the brewing water was over-treated to increase carbonate hardness. Reducing this would have added to the drinkability. Still, it's quite drinkable, accompanying a pot roast, raw oysters or just sipping in a pub with good conversation. (7/10)



Aroma: Chocolate roasty malt aroma, with notes of ripe, fresh prunes with a hint of floral hop aroma. Sweet chocolate richness and fruity esters blend into molasses with a note of alcohol as the beer warms a bit. Slight acidic note. (7/12)

Appearance: Very clear, deep brown-black with deep ruby, elegantly golden highlighted heart when held to the light. Creamy, persistent tan head leaves delicate silky lace on the sides of the glass. (3/3)

Flavor: Chocolate and roast malt dominate up front, with balancing sweetness mid-palate. Balance of sweetness, chocolate and roast is reminiscent of 88-percent cocoa chocolate, quite deep and rich with a clean roasty finish. Hop flavor is subdued, but some hop bitterness is distinguishable from the roast quality of the malt. Not sharp or harsh, but rich and complex with a hint of ripe prune fruitiness in the finish. (17/20)

Mouthfeel: Medium full body with creamy, silky texture and mediumlow carbonation. Some roast astringent notes balance the fullness, and provide a clean finish. (5/5)

Overall Impression: Roasty grain and rich sweet malt are well balanced, dominate the ripe rich stone fruit esters and any hop flavor. Rich sweetness and fuller body are bigger than some of the West Coast examples of the style with which I am more familiar. The roasted acidity would work well with sweet molasses cake with raisins, or with a creamy farmer's cheese and pears with dark rye bread. This is a definite treat! (8/10)

Total Score: (40/50)



Aroma: Initial burst of acrid sharpness followed by roasted malt phenols. Bittersweet chocolate notes emerge as it warms with an enticing hint of mocha. Light fruitiness with some ethanol. Perhaps a hint of citrus/American hops, but it is woven into the roasted grain character. (10/12)

Appearance: Deep garnet/brown in color, with a long-lasting beige head. Conditioning is excellent, as is the clarity. Textbook example of a Robust Porter. (3/3)

Flavor: Crystal malt sweetness and bittersweet chocolate malt at the forefront, becoming increasingly roasty. Finish has an assertive bitterness with contributions from both malt and hops. Burnt notes are a little high for my taste, but better to be robust than wimpy. No discernible hop flavor, which is more typical than not in this style. Clean fermentation profile, with some dark malt acidity to help balance the finish. (16/20)

Mouthfeel: Good carbonation level and creaminess. Some alcoholic warmth is evident, but subtle. Astringency is on the high side and cuts into the smoothness of the finish. (4/5)

Overall Impression: Well-crafted beer highlighted by lush mocha and bittersweet chocolate notes in the aroma. The flavor has these same traits, but the burnt malt character is a little too aggressive. Nonetheless, the overall package is dangerously drinkable and a worthy member of the Robust Porter family. (8/10):

Total Score: (41/50)



Aroma: Pronounced chocolate and espresso notes, moderate spicy hops, a bit of alcohol. Deeper roast complexity and some esters become evident as it warms. Grainy malt underneath. Clean, complex and inviting. (10/12)

Appearance: Deep chocolatebrown, clear when viewed with a flashlight, moderate-sized brown head. (3/3)

Flavor: Like very dark chocolate, a hint of malty-caramelly sweetness initially but with a bitter chocolate finish. Medium-dry. Medium-high bitterness. Moderate hop flavor—earthy. Robust yet clean flavors. Rich, smooth palate with a slightly rough finish. Hops and grain become more assertive in the aftertaste, as does the hop flavor. Clean yeast character. (17/20)

Mouthfeel: Medium-high carbonation. Medium to medium-full body. Somewhat warming. Some grainy/roasty astringency. (4/5)

Overall Impression: Classic. Big grain/roast character with assertive hopping. Great dark chocolate flavors. Alcohol and rough finish suggest that this might be a young sample that will improve with some cellaring. Exemplifies the descriptor "robust." Like chocolate-covered espresso beans. (9/10)

Total Score: (43/50)

Illustrations by Terry McNerney

Stone Imperial Russian Stout—Stone Brewing Co., Escondido, Calif.

BJCP Category: 13F Russian Imperial Stout



THE JUDGES' SCORES FOR STONE IMPERIAL RUSSIAN STOUT



Aroma: Balanced aroma of roasted malts and barley, high alcohol and light hop presence. Great first impression for a Russian Imperial Stout. No diacetyl or DMS. Some fruity esters but alcohol masks these pretty effectively. (11/12)

Appearance: Black. Opaque. Dense tan head dissipated fairly rapidly. Low-medium carbonation. While head was adequate, the presentation would be helped by longer head retention. (3/3)

Flavor: Sweet caramel and roasted malts and barley up front with high alcohol and moderately high hop bitterness. Coffee and black malt characteristics. Finish is somewhat sweet due to malts and the alcohol; balance with hop bitterness is good but could be improved with slightly lower final gravity and alcohol. A more subtle alcohol presentation would be more to style. Lingering roastiness and hop bitterness. Fruity esters of raisins and prunes are evident. Hop flavor is moderate but overpowered by the alcohols. (14/20)

Mouthfeel: Full bodied with substantial alcohol warming and lingering astringency from roasted malts. Lower carbonation was OK for style but may have contributed, along with higher alcohols, to low head retention. (3/5)

Overall Impression: Reducing the alcohol would allow the complex malt and hops to shine through and give a better balance. Still very enjoyable and drinkable. This may be a young beer that will mellow considerably over time. Lay down a case and enjoy a bottle for Christmas Eve for the next 12 years and watch how this improves with age. (7/10)

Total Score: (38/50)



Aroma: Caramel acidic roasted malts, with irony treacle, burnt raisins and currants. Some alcohol notes, but no hop aroma is evident. (8/12)

Appearance: Opaque black brown, does not even have highlights when held to the lamp. Head at first is thick and chocolaty brown, then dissipates to a thick ring of fine brown bubbles around the glass. Leaves some loose lace. (3/3)

Flavor: Malt is deep, Italian roast coffee, aromatic and caramel; dark ripe stone fruit blends with dried currants and unsweetened cocoa. No hop flavor. Alcohol is not at first evident, but emerges as clean and somewhat whiskey-like. Finish has some hop bitterness, and lots of cocoa treacle flavor, with a hint of burnt fruit. Clean, with no diacetyl or solventy alcoholic notes. (15/20)

Mouthfeel: Medium body with firm carbonation and alcoholic warmth that lingers into the finish. A bit of astringency helps this beer finish clean, but the warmth dominates. (4/5)

Overall Impression: A person could probably view a solar eclipse through a pint glass of this beer, though I would not suggest attempting it. I find this sample to have developed some age characteristics, such as the intensified dark fruit aromas and flavors. The alcoholic heat has intensified, becoming a little distracting from the wonderful complexity and richness of the other flavors. However, it is developing more complexity with age. This lovely beer will continue to develop additional sherry-like complexity and barleywine richness as it ages. Perfect for a chocolate stout float (or really good French vanilla) with a sweet brownie. The bottle suggests buying a case and drinking one bottle every three to six months. Better get two for safe measure. (7/10)

Total Score: (37/50)



Aroma: Nutty, roasty aroma with an intriguing blend of sherry-like oxidation, toffee and chocolate malt. Alcoholic strength is evident, but has some fusel alcohols that assault the nasal cavity. Dark fruit esters include plums, raisins and dates. (9/12)

Appearance: Opaque, but sliver of beer when glass is tilted reveals excellent clarity and mahogany notes. Beige head that lasts surprisingly long in view of the alcohol content. (3/3)

Flavor: The first impression mirrors the aroma—nuttiness with bittersweet chocolate, almost like a macadamia nut covered with dark chocolate. Roasted malts grow in intensity and interplay with the hop bitterness to produce an assertively bitter finish. Balance leans toward the hops. Alcohol and dark fruit esters add complexity, but again comes across with too much fusel character. There is a little grapefruit hop flavor in the background. (16/20)

Mouthfeel: Good creaminess, but a fuller body would provide more support for the complex flavors. Alcoholic warmth is intense. There is some astringency from roasted malts and hops—a little too much burnt character, especially in combination with the alcohol. (3/5)

Overall Impression: Very interesting beer, but needs some fine-tuning to bring the flavors into balance. The finish is toward the hoppy end of the scale for this style, but that's not unexpected for a Stone beer. The malt, fermentation by-products and a little oxidation work together to impart an interesting spectrum of dark fruit flavors, but a cleaner alcohol profile would improve the drinkability. (7/10)

Total Score: (38/50)



Aroma: Rich coffee and chocolate, black currant, tar. Intense roasted aroma with some dark dried fruit esters. Warming alcohol develops over time. Layered malt, fruit and alcohol complexity. Nothing off, but seems very aggressive and not fully blended. (10/12)

Appearance: Tall, deep tan head. Inky, jet black color. Opaque. Like a black hole—I tried to shine a xenon flashlight through it and the beer said "Hmph, is that all you got?" (3/3)

Flavor: Intensely roasted, tarry, harsh flavor, strongly dominated by alcohol. Tons of malt, but hot alcohol flavors overwhelm palate. Not melded at all. Medium-high bitterness. Medium-high hop flavor—citrus, earth, pine. Hot, harsh finish with lingering bitterness and intense roasted flavors. Dark dried fruit—black currant, raisin. Dry finish, a bit chalky, like unsweetened chocolate. No sweetness. Definitely an American interpretation. (12/20)

Mouthfeel: Medium-high carbonation. Dark roast astringency. Hot alcohol burn. Medium-full body, but the impression of body is thinned somewhat by the alcohol and carbonation. (3/5)

Overall Impression: Huge roasted intensity. Needs long cellaring to tame the alcohol. It's way too early to be drinking this beast. I'd let it age for at least three years before trying it again. Be prepared to be impressed once this is aged out. It has a ton of flavor that should contribute to a very complex fireside sipper. Right now, the flavors are not blended at all and the harshness and alcohol heat detract. Fortunately, these characteristics tend to subside over time. (6/10)

Total Score: (34/50)

A Mountain of Stout (continued from 35) to brew at home.

A note on the recipes: These were spun down from 10-barrel batches using ProMash brewing software, so even though the measurement increments may seem a bit odd, these are the right proportions for the authentic recipes.

Amahl Turczyn Scheppach is a former associate editor of Zymurgy who now lives and brews in Lafayette, Colo.

Thunderhead Stout

Ingredients

0.42 oz

for 5 U.S. gallons (19 liters)

9.68 lb	(4.4 kg) Maris Otter pale malt		
0.81 lb	(367 g) black barley malt		
0.81 lb	(367 g) 80L crystal malt		
0.65 lb	(295 g) Briess Bonlander		
	Munich malt		
0.48 lb	(218 g) flaked oats		
0.48 lb	(218 g) Castle Munich malt		
0.40 lb	(181 g) rye malt		
0.24 lb	(109 g) roasted barley		
0.71 oz	(20 g) Chinook pellet hops		
	(90 min.)		
0.65 oz	(18 g) Liberty pellet hops		

(12 g) Liberty pellet hops (steep) Irish Moss to fine in kettle Gypsum for water treatment Mountain Sun ale yeast or American/California ale yeast

Estimated O.G.: 1.073 **Boil Time:** 90 minutes Estimated SRM: 42

Directions

Mash grains at 152° F (67°C) for 60

Brewing Classics (continued from 42)

Keys to Brewing Roggenbier

Roggenbier is very similar to dunkelweizen, although it is made with rye malt instead of wheat. This beer has a rich, malty character like dunkelweizen, with some additional slightly spicy notes from the rye malt. About half of the base needs to be malted rye, which requires mashing. The rest of the grain bill is very much like a dunkelweizen.

The proper fermentation temperature creates a beautiful balance of fermentation flavors and helps keep some other unpleasant flavors in check. It is very important to follow the recommended fermentation temperature for this beer.

Recipe: J.C.'s Roggenbier

I enjoy the occasional roggenbier whenever I come across one. Some are better than others, but none were really great until I tried my friend J.C.'s roggenbier. It was spectacular, with a fine rye note and a malty finish. I asked J.C. his secret, and he generously shared his recipe, as all great

brewers are willing to do. The recipe below is a slightly simplified version of his and makes an excellent roggenbier.

Ingredients for 6 U.S. gallons (22.7 liters)

2.6 lb (1.18 kg) Munich liquid malt extract

6.25 lb (2.83 kg) rye malt 3.0 lb (1.36 kg) pilsener malt 1.0 lb (0.45 kg) CaraMunich malt (60 °L)

2.0 oz (57 g) Carafa Special II malt (430 °L)

1.0 oz (28 g) Tettnang hops, 4% alpha acid (60 min.)

0.3 oz (9 g) Czech Saaz hops, 3.5% alpha acid (15 min.)

White Labs WLP300 Hefeweizen Ale yeast, Wyeast 3068 Weihenstephan Weizen yeast

Partial Mash Instructions

Add 3.5 gallons (13.3 liters) of 167° F (75° C) water to the grains, mixing thoroughly. Mash should stabilize at 154° F (68° C). Let sit for one hour. Bring mash temperature up to 170° F (77° C), then sparge with 3.5 gallons (13.3 liters) of 170° F (77° C) water. Top up kettle to 7.7 gallons (29 L), stir in extract and bring to a boil. Total boil time is 90 minutes. Add hops according to recipe.

Fermentation and Conditioning

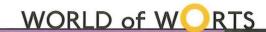
Use two liquid yeast packages or make an appropriate starter. Ferment at 62° F (17° C). When finished, carbonate the beer to approximately 2.5 to 3 volumes.

All-Grain Option

Replace the Munich extract with 3.5 lb (1.58 kg) Munich malt. Mash at 154° F (68° C). Increase the pre-boil volume as needed to allow a 90-minute boil, which will help reduce DMS in the beer.

OG: 1.054 FG: 1.014 **IBU: 17** Color: 15 SRM Alcohol: 5.3% ABV Boil: 90 minutes





Sipping Through Yesteryear

The ability to experience pleasure should be cherished. Certainly this year's American Homebrewers Association's National Homebrewers Conference in Denver was one of those experiences completely about pleasure. Everywhere you turned there was beer, and fun people around to share the experience.

Since it was close to home, I took this year's conference as an opportunity to share the pleasures of yesteryears with a few people who have journeyed with me through decades of homebrewers conferences. The week before the event I spent a good hour or two rummaging through boxes of commemorative beers stored in my cooler. There they have slept, some for over 20 years. Knowing that I could gently chill them and carefully transport them the 45 miles from home to Denver, I wasn't going to pass up an opportunity to share these rare treats-several bottles of AHA Conference Commemorative beers. My collection goes back to 1985 when then-AHA employee Christine Schouten brewed a malt extract beer called Nightcap Ale. I had only one bottle of this, so that stayed at home.

But many others made the trip, including my own 10.97-percent abv 1986 Blitzweizen Barley Wine (Honey-Wheat) Lager; Byron Burch and Nancy Vineyard's 9-percent 1990 Epicenter Imperial Stout; Ray Spangler's 1989 Claude of Zeply, a dark amber wheat coriander cream ale homebrewed with cultured Chimay and lager yeasts; Chris Studach's 1993 Oregon Nut Brown Ale brewed with hazelnut extract; Doug Faynor's 1999 Geezer Gueuze, a large batch oak barrel-aged blended gueuze with an assortment of lambic yeasts and bacteria; Ron Page's 1991 Biére de Garde ("The perfect beer for laying down in deep dark cellars in the cold, cold ground. Ponder the

mysteries unleashed by yeast. Laugh like a lion on your way to a feast."); Michael Matechuski's 1992 Wild Rose cultured with Mort Subite, resident bacteria and wild yeast, and Dirty Rose cultured with Rodenbach yeast. Michael grew and used his own organic hops, barley (hand malted) and raspberries and aged the beer in large 52-gallon oak barrels for two-and-a-half years; Tom Hail's 1994 Hail'Stormwiezen; and Alberta and Jackie Rager's 1997 Mid America Mead.

Veteran homebrewers and beer enthusiasts Byron Burch, Alberta and Jackie Rager, Randy Mosher, Ray Daniels, New Belgium brewmaster Peter Bouckaert, Jim Homer, Bob Kaufmann, Rogue Ales' Sebbie Buhler, Erin Glass, Chris Papazian and Pete Johnson were among those on hand to sample these hopeful beers.

After all these years, how did they survive? In a word, "Wow!" In most people's expressions, surprisingly well. Let's start from the beginning.

1986 Blitzweizen Barley Wine (Honey-Wheat) Lager: This beer's closure had been dipped in paraffin. No perceived signs of oxidation. Effervescent and drier than original fresh. Hop character comes through, but not excessive. Rounded caramel-like age subtly emerges. Clean.

Hobby Beverage Equipment

"You can't buy what you can brew"

Special retail store program (E-mail for details)

Mash Lauter Tun

Holds 35 lbs grain - flat false bottom Will not float Designed from start as mash lauter tun with RIMs &

thermometer threads plus sight glass



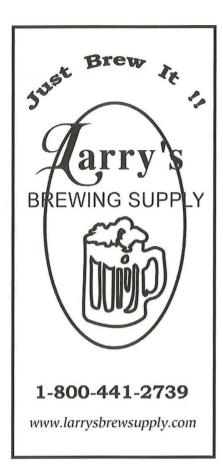


Fermenters

6.5 - 100 gal No secondary transfers Move dead yeast not beer Heavy wall construction Costs less than stainless steel

EVERYTHING INCLUDED READY TO BREW

951-676-2337 - www.minibrew.com - john@minibrew.com



1989 Claude of Zeply: This beer's closure was sealed with paraffin. I recall this as the first coriander spiced ale I ever had. Very effervescent and consequently a bit of yeast was kicked into suspension. Coriander character largely absent. Champagne-like. Clean, lighthearted flavors with gentle aftertaste. Not reminiscent of the original flavor complexity, but still a clean beer with very little oxidized character.

1990 Epicenter Imperial Stout: Perhaps one of the most spectacularly changed beers. Originally in years past exhibited a paper-like oxidized character. This had subsided, almost disappearing, especially after "airing off" upon opening. A complex raisin-like port-sherry character, especially in flavor and mouthfeel. Extraordinary experience!

1991 Biére de Garde: Hand corked and capped in 6-ounce nip bottles. The beer is still clean and balance has drifted to lightness and a somewhat black pepper-like character. Caramel is evident. Well attenuated. Original malt complexity has receded notably over the years, but the beer has held up substantially, morphing into still a great beer, but not of the original style. Pleasant cork-like character adds to what complexity remains. Ron is now a head brewer at City Steam Brasserie and Brewing Café in Hartford, Ct.

1992 Wild Rose and Dirty Rose: The lambic Wild Rose was reminiscent of a

Belgian Cantillon-type lambic. It remained quite acidic as it originally was in 1992. Not much has changed. Raspberries come through but have lost some of their luster. Crisp and effervescent. Slight chile pepper and vegetal character. The sour brewed Dirty Rose has evolved subtly since 1992. Still very sour and "dirty." Flavor and aroma of roasted green chile peppers have emerged since 1992. Veg-

Epicenter Imperial Stout

Mash/Extract Recipe

Ingredients for 10 U.S. gallons (38 liters)

10.0 lb	(4.5 kg) Beverage People	
	extra dark dry malt or 12 lb.	
	Beverage People bulk dark	
	malt extract syrup	
5.0 lb	(2.3 kg) Beverage People dark	
	dry malt extract	
2.0 lb	(908 g) caramel 40 malt	
1.5 lb	(680 g) chocolate malt	
1.0 lb	(454 g) Klages (or other vari-	
	ety) two-row lager malt	
8.0 oz	(225 g) Munich malt	
8.0 oz	(225 g) caramel 20 malt	
12.0 lb	(5.4 kg) rice extract	
10.0 oz	(280 g) lactose	
0.25 tsp	chalk	
5.5 oz	(154 g) Northern Brewer hop	
	pellets-60 minute boiling	
1.5 oz	pellets–60 minute boiling (42 g) Perle hops–30 minute	
1.5 oz		
1.5 oz 3.5 oz	(42 g) Perle hops-30 minute	
	(42 g) Perle hops–30 minute boiling	
	(42 g) Perle hops–30 minute boiling (98 g) Nugget hops–30	
3.5 oz	(42 g) Perle hops–30 minute boiling (98 g) Nugget hops–30 minute boiling	
3.5 oz	(42 g) Perle hops–30 minute boiling (98 g) Nugget hops–30 minute boiling (112 g) Cascade hop pel-	
3.5 oz 4.0 oz	(42 g) Perle hops–30 minute boiling (98 g) Nugget hops–30 minute boiling (112 g) Cascade hop pel- lets–DRY HOPPING	
3.5 oz 4.0 oz	(42 g) Perle hops—30 minute boiling (98 g) Nugget hops—30 minute boiling (112 g) Cascade hop pel- lets—DRY HOPPING (14 g) Saaz hop pellets—DRY	
3.5 oz 4.0 oz 0.5 oz	(42 g) Perle hops—30 minute boiling (98 g) Nugget hops—30 minute boiling (112 g) Cascade hop pel- lets—DRY HOPPING (14 g) Saaz hop pellets—DRY HOPPING	
3.5 oz 4.0 oz 0.5 oz	(42 g) Perle hops—30 minute boiling (98 g) Nugget hops—30 minute boiling (112 g) Cascade hop pel- lets—DRY HOPPING (14 g) Saaz hop pellets—DRY HOPPING (10 g) Pasteur Champagne	
3.5 oz 4.0 oz 0.5 oz 0.38 oz	(42 g) Perle hops—30 minute boiling (98 g) Nugget hops—30 minute boiling (112 g) Cascade hop pellets—DRY HOPPING (14 g) Saaz hop pellets—DRY HOPPING (10 g) Pasteur Champagne yeast	
3.5 oz 4.0 oz 0.5 oz 0.38 oz	(42 g) Perle hops—30 minute boiling (98 g) Nugget hops—30 minute boiling (112 g) Cascade hop pellets—DRY HOPPING (14 g) Saaz hop pellets—DRY HOPPING (10 g) Pasteur Champagne yeast (350 ml measure) corn sugar	

Target Original Gravity: 1.110 (26 B) Approximate Final Gravity: 1.040 (10 B) IBUs: between 80 and 100 Approximate color: Black Alcohol: 9% by volume

ging

Directions

Heat 1.5 gallons (5.7 liters) water to 172° F (77.5° C) and add crushed grains to the water. Stir well to distribute heat. Temperature should stabilize at about 155° F (68° C). Wrap a towel around the pot and set aside for about 60 minutes. Have a homebrew.

Add heat to the mini-mash and raise the temperature to 167° F (75° C). Pass the liquid and grains into a strainer and rinse with 170° F (77° C) water. Discard the grains.

Add to the sweet extract you have just produced more water, bringing the volume up to about 5 gallons (19 liters). Add chalk, malt extract, rice extract, lactose and 60 minute hops and bring to a boil.

The total boil time will be 60 minutes. When 30 minutes remain add the 30-minute hops. After a total wort boil of 60 minutes turn off the heat. Immerse the covered pot of wort in a cold water bath and let sit for 15-30 minutes or the time it takes to have a couple of homebrews. Strain out and sparge hops and direct the hot wort into a sanitized fermenter to which 4 gallons (15 liters) of cold water has been added. If necessary add cold water to achieve a 10-gallon (38 liter) batch size. Aerate the wort very well.

Add the dry yeast to 1.5 cups of boiled water that has been cooled to 100° F (38° C). Let sit for rehydrating for about 20 minutes. Then pitch the yeast when temperature of wort is about 70° F (21° C). Ferment at about 70° F (21° C) until fermentation shows signs of calm and stopping. Rack from your primary to a secondary and add the hop pellets for dry hopping. If you have the capability, "cellar" the beer at about 55° F (12.5° C) for one to two weeks. Prime with sugar and bottle or keg when complete. Let age for 17 years if possible, but indulge sooner if necessary.

etal sweet corn-like character dominates. Acidity is quite strong, but it has softened a bit over the years. Not ever one of my favorites.

1993 Oregon Nut Brown Ale: This was the original recipe that Rogue Ales based their hazelnut ale on. Still very clean tasting. A bit of caramel-like aging accents the beer. Hazelnut continues to come through as well as it did in 1993. Creamy body and smooth balance.

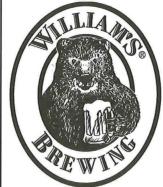
1994 Hail'Stormwiezen: This beer has been a warrior, stored under several types of not so ideal conditions. But over the years I have tasted it and never had the heart to throw it out. An American style, it has not survived as the complex wheat beer it originally was, but still retains a wonderful golden caramel nuance that saves it. Little oxidation other than the evolution of the caramel character. Balanced and clean with little hop character.

1997 Mid America Mead: Clean, not oxidized, wonderfully sparkling and pleasantly rose-like. Not particularly high in alcohol. A wonderful mead that has withstood the test of time.

1999 Geezer Gueuze: The best tasting homebrewed lambic-gueuze style beer I ever had in 1994 and still that good in 2007! Clean sourness is not excessive, rather in balance. Horsey Brettanomcyes character is evident, but contributes to the drinkabililty of this very refreshing gueuze. Hop bitterness is more evident in this beer than most typical Belgian brewed gueuze. Perfectly clear and effervescent. Spectacular beer that continues to hold up nicely.

Clearly the most complex and memorable of these beers (at least at this point in their evolution) was Nancy Vineyard and Byron Burch's 1990 brew. Byron and Nancy were partners at The Beverage People in Santa Rosa, Calif. So let's cut the shuck and jive and get on with the original 1990 recipe for Epicenter Imperial Stout.

Charlie Papazian is founder of the American Homebrewers Association.



HOME BREWERS!

Since 1979, William's Brewing has been the leader in direct home brewing sales. We feature a huge line of home brewing, winemaking, and coffee roasting equipment. Browse our extensive website or request our free catalog today!

www.williamsbrewing.com

Free Catalog Requests: 800-759-6025

2594 Nicholson St. • San Leandro • CA • 94577



Wine Kits
Wine Making
Supplies
and Wine
Making
Equipment



Wine and Beer Making Supplies for Home Brewers and Vintners

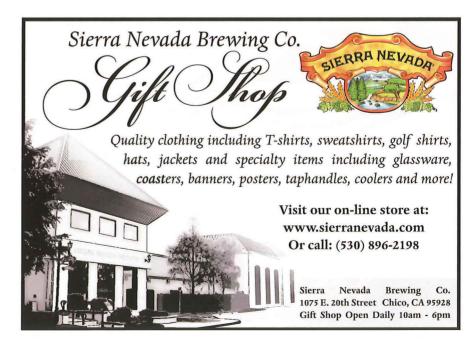


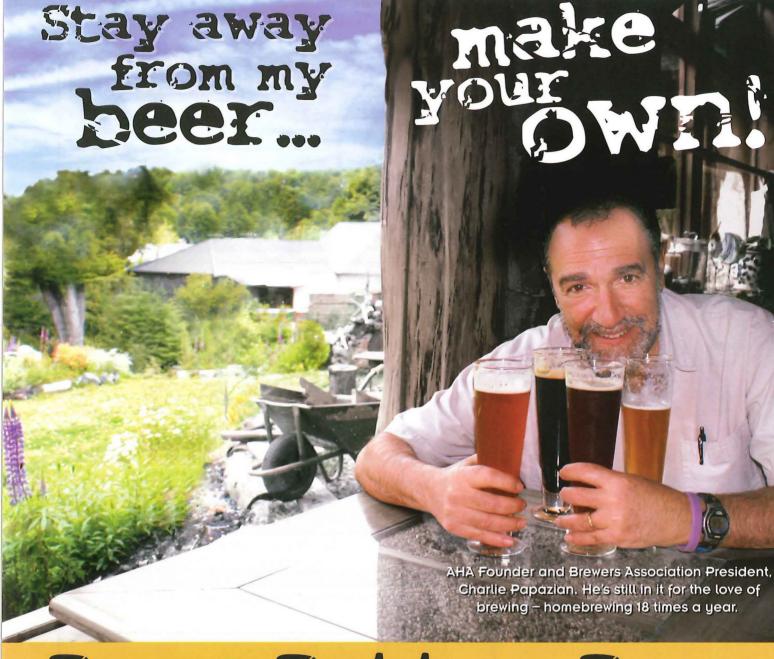
Beer Kits
Beer Making
Supplies
and Beer
Making
Equipment

Proud Sponsor of the Indiana State Fair Brewers Cup

Awarded *Retailer of the Year* by the 2005 & 2006 WineMaker International Amateur Wine Competition

Store: 108 S. Elkhart Ave. - Mail: 530 E. Lexington Ave. Ste 115, Elkhart IN 46516 Phone: 574-295-9975 - Email: info@HomeBrewlt.com - Web: www.HomeBrewlt.com Elkhart County's First and Finest Winemaking & Homebrew Specialty Store FREE Catalog ~ www.HomeBrewlt.com ~ FAST Shipping





Brew Better Beer.

Join the AHA's community of 14,000 homebrewers.



Membership has its benefits.

- Enjoy discounts on beer and food at pubs across America.
- Get advice from the daily Email Forum.
- Receive Zymurgy longest running homebrewing magazine in the world!
- Members-only session at the Great American Beer Festival.SM

www.beertown.org

Join for \$38 (US). International membership also available.



American Homebrewers Association aha@beertown.org • 1.888.822.6273

American Homebrewers Association A Division of the Brewers Association www.beertown.org



E.T. Barnette Homebrew Competition

E.T. Barnette was one of the founding fathers of Fairbanks, Alaska, and this edition's featured homebrew competition is named after him. Barnette also lent his name to streets and schools in the city. Of course there are some who say his historical significance is somewhat tainted by shady and underhanded dealings, and that he took unfair advantage of people to promote the city in its earliest days while also lining his pockets with gold from local prospectors. Some even refer to him as a scoundrel. Nevertheless, the E.T. Barnette Homebrew Competition in Fairbanks, Alaska is still celebrated with gusto every year, and those who enter are treated with a cheerful, quirky generosity that is probably very unlike its namesake.

The ETBHC has now been held for 11 years. At first it was sponsored by the city's Chamber of Commerce as part of its Golden Days Festivities. Present day organizers Scott and Chérie Stihler soon found that its organization could use a bit more enthusiasm, so they rose to the challenge and made the competition their own. And while they obviously love doing it, it is no small task—just filling the competition prize cache takes them a good six months. In fact, one of the judges this year commented to Chérie, "Please be sure to pass my thanks along to your committee."



The E.T. Barnette Homebrew Competiton is in its IIth year.





Judges in the E.T. Barnette Homebrew Competition judged 90 entries from 16 states.

Oktoberfest

for 6.0 U.S. gallons (22.7 liters)

Ingredients

2.0 lb	(0.90 kg) Maris Otter pale malt	
3.0 lb	(1.36 kg) Weyermann light (6°L) Munich malt	
4.0 lb	(1.81 kg) Vienna malt	
3.0 lb	(1.36 kg) Weyermann pilsner malt	
1.0 lb	(0.45 kg) melanoidin malt	
0.5 lb	(227 g) honey malt	
0.5 lb	(227 g) caramel Munich II malt (60°L)	
2.5 oz	(71 g) whole Hallertau hops, 3.9% alpha acid First Wort	
	Hops	
I.0 oz	(28 g) whole Hallertau hops, 3.9% alpha acid 20 min	
I tablet	Whirlfloc	
1/2 tsp	Irish Moss	
	Wyeast 2124 Bohemian Lager yeast (1 quart starter)	

Target Original Gravity: 1.056

Approximate Final Gravity: 1.018

Color: Deep golden

Directions

Add approximately 3 gallons (11.4 L) 142° F (61° C) water to grains for a 25 minute protein rest at 129° F (54° C). Add approximately 3 gallons of boiling water and heat (if necessary) to reach 155° F (68° C) for 35 minute saccharification rest. Mash out by adding heat to reach 164° F (73° C). Sparge with approximately 4.5 gallons (17 L) of 170° F (77° C) water (pH adjusted to 5.5 with lactic acid to prevent over-sparging of excess tannins).

Boil 65 minutes with first wort hop with 2.5 oz of hops, with last ounce of hops added 20 minutes from end of boil. Add one Whirlfloc tablet and 1/2 tsp. Irish moss 13 minutes from end of boil. Chill to 55° F (13° C) (immersion chiller used), then strain and sparge hops (with as much trub as possible) into 6 gallon carboy with yeast slurry. Primary ferment at 50° F (10°C) and rack to secondary fermenter on day 9. Raise temperature to 62° F (17° C) for two days for a diacetyl rest, then chill to 50° F (10° C). Reduce temperature gradually over one week to 40° F (4° C) and lager at this temperature for an additional six weeks. Rack to stainless keg and pressurize with approx. 2.4 volumes CO2, then bottle from keg. Note: The maltiness of this beer could be improved upon by using a decoction mash.

Whereupon a regular Anchorage judge snickered, "They are the committee!"



'Your Hometown Brewshop on the Web'

FEATURING

Fresh Ingredients
Wide Selection
Fast Shipping
Expert Advice
Easy Ordering
Phone or Web!

Visit our online store and catalog at www.grapeandgranary.com or call 800-695-9870 for a free catalog. You'll be glad you did!

Grape and Granary, Akron OH USA

LET US HELP YOU
BREW YOUR OWN
BEER - WINE - SODA

We offer one stop shopping for
- Equipment
- Ingredients
- Friendly, Knowledgeable Advice

- LOME BREWER
Since 1984 - Ozark, Missouri
1-800-321-BREW(2739)

Call Today to Receive a FREE Catalog!
www.homebrewery.com

Fairbanks is fairly far north on the map, even for Alaska, so the ETBHC might just be the northernmost homebrew competition in the U.S. But regardless of geography, what really sets this competition apart is the awards (and we don't just mean prizes, even though those are great too). The competition organizer always gives out special entry awards that most competitions don't, regardless of their size.

For example, this year E.T. Barnette received 90 entries from 16 states, and a

special award that's always given out is the Globetrotter Award. This is given to the entry submitted from the farthest distance from Fairbanks, and the award itself features a "squishy" globe attached to a gold plastic trophy. This year Ronald Snell of Melbourne, Fla. took the honor. As Scott Stihler explains, "His beers traveled a total of 3,813 miles (6,137 km) as the raven flies (we don't have crows here)."

Then there's the Battered Bottle Cap award for the entry with the most amusing name.

*

KUDOS-BEST OF SHOW

AHA/BJCP Sanctioned Competition Program

May 2007

The BrewMasters Open, 332 entries—John Little, Huntsville, AL.

Santa Cruz Mountain Brewing HomeBrew to ProBrew, 5 entries—Dave Bossie, Ben Lomond, CA.

June 2007

8th Annual New York State Fair Home Brew Competition, 136 entries—Jake Ocque, Amherst, NY.

Great Canadian Homebrew Competition, 56 entries—Ian Johnson, Scarborough, ON.
Upstream Homebrew Competition, 22 entries—Elliott Spilker and Brian Hoesing, Omaha, NE.

U.P. North Fermentation Authority, 26 entries—Edward Mathis, Beecher, WI.

July 2007

Westgate Brewers Stout Extravaganza, 55 entries—Paul Rigby.

Amador County Fair Homebrew Competition, 66 entries—Chris Simental, Los Angeles, CA. Amador Invitational, 50 entries—Lodi Beer Company, Lodi, CA.

Dominion Cup, 88 entries—Harrison Gibbs, Williamsburg, VA.

NAH Presents Mountaintop Homebrew Competition, 20 entries—Scott R Beagle, Sierra Vista, AZ.

Indiana State Fair Brewers Cup, 630 entries— Bill Ballinger, Shelbyville, IN.

E.T. Barnette Homebrew Competition, 90 entries—Steven Jayich, Anchorage, AK.

Iron Brewer 2007, 32 entries—Robert Westendorf, Cincinnati, OH.

Ohio State Fair Homebrew Competition, 211 entries—Sam Santabarbara, Seven Hills, OH. lowa State Fair, 156 entries—Matt Nelson,

Montrose County Fair, 82 entries—Eric Svensen and Andrea Gray, Montrose, CO.

10th Annual Mountain Brewer Open, 187 entries—Cody Wiseman, Charleston, WV.

Nevada County Fair Homebrew Competition, 18 entries—Michael Faulkner, CO.

August 2007

California Brewers Festival Commercial Competition, 156 entries—Peter Hoey, Sacramento Brewing Company, Sacramento, CA.

12th Annual Montgomery County Agricultural Fair Homebrew Competition, 107 entries— Wendy Aaronson and Bill Ridgely, Rockville, MD.

Spirits of Baker County, 44 entries—Ted Hausotter, Baker City, OR.

Grant County Fair, 24 entries—Daryl Friesen, Moses Lake, WA.

Kentucky State Fair, 152 entries—Morgan Jones, Bagdad, KY.

New Mexico State Fair Pro-Am, 210 entries— Thomas Lee, Albuquerque, NM.

AHA Club-Only Competition Strong Ale, 41 entries—Scott Endicott, Salt Lake City, UT.

2007 Blues 'N' Brews, 58 entries—Chris Dodge, Groton, MA.

Benton-Franklin County Fair, 14 entries—James Golovich, Richland, WA.

Beer and Sweat, 257 entries—Ron Mahan, Cincinnati, OH.

Western Washington Fair Amateur Beer Competition, 64 entries—Troy Browne, Carnation, WA.

Colorado State Fair Homebrew Competition, 223 entries—John Stromberger, Livermore, CO. The Cactus Challenge, 80 entries—Matt Craft,

Lubbock, TX.
The Bruery Batch No. 01 Competition, 34

The Bruery Batch No. 01 Competition, 34 entries—Loren Miraglia and Mark Graham, Encinitas and San Clemente, CA.

September 2007

Malt Madness, 276 entries—Benjamin Potts, Glenside, PA.

Santa Cruz County Fair Homebrew Competition, 47 entries—William Moller, Ben Lomond, CA.

Great Frederick Fair, 107 entries—Brian Gruner, Frederick County, MD.

As Chérie puts it, "If the name causes the registrar's tea to spew, chances are you have yourself a winner." This year's award went to Alan Ruff, who named his American amber ale Wooden Shark's Fart.

Obviously, a devilish sense of humor is at work behind this competition, but some of the more valuable prizes (though perhaps not quite as prestigious) are really impressive. The Best of Show winner gets a \$500 check mailed to them the Monday after the judging. Other prizes vary every year. Chérie says. "We've had polos, denim shirts and jackets, hats, brewing software, brewing books, CDs, glassware, regular coasters, leather coasters, style color guides, frisbees, gift certificates, hops, sanitizer, malt extract...oh, and Rogue once sent up a very large number of condoms." If that weren't enough, it is also traditional for all entrants to receive a bottle of hot sauce, and the formula for the spicy condiment changes every year.

AHA SPECIAL EVENTS

October 27

AHA Rally-Yazoo Brewing Co. Nashville, TN. Contact: Kathryn Porter, Phone: 888-822-6273 x 123, E-mail: Kathryn@BrewersAssociation.org, Web: www.AHArally.org

November 3

AHA Teach a Friend to Homebrew Day Your Brewery, USA. Contact: Janis Gross, Phone: 888-822-6273 x 134, E-mail: Janis@BrewersAssociation.org Web: www.beertown.org/events/teach/index.html

November 3

AHA Rally-Badaboomz Ale House & Grill Indianapolis, IN. Contact: Kathryn Porter, Phone: 888-822-6273 x 123, E-mail: Kathryn@BrewersAssociation.org, Web: www.AHArally.org

November 3

AHA Rally-Boulder Beer Co. Boulder, CO. Contact: Kathryn Porter, Phone: 888-822-6273 x 123, E-mail: Kathryn@BrewersAssociation.org, Web: www.AHArally.org

November 3

AHA Rally-Raccoon River Brewing Co. West Des Moines, IA. Contact: Kathryn Porter, Phone: 888-822-6273 x 123, E-mail: Kathryn@BrewersAssociation.org, Web: www.AHArally.org

The venue for the competition in 2007 was, as it has been for all but three years of its illustrious history, the Silver Gulch Brewing and Bottling Company. Located in Fox, Alaska, 10 miles north of Fairbanks, they are the most northerly brewery in the United States, and with a restaurant, walkin cooler space, comfortable tasting room for judging sessions and a helpful and knowledgeable staff, they provide a perfect location for the competition. They also helped out by donating prizes. Another brewery that rendered assistance was Alaskan Brewing Company, which not only donated prizes for the competition but the

use of two highly qualified judges as well.

Best of Show winner Steven Jayich was kind enough to share his winning Oktoberfest recipe with us. You might want to plan on sending a few bottles of your best to the next E.T. Barnette Homebrew Competition. It may be far away, but with this many great prizes, this is one homebrew competition that is well worth the postage!

Amahl Turczyn Scheppach is a former craft brewer and associate editor for Zymurgy, and now brews at home in Lafayette, Colo.



6633 Nieman Rd Shawnee, KS 66203 (913) 962-2501



Store Hours Mon., Tue., Fri. 9:30-6:00 Wed. & Thu. 9:30-8:00 Sat. 9:30-5:00

www.bacchus-barleycorn.com

One stop shopping for home beer, wine, mead, cider, soda, cheese and vinegar makers.

Personal attention to your brewing & winemaking needs

and more . . .

These stainless steel 10 & 15 Gal. Brew Pots brew pots are a must for every micro/home brewer!

Ball Valves Thermometer **False Bottoms**

Strainers and Spoons Funnels and Scoops Measurers and Pots





www.polarware.com

For a dealer nearest you

800-237-3655



AHA/BJCP SANCTIONED COMPETITION PROGRAM CALENDAR



Want to discuss judging, beer styles, competitions and exams? Join the BJCP Members Forum at www.bjcp.org/phpBB2/index.php.

To register a new competition, please go to www.bjcp.org/apps/comp_reg/comp_reg.html. Check the AHA or BJCP Web sites to see the latest calendar of events. Competition organizers: please remember to submit your results promptly using our electronic system. Competitions not filing organizer reports will not be allowed to register in the future.



Interested in becoming a beer judge? See www.beertown.org/homebrewing/scp/judge.html for information.

October 27

Queen of Beer Women's HBC Placerville, CA. Contact: Elizabeth Zangari. Phone: 530-626-1941, E-mail: bierbeth@yahoo.com Web: www.hazeclub.org

October 27

Sunshine Challenge 2007 Orlando, FL. Contact: Michael Urban. Phone: 407-977-5494, E-mail: mjurban@cfl.rr.comWeb: www.cflb.org

October 27

Oktobers'Best Zinzinnati Cincinnati, OH. Contact: Rick Franckhauser: Phone: 513-921-4945. E-mail: franckenbrew@yahoo.com Web: www.malt-infusers.org

October 27

Oktoberfest and German Beer Festival
Dromana, Victoria, Australia. Contact: Rodney
Patterson. Phone: + 0401 333477. E-mail: rodpatterson100@yahoo.com.au

October 27

Hoppy Halloween Challenge Fargo, ND. Contact: Susan Ruud. Phone: 701-282-8830, E-mail: susan.ruud@ndsu.edu Web: www.prairiehomebrewers.org/hoppyhalloween.htm

October 28

Castle Hill Agricultural Society Home Brewing Championship Sydney, Australia. Contact: Chris Lynch. Phone: 61-2-98731843. E-mail: chris.lynch@ozemail.com.au Web: www.hillsbrewersguild.com

October 28

The Masters Homebrew Competition La Quinta, CA. Contact: Brent Brubaker: Phone: 961-686-0876, E-mail: brubrew@mac.com Web: www.hopheads.com

November 3

Novembeerfest Kent, WA. Contact: Tim Hayner. Phone: 253-631-2816, E-mail: president@impalingalers.org Web: www.impalingalers.org

November 3

Sunflower Challenge 2007 Lawrence, KS.
Contact: Craig Cottingham. Phone: 913-397-6809,
E-mail: craig@cottingham.net, Web: lawrencebrewers.org

November 3

The New England Regional Home Brew Competition Manchester, NH. Contact: Brian Rousseau. Phone: 603-520-5500. E-mail: allgrain-brews@yahoo.com Web: www.bfd.org/nerhbc

November 3

Franco Belgian Challenge Cup Verona, WI.
Contact: Mark Schnepper: Phone: 608-882-4523, Email: mschnepper@charter.net Web:
www.mhtg.org/MHTGContests.html

November 3

Foam on the Range 2007 Denver, CO. Contact: Tom Gardner. Phone: 303-863-0209, E-mail: tomagardner@cs.com Web: www.foamontherange.org

November 10

California State Homebrew Competition San Francisco, CA. Contact: Mike Riddle. Phone: 707-259-1421, E-mail: mjriddle I @comcast.net Web: www.nchfinfo.org

November 10

Wizard of SAAZ Homebrew Competition Akron, OH. Contact: Mike Krajewski. Phone: 440-327-3171, E-mail: kujo@nccrs.com Web: www.hbd.org/saaz/wos

November 10

Knickerbocker Battle of the Brews Albany, NY. Contact: James Azotea. Phone: 518-587-0525, E-mail: jazotea@nycap.rr.com Web: www.thoroughbrews.com

November 10

Richmond Wort Hog Brew Fest Columbus Township, Ml. Contact: Amanda Mueller: Phone: 248-981-9568, E-mail: ac.mueller@comcast.net Web: www.richmondworthogs.org

November 10

Turkey Shoot 2007 Baltimore, MD. Contact: Jack Mowbray. Phone: 410-489-2532, E-mail: jmowbray@verizon.net Web: www.maltclub.org

November 10

Fall Classic Portland, OR. Contact: Jeremie Landers. Phone: 503-890-2361, E-mail: obccomp@oregonbrewcrew.com Web: www.oregonbrewcrew.com/fallclassic.html

November 10

Bay Street Bash Savannah, GA. Contact: Klugh Kennedy. Phone: 912-228-3003. E-mail: KlughKennedy@comcast.net Web: www.hbd.org/sbl

November 10

FOSSILS Porter Competition New Albany, IN. Contact: Ed Tash. Phone: 812-945-8122, E-mail: portercompetition@fossils.org Web: www.fossils.org

November 10

All About Ales 2007 Ajax, ON, Canada. Contact: Kevin Tighe. Phone: 905-426-6561, E-mail: kevin.tighe@sympatico.ca Web: www.homebrewers.ca

November 17

Land of the Muddy Waters Rock Island, IL. Contact: Jason Gabriel. Phone: 563-529-3165, Email: alphaacid99@yahoo.com Web: www.mugz.org

November 17

I6th Annual Great Brews of America Homebrew Competition Lake Harmony, PA. Contact: Shelly Lutz. Phone: 570-722-9901. E-mail: shelly.lutz@splitrockresort.com/Web: www.splitrockresort.com/beerfest

December I

9th Annual Palmetto State Brewers Open Columbia, SC. Contact: Gerald Jowers. Phone: 803-798-7914, E-mail: sumter | 802@yahoo.com Web: www.sagecat.com/psbo9.htm

December I

Dickens Fair Black & Tan HBC Daly City, CA. Contact: Kevin Pratt. Phone: 916-348-8667, E-mail: brewfun@sbcglobal.net Web: www.dickensfair.com

December 2

Walk the Line on Barleywine and Strong Ale Stumble Dunedin, FL. Contact: Nelson Crowle. Phone: 727-534-6944. E-mail: Nelson@DunedinBrewersGuild.com Web: www.DunedinBrewersGuild.com

December 8

HOTV Holiday Hoopla I Corvallis, OR. Contact: Robert Saathoff. Phone: 541-929-3045, E-mail: b.saathoff@comcast.net Web: www.hotv.org

January II

Big Beers, Belgians & Barleywines Homebrew Competition Vail, CO. Contact: Laura Lodge. Phone: 970-977-0100, E-mail: bigbeersfestival@hot-mail.com Web: www.BigBeersFestival.com

January 26

Upper Mississippi Mash-Out St. Paul, MN. Contact: Al Boyce. Phone: 952-927-8968, E-mail: alboyce@bigfoot.com Web: www.mnbrewers.com/mashout

January 26

Meadliennium 2008 Oviedo, FL. Contact: Howard Curran. Phone: 407-365-3215, E-mail: OCurrans@cfl.rr.com Web: www.cfhb.org/mead

February 8

2008 International Mead Festival/Home Mead Maker Competition Lakewood, CO. Contact: Glenn Exline. Phone: 321-636-6925, E-mail: gexline@cfl.rr.com Web: www.hmmc.mead-fest.com

February 22

Kansas City Bier Meisters 25th Anniversary
Kansas City, KS. Contact: Neava Ford. Phone: 913432-9630, E-mail: missneava@kc.rr.com Web:
www.kcbiermeisters.org

April II

Titletown Open XIV

Green Bay, WI. Contact: Michael Conard. Phone: 920-388-2728. E-mail: mconard@itol.com

YOUR SOURCE FOR HOMEBREW SUPPLIES

To list here and on www.beertown.org. call Stephanie Hutton at 303.447.0816 ext. 109 or email hutton@brewersassociation.org.

Alabama

The Wine Smith 6800 A Moffett Road (US Hwy 98) Mobile, AL 36618 (251) 645-5554 winesmith@BellSouth.net www.thewinesmith.biz Complete line of brewing ingredi-

ents and fermentation, bottling and kegging supplies.

Werner's Trading Company 1115 4th Street SW Cullman, AL 35055 (800) 965-8796 FAX (256) 734-5687 rob@wernerstradingco.com www.wernerstradingco.com

The unusual store—beer, wine supplies, grills, spices, bikes, Orvis, knives.

Arizona

Brewers Connection 1425 East University Dr. #B103 Tempe, AZ 85281 (In the University Plaza) 480-449-3720 jeffrey@brewersconnection.com www.brewersconnection.com The valley's full service fermantation station.

Brew Your Own Brew, LLC 2564 North Campbell Ave. #106 Tucson, AZ 85719 (520) 322-5049; Toll free (888) 322-5049 www.brewyourownbrew.com Where the art of homebrewing

Homebrew Depot 2655 W. Guadalupe Rd. Suite 12 Mesa, Arizona 85202 (480) 831-3030 FAX (480) 831-3030 info@homebrewdepot.com www.homebrewdepot.com Beer, Wine, Mead, Sake, Cider, and Soda brewing ingredients and equipment. Your one-stop homebrew shop.

Homebrewers Outpost & Mail Order Co. 801 South Milton Road Flagstaff, AZ 86001 (800) 450-9535 outpost@homebrewers.com www.homebrewers.com Free shipping in AZ on orders over \$50.

What Ale's Ya 6363 West Bell Road Glendale, AZ 85308 (623) 486-8016 wav2brew@mindspring.com

Arkansas

Fermentables Homebrew & Winemakers Supply 3915 Crutcher North Little Rock, AR 72118 (501) 758-6261 ferment@fermentables.com www.fermentables.com Fermentables offers an extensive line of beer, wine and cheese making

California

The Beverage People 840 Piner Rd. #14 Santa Rosa, CA 95403 (707) 544-2520; (800) 544-1867 FAX (707) 544-5729 www.thebeveragepeople.com

Brewers Discount 8565 Twin Trails Dr. Antelope, CA 95843 (916) 723-8859; (800) 901-8859 FAX (916) 723-8859 sales@brewersdiscount.com www.brewersdiscount.com

Doc's Cellar 855 Capitolio Rd. #2 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401 (805) 781-9974 FAX (805) 781-9975 email@docscellar.com www.docscellar.com

Hi-Time Wine Cellars 250 Ogle Street Costa Mesa, CA 92627 (800) 331-3005; (949) 650-8463 FAX (949) 631-6863 hitimeclrs@aol.com www.hitimewine.net Hi-Time carries 1,000-plus beers (craft beers & imports), Shrine Of The Brew God homebrew kits and White Labs yeasts as well as wine, spirits and cigars.

Hop Tech 6398 Dougherty Rd. Ste 7 Dublin, CA 94568 (800) 379-4677; (800)-DRY-HOPS FAX (925) 875-0248 orders@hoptech.com www.hoptech.com

Hops, Grains, Yeasts, Root Beer, Liqueurs, Wine Kits & Supplies. Home Brew A Hobby You Can Drink.

HydroBrew

1319 South Coast Highway Oceanside, CA 92054 (760) 966-1885 FAX (760) 966-1886 hydrobrew@sbcglobal.net www.hvdrobrew.com Metable Homebrewing and hydroponics supplies-Serving the San Diego area.

Morning Glory Fermentation Supply 6601-C Merchandise Way Diamond Springs, CA 95619 (866) 622-9660 FAX (866) 622-3124 sales@morninggloryfermentation.com www.morninggloryfermentation.com Great Selection. Awesome serv-

ice. Secure online ordering.

Mr. Kegs 17871 Beach Blvd. Huntington Beach, CA 92647 (1/2 block north of Talbert) (714) 847-0799 FAX 714-847-0557 beer@mrkeas.com www.mrkegs.com

We carry Steinfiller homebrew kits & other homebrew supplies. We also stock the largest selection of Keg beer in Orange County! We even sell & repair Kegerators!

Napa Fermentation Supplies 575 3rd St., Blg. A (Inside Town & Country Fairgrounds) P.O. Box 5839 Napa, CA 94559 (707) 255-6372; FAX (707) 255-6462 wineyes@aol.com www.napafermentation.com Serving all of your homebrew needs since 1983!

Original Home Brew Outlet 5528 Auburn Blvd., #1 Sacramento, CA 95841 (916) 348-6322 FAX (916) 348-0453 jjjaxon@cwnet.com www.go.to/homebrew_outlet/

O'Shea Brewing Company 28142 Camino Capistrano Laguna Niguel, CA 92677 (949) 364-4440 info@osheabrewing.com www.osheabrewing.com Southern California's largest and oldest homebrew store.

Seven Bridges Co-op **Organic Homebrew Supplies** 325A River Street Santa Cruz, CA 95060 (800) 768-4409 FAX (831) 466-9844 7bridges@breworganic.com www.breworganic.com Complete selection of organicallyarown brewing ingredients. Supplies and equipment too! Secure online ordering.

ZYMURGY CONNECTION

Stein Fillers
4160 Norse Way
Long Beach, CA 90808
(562) 425-0588
brew@steinfillers.com
www.steinfillers.com

Home of the Long Beach
Homebrewers.

William's Brewing 2594 Nicholson Street San Leandro, CA 94577 (800) 759-6025 service@Williamsbrewing.com www.Williamsbrewing.com

Colorado

Beer and Wine at Home 1325 W. 121st Ave. Westminster, CO 80234 (720) 872-9463 FAX (720) 872-1234 bob@beerathome.com www.beerathome.com

Beer at Home 4393 S. Broadway Englewood, CO 80110 (303) 789-3676; (800) 789-3677 FAX (303) 781-2388 beer@beerathome.com www.beerathome.com

The Brew Hut
15108 East Hampden Ave.
Aurora, CO 80014
(303) 680-8898; (800) 730-9336
www.thebrewhut.com

Wine, Mead and Soda. We have it all!

Hops and Berries

125 Remington St
Ft. Collins, CO 80524
(970) 493-2484
hopsandberries@gmail.com
www.hopsandberries.com

Home Brew and Wine Making
Supplies in Fort Collins!

Lil Ole Winemaker 516 Main St. Grand Junction, CO 81501 (970) 242-3754; (888) 302-7673

Line-Crafters & Homebrew Supplies
625 Paonia St.
Colorado Springs, CO 80915
(719) 528-1651
dlujan@MyHomeBrew.com
www.myhomebrew.com

We Your complete source for Brewing
Beer and Wine! We offer both On-

Premise Beer and Wine making!

Stomp Them Grapes! LLC 2563 15th Street 101 Denver, CO 80211-3944 (303) 433-6552; (888) 99-STOMP FAX (303) 433-6554 www.stompthemgrapes.com

Description Street Street** S

Connecticut

Beer & Wine Makers
Warehouse
290 Murphy Road
Hartford, CT 06114
(860) 247-2919
FAX (860) 247-2969
bwmwct@cs.com
www.bwmwct.com

your one stop shop for all your
Beer & Wine Making Supplies.

Brew & Wine Hobby 98-C Pitkin Street East Hartford, CT 06108 (860) 528-0592; (800) 352-4238 brewandwine@att.net www.brew-wine.com

(ii) CT's oldest supplier of beer & winemaking supplies. 39 pre-made beer kits & the largest selection of wine kits in area.

Maltose Express 887 Main St. (Rte 25) Monroe, CT 06468 (203) 452-7332; (800) MALTOSE FAX (203) 445-1589 sales@maltose.com www.maltose.com

© Connecticut's largest homebrew & winemaking supply store owned by the authors of Clonebrews & Beer Captured. Buy pre-made kits for all 300 recipes in Szamatulski's books.

Delaware

Delmarva Brewing Craft
24612 Wiley Branch Road
Millsboro, DE 19966
(877) 556-9433
FAX (302) 934-1701
contact@delmarvabrewingcraft.com
www.delmarvabrewingcraft.com

iii Full range of beer and wine supplies – Plus beer kits based on recipes
from Sam Calagione's book Extreme
Brewing.

How Do You Brew
Shoppes at Louviers
203 Louviers Dr.
Newark, DE 19711
(302) 738-7009
FAX (302) 738-5651
joe@howdoyoubrew.com
www.howdoyoubrew.com

Ingredients and Equipment for Brewing Beer, Making Wine, Mead and Soft Drinks and Kegging Equipment.

Florida

BX Beer Depot 2964 2nd Ave. North Lake Worth, FL 33461 (561) 965-9494 FAX (561) 965-9494 sales@bxbeerdepot.com www.bxbeerdepot.com

B BX Beer Depot is a full service home brew supply and ingredients retail store in South Florida.

Homebrew Den 1350 E. Tennesee St. #B-3 Tallahasse, FL 32308 (800) 923-BREW FAX (850) 219-0910 www.HomebrewDen.com Info@HomebrewDen.com

Just Brew It

Providing supplies, equipment and advice for making beer, wine, mead and cider for over 10 years.

4545-1 Shirley Ave.
Jacksonville, FL 32210
(904) 381-1983
info@justbrewitjax.com
www.justbrewitjax.com

We carry all your beer & wine
making supplies.

Sunset Suds, Inc. P.O. Box 1444 Crawfordville, FL 32326 (800) 786-4184 FAX (850) 926-3204 headquarters@sunsetsuds.com www.sunsetsuds.com

Georgia

Beer Necessities
10595 Old Alabama Rd. Connector
Alpharetta, GA 30022
(770) 645-1777
FAX (770) 945-1006
beernec@aol.com
www.BeerNecessities.com;
www.brewvan.com

ⓑ Georgia's Largest Brewing Supply Store! Providing a complete line of supplies for all your Wine & Beer needs./ Custom Bar Design/ Draft Dispensing Systems (Installations & Service)/ Award winning Brewer & Vinter on staff.

Idaho

Brew Connoisseurs
(Brew Con)
3894 W State Street
Boise, ID 83703
(208) 344-5141
FAX (208) 344-5141
kc83634@aol.com
www.brewcon.com

Don't settle for less, brew the best!

Illinois

Brew & Grow
1824 N. Beasley Ct.
Chicago, IL 60622
(773) 395-1500
www.altgarden.com

Check out our new store in Rockford, IL (815) 874-5700

Brew & Grow
2379 Bode Rd.
Schaumburg, IL 60194
(847) 885-8282
www.altgarden.com

Check out our new store in
Rockford, IL (815) 874-5700

The Brewer's Coop 30W114 Butterfield Rd. Warrenville, IL 60555 (630) 393-BEER FAX (630) 393-2323 info@thebrewerscoop.com www.TheBrewersCoop.com

Chicagoland
Winemakers Inc.
689 W. North Ave.
Elmhurst, IL 60126-2132
(630) 834-0507; (800) 226-BREW
FAX (630) 834-0591
cwinemaker@aol.com
www.cwinemaker.com

Fox Valley Homebrew & Winery Supplies
14 West Downer Place

Aurora, IL 60506 (630) 892-0742 www.foxvalleybrew.com

Wine Full line of Quality Beer & Wine Making Supplies. Great Prices & Personalized Service

Home Brew Shop LTD
225 W. Main St.
St. Charles, IL 60174
(630) 377-1338
FAX (630) 377-3913
www.homebrewshopltd.com

iii Full line of kegging equipment.
Varietal honey.

Somethings Brewn'
Homebrew and
Winemaking Supplies
401 E Main St.
Galesburg, IL 61401
(309) 341-4118
somethingsbrewn@seminary
street.com
www.somethingsbrewn.com

Midwestern Illinois' most complete beer and winemaking shop.

Indiana

Butler Winery, Inc.
1022 N. College Ave.
Bloomington, IN 47404
(812) 339-7233
vineyard@butlerwinery.com
www.butlerwinery.com
Southern Indiana's largest selection of homebrewing and winemaking supplies. Secure shopping online

Great Fermentations of Indiana 5127 E. 65th St. Indianapolis, IN 46220 (317) 257-9463

at www.butlerwinery.com

anita@greatfermentations.com www.greatfermentations.com

Kennywood Brewing Supply Crown Point, IN 46307 (219) 765-2739

www.kennywoodbrew.com

More Homebrewing ingredients and more! From beginners Kits to Conicals. Retail outlet hours: by appt.

Quality Wine and Ale Supply

Store: 108 S. Elkhart Ave. Mail: 530 E. Lexington Ave.,Ste. 115 Elkhart, IN 46516

(574) 295-9975 info@HomeBrewlt.com www.Homebrewlt.com

Wine and Beer Making Supplies for Home Brewers and Vintners.

The Wine-N-Vine 1524 East McGalliard Rd. Muncie, IN 47303 (765) 282-3300 FAX (765) 282-3400 The 1 Wine Vine@aol.com

www.wine-N-vine.com

Beer & wine brewing supplies
and complete hydroponics systems!
Do it yourself & enjoy it yourself!

lowa

Bluff Street Brew Haus 372 Bluff Street

Dubuque, IA 52001 (563) 582-5420 jerry@bluffbrewhaus.com www.bluffbrewhaus.com

W Proudly serving the tri-state area with a complete line of beer & winemaking supplies.

Kansas

Bacchus & Barleycorn Ltd. 6633 Nieman Rd. Shawnee, KS 66203 (913) 962-2501 FAX (913) 962-0008 bacchus@bacchus-barleycorn.com www.bacchus-barleycorn.com

Homebrew Pro Shoppe, Inc. 2059 E. Santa Fe Olathe, KS 66062 (913) 768-1090; (866) BYO-BREW Charlie@brewcat.com www.brewcat.com

For all your brewing equipment and supply needs!

Maryland

The Flying Barrel (BOP) 103 South Carroll St. Frederick, MD 21701

(301) 663-4491 FAX (301) 663-6195 mfrank2923@aol.com www.flyingbarrel.com

Maryland's first Brew On Premise with a large selection of homebrew, mead and winemaking supplies.

Maryland Homebrew 6770 Oak Hall Lane Suite 115 Columbia, MD 21045 (410) 290-3768; (888) BREW NOW; (888) 273-9669 FAX (410) 290-6795 chris@mdhb.com www.mdhb.com

Massachusetts

Beer and Wine Hobby 155T New Boston St. Woburn, MA 01801 (800) 523-5423 (781) 933-1359 FAX (781) 933-1359 shop@beer-wine.com www.beer-wine.com

Mone Stop Shopping for All Your Home Wine & Brewing Equipment & Supplies.

Modern Homebrew Emporium

2304 Massachusetts Ave. Cambridge, MA 02140 (617) 498-0444 www.modernbrewer.com

NFG Homebrew Supplies

72 Summer Street Leominster, MA 01453 (978) 840-1955; (866) 559-1955 nfgbrew@aol.com www.nfghomebrew.com

Great prices, personalized service! Secure online ordering.

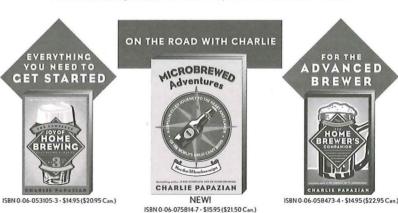
Strange Brew Beer & Winemaking Supplies

41 Boston Post Road E (Route 20) Marlboro, MA 01752 (508) 460-5050; 888-BREWING; (888) 273-9464 strangebrew@home-brew.com www.Home-Brew.com

b Secure online ordering. We put the Dash back in Home-Brew!



From bestselling author and beer expert CHARLIE PAPAZIAN



Collins An Imprint of HarperCollinsPublishers www.harpercollins.com

www.AuthorTracker.com

ZYMURGY CONNECTION

West Boylston Homebrew Emporium Causeway Mall, Rt. 12 West Boylston, MA 01583 (508) 835-3374; 1-877-315-BREW www.wbhomebrew.com

Michigan

Adventures in Homebrewing 23869 Van Born Rd. Taylor, MI 48180 (313) 277-BREW (2739) FAX (313) 299-1114 jason@homebrewing.org www.homebrewing.org

Beer Depot
Homebrew Supply
114 East William
Ann Arbor, MI 48104
(734) 623-4430
bensmountain@yahoo.com
www.a2beerdepot.com

iii Everything homebrewing and a selection of over 700 beers!

Cap 'n' Cork
Homebrew Supply
16812 21 Mile Road
Macomb, MI 48044
(586) 286-5202
FAX (586) 286-5133
capncork@covad.net
www.capncorkhomebrew.com

We carry a full selection of Beer
and Winemaking Equipment!

Hopman's Beer & Wine Making Supplies 4636 W. Walton Blvd. Waterford, MI 48329 (248) 674-HOPS (4677) hopmans@sbcglobal.net www.hopmanssupply.com

Kuhnhenn Brewing Co.
5919 Chicago Rd.
Warren, MI 48092
(586) 264-2351
www.brewingworld.com

Brew on Premise, Microbrewery,
Winery, Homebrewing Supplies,
Meadery.

The Red Salamander 205 N. Bridge St. Grand Ledge, MI 48837 (517) 627-2012 www.TheRedSalamander.com

Siciliano's Market
2840 Lake Michigan Dr. NW
Grand Rapids, MI 49504
(616) 453-9674;
(800) 418-7270
FAX (616) 453-9687
sici-2840@msn.com
www.sicilianosmkt.com

Interview of home-brew supplies in western Michigan!

Things Beer 1093 Highview Drive Webberville, MI 48892 (866) 521-2337 (517) 521-2337 homebrew@thingsbeer.com www.thingsbeer.com U-Brew 1486 Washtenaw Ave Ypsilanti, MI 48197 (734) 337-2015 contact@ubrewmichigan.com Ubrewmichigan.com.

We also have an on premise microwinery for people to make their own wine and we offer a 10% discount on homebrewing supplies to AHA members.

Missouri

Homebrew Pro Shoppe, Inc.
14 SW 3rd Street Downtown
Lee's Summit, MO 84063
(816) 524-0808; (866) BYO-BREW
Charlie@brewcat.com
www.brewcat.com
For all your brewing equipment
and supply needs!

Home Brew Supply LLC 3508 S. 22nd St. St. Joseph, MO 64503 (816) 233-9688; (800) 285-4695 info@thehomebrewstore.com www.thehomebrewstore.com @ Everything you need for brewi

© Everything you need for brewing and vinting. Secure online ordering and fast, friendly service.

The Home Brewery
205 W. Bain
P.O. Box 730
Ozark, MO 65721
(800) 321-BREW (2739)
(417) 581-0963
FAX (417) 485-4107
brewery@homebrewery.com
www.homebrewery.com

§ Since 1984, fast, friendly service

and great prices for all your fermentation needs. Secure online ordering.

St. Louis Wine & Beermaking

251 Lamp & Lantern Village
St. Louis, MO 63017
(636) 230-8277;
(888) 622-WINE
FAX (636) 527-5413
www.wineandbeermaking.com
info@wineandbeermaking.com

The complete source for beer,
wine and mead makers!

Montana

Montana Home Brewing Supply 7220 Hwy 93 So. PO BOX 1142 Lakeside, MT 59922 (406) 844-0407 sales@MTHBS.com www.MTHBS.com

Nebraska

ness for 5 generations. We know how to homebrew! Kirk's Brew

1150 Cornhusker Highway Lincoln, NE 68521 (402) 476-7414 FAX (402) 476-9242 www.kirksbrew.com

Take advantage of our new 1/2 price shipping program – Call us for details!



Fermenter's Supply & Equipment

8410 'K' Plaza, Suite 10 (84th & J street, BEHIND-Just Good Meat) Omaha, NE 68127 (402) 593-9171 FAX (402) 593-9942 Isobetski@msn.com www.fermenterssupply.com

Fresh beer & winemaking supplies since 1971. Six different starter kits. We ship!

New Hampshire

New Jersey

110A Greentree Rd.

Beercrafters

The Brewer's Apprentice

179 South Street
Freehold, NJ 07728
(732) 863-9411
FAX (732) 863-9412
info@brewapp.com
www.brewapp.com

Where you're the brewer! New Jersey's only brew-on-premises. Fully stocked homebrew supply store.

New York

www.ejwren.com

E.J. Wren Homebrewer, Inc.
Ponderosa Plaza
Old Liverpool Rd.
Liverpool, NY 13088
(315) 457-2282;
(800) 724-6875
ejwren@twcny.rr.com

Largest Homebrew Shop in Central New York!

Hennessey Homebrew Emporium

470 N. Greenbush Rd. Rensselaer, NY 12144 (800) 462-7397 FAX (518) 283-1893 rogersav@aol.com www.beerbrew.com

Niagara Tradition Homebrew

1296 Sheridan Drive Buffalo, NY 14217 (716) 877-8767; (800) 283-4418 FAX (716) 877-6274 ntbrew@localnet.com www.nthomebrew.com

W Low-cost UPS shipping daily from the region's largest in-stock inventory. Convenient and secure online shopping. Knowledgeable staff.

Party Creations

345 Rokeby Road Red Hook, NY 12571 (845) 758-0661 FAX (845) 758-0661 info@partycreations.net www.partycreations.net

We Your complete source for beer and winemaking supplies and help when you need it.

North Carolina

Alternative Beverage 114 Freeland Lane Suite E Charlotte, NC 28217

(704) 527-2337; (800) 365-BREW ABsales@ebrew.com www.ebrew.com

W Now operating in 7,000 sq ft to give quicker service, more products & fewer back orders. New catalog! The BEST and getting better.

Asheville Brewers Supply

712 Merrimon Avenue, Suite B Asheville, NC 28804 (828) 285-0515 FAX (828) 285-0515 allpoints1@mindspring.com www.ashevillebrewers.com

The BrewMaster Store

1900 E. Geer St.
Durham, NC 27704
(919) 682-0300
BrewmasterStore@Yahoo.com
www.brewmasterstore.com/

Beer & Wine making equipment
& supplies

Homebrew Adventures

526 Griffith Road Charlotte, NC 28217 (888) 785-7766 FAX (704) 521-1475 ale@hombrew.com www.homebrew.com

lip Please visit our online forum, The Brewboard at http://forums.home-brew.com

Ohio

America's Hobby House
4220 State Route 43
Kent, OH 44240
(330) 678-6400
(877) 578-6400
chris@americashobbyhouse.com
www.americashobbyhouse.com

www.homebrewcompany.com

Specializing in homebrew, wine

Specializing in homebrew, wine making supplies, and equipment.

Grape and Granary

915 Home Ave. Akron, OH 44310 (330) 633-7223 FAX (330) 633-6794 info@grapeandgranary.com www.grapeandgranary.com

Wide selection of supplies. Extract and all-grain kits. Secure online ordering. Fast shipping.

JW Dover & Heartland Vineyards Black Box Brewing Co.

24945 Detroit Rd Westlake, OH 44145 (440) 871-0700 jwdover@aol.com

www.jwdover.com

Stop by and experience the largest selection of beer and wine making supplies in Cleveland, OH. Just Opened Black Box Brewing Company. Plumbers Crack Ale and Ohio Brew Weeks 2007 People's Choice Award winner Javelin Ale now available in Kegs with Bottles soon to follow. Stop by and enjoy 20 different wines in our underground wine bar. Mahle's restaurant just upstairs for those looking for a meal. Make a day of it, we are just 12 Minutes west of Cleveland.

Leeners

9293 Olde Eight Rd.
Northfield, OH 44067
(800) 543-3697
youmakeit@leeners.com
www.leeners.com *® Since 1996! We sell everything for brewing, winemaking and canning!*.

Listermann Brewer & Vintner Supply

1621 Dana Avenue Cincinnati, OH 45207 (513) 731-1130 FAX (513) 731-3938 dan@listermann.com www.listermann.com

Main Squeeze

229 Xenia Ave Yellow Springs, OH 45387 (937) 767-1607; FAX (937) 767-1679 mainsqueezeys@yahoo.com www.mainsqueezeonline.com

A full service Brewing Supply store and fresh juice/smoothie bar.

Paradise Brewing Supplies

7762 Beechmont Avenue
Cincinnati, OH 45255
(513) 232-7271
info@paradisebrewingsupplies.com
www.paradisebrewingsupplies.com

Stop by and see Cincinnati's
newest homebrew store when you
come to our "haus" in June!

SABCO Industries

4511 South Avenue Toledo, OH 43615 (419) 531-5347 FAX (419) 531-7765 sabco@kegs.com www.brew-magic.com

The Pumphouse

336 Elm St.
Struthers, OH 44471
(330) 755-3642; (800) 947-8677
pumphouse@excite.com
www.thepumphouse.cjb.net

Beer and winemaking supplies &
more!

Titgemeier's Inc.

701 Western Avenue
Toledo, OH 43609
(419) 243-3731
FAX (419) 243-2097
titgemeiers@hotmail.com
www.titgemeiers.com

Mean An empty fermenter is a lost opportunity-order today!

Winemakers Shop

3517 N High St. Columbus, OH 43214 (614) 263-1744 www.winemakersshop.com

Serving Beer and Winemakers since 1974.

Oklahoma

The Brew Shop 3624 N. Pennsylvania Oklahoma City, OK 73112 (405) 528-5193 brewshop@swbell.net www.thebrewshopokc.com Complete line of grain, hops, yeast, beer and wine kits. We'll ship anywhere!

High Gravity 7164 S Memorial Dr. Tulsa, OK 74133 (918) 461-2605 FAX (918) 461-2605 store@highgravitybrew.com www.highgravitybrew.com

Learn To Brew 2307 South I-35 Service Road Moore, OK 73160 (405) 793-BEER info@learntobrew.com www.learntobrew.com

Learn To Brew is run by a professionally trained brewer and offers a complete line of beer, wine, draft dispense products and equipment and also offers beer and wine classes for all levels.

Oregon

Above the Rest Homebrewing Supplies

11945 SW Pacific Hwy. #235 Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 968-2736 (503) 639.8265 Brewnow@netzero.com

Corvallis Brewing Supply 119 SW 4th St. Corvallis, OR 97333 (541) 758-1674 FAX (541) 754-6656 joel@brewbeer.cc www.brewbeer.cc

Fast, friendly service for home enthusiasts of beer, wine, soda and cheesemaking. Online shopping cart and low cost UPS shipping.

FH Steinbart and Co 234 SE 12th Ave Portland, OR 97214 (503) 232-8793 FAX (503) 238-1649 info@FHsteinbart.com www.FHsteinbart.com

Established in 1918, we carry a complete line of wine and beer making supplies.

Pennsylvania

Country Wines 3333 Babcock Blvd. Pittsburgh, PA 15237-2421 (412) 366-0151: (866) 880-7404 FAX (412) 366-9809 info@countrywines.com www.countrywines.com Since 1972, supplies for the brewer and winemaker.

Keystone Homebrew Supply 779 Bethlehem Pike Montgomeryville, PA 18936 (215) 855-0100 info@keystonehomebrew.com www.keystonehomebrew.com Where winning brewers find quality ingredients and expert advice! Second location to serve you better.

Keystone Homebrew Supply 599 Main Street Bethlehem, PA 18018 (610) 997-0911 sales@keystonehomebrew.com www.keystonehomebrew.com Where winning brewers find quality ingredients and expert advice!

South Hills Brewing Supply 2212 Noblestown Rd. Pittsburgh, PA 15205 (412) 937-0773 shbsjon@aol.com www.southhillsbrewing.com Mot your typical LHBS! Neat - Clean Stocked - Experienced

Wine, Barley & Hops **Homebrew Supply** 248 Bustleton Pike Feasterville, PA 19053 (215) 322-4780 FAX (215) 322-4781 www.winebarleyandhops.com Your source for premium beer and wine making supplies.

Wine & Beer Emporium 101 Ridge Road Unit 27 Chadds Ford, PA 19317 (610) 558-2337 FAX (610) 558-0410 winebeeremporium@aol.com www.winebeeremporium.com M All your home beer and wine making supplies, fine cigars and much more.

South Carolina

Beach Homebrew 9612 N. Kings Hwy. Myrtle Beach, SC 29572 (843) 497-0104 beachhomebrew@verizon.net beachhomebrew@verizon.com Homebrewing and winemaking supplies for coastal South Carolina.

Bet-Mar Liquid Hobby Shop 736-F Saint Andrews Rd. Columbia, SC 29210 (800) 882-7713; (803) 798-2033 info@liquidhobby.com www.liquidhobby.com Unmatched value, service & quality since 1968!

Tennessee

All Seasons Gardening & Brewing Supply 3900 Hillsboro Pike, Suite 16 Nashville, TN 37215 (615) 385-0300; (800) 790-2188 FAX (615) 385-0373 hvdroplant@earthlink.net www.allseasonsnashville.com Large selection of homebrewing and wine making supplies. Visit our

Texas

store or shop online.

Austin Homebrew Supply 7951 Burnet Road Austin, TX 78757 (800) 890-BREW www.AustinHomebrew.com We're here for you!

DeFalco's Home Wine & Beer Supplies 8715 Stella Link Houston, TX 77025 (713) 668-9440 FAX (713) 668-8856 sales@defalcos.com www.defalcos.com

Providing the best wine & beer making supplies & equipment since 1971! Check us out on the Web: www.defalcos.com.

Homebrew Headquarters, Inc. 300 N. Coit Road, Ste. 134 Richardson, TX 75080 (972) 234-4411; (800) 966-4144 brewmaster@homebrewhg.com www.homebrewhq.com Dallas' only homebrew and winemaking shop!

The Winemaker Shop 3006 SE Loop 820 Fort Worth, TX 76140 1(800) 482-7397 Brew@winemakershop.com www.winemakershop.com Proudly serving the home wine and beer enthusiast since 1971!

Utah

The Beer Nut Inc.

1200 South State Salt Lake City, UT 84111 (801) 531-8182; (888) 825-4697 FAX (801) 531-8605 sales@beernut.com www.beernut.com The Beer Nut, Inc. is committed to help you brew the best beer possible.

Virginia

myLHBS 6201 Leesburg Pike Suite #3 Falls Church, VA 22044 (703) 241-3874 www.myLHBS.com Friendly service. Unique and hardto-find ingredients. Store recipes and packaged kits. Classes too!

Blue Ridge Hydroponics & **Home Brewing Company** 5524 Williamson Road Suite 11 Roanoke, VA 24012 (540) 265-2483 support@blueridgehydroponics.com www.blueridgehydroponics.com Gardening, Brewing and Wine supplies for the 21st Century.

The WeekEnd Brewer-Home **Brew Supply (Richmond Area)** 4205 West Hundred Rd. Chester, VA 23831 (804) 796-9760; (800) 320-1456 FAX (804) 796-9561 beerinfo@weekendbrewer.com www.weekendbrewer.com

Washington

Bader Beer & Wine Supply 711 Grand Blvd. Vancouver, WA 98661 (800) 596-3610 FAX (360) 750-1552 steve@baderbrewing.com www.baderbrewing.com Sign up for our E-newsletter at baderbrewing.com

The Beer Essentials
2624 S. 112th St. #E-1
Lakewood, WA 98499
(877) 557-BREW (2739)
(253) 581-4288
FAX (253) 581-3095
order@thebeeressentials.com
www.thebeeressentials.com

W Secure online ordering.

The Cellar Homebrew
14320 Greenwood Ave. N.
Seattle, WA 98133
(206) 365-7660; (800) 342-1871
FAX (206) 365-7677
staff@cellar-homebrew.com
www.cellar-homebrew.com

iii Your one-stop shop for all your
wine cellar and homebrewing needs.

Larry's Brewing Supply Retail and Wholesale 7405 S. 212th St. #103 Kent, WA 98032 (800) 441-BREW www.LarrysBrewSupply.com Mountain Homebrew and Wine Supply

8520 122nd Ave NE #B-6 Kirkland, WA 98033 (425) 803-3996 FAX (425) 803-3976 info@Mountainhomebrew.com www.Mountainhomebrew.com

in The Northwest's premier homebrewing supply store! We have everything you need and more!

Northwest Brewers Supply 1006 6th St. Anacortes, WA 98221 (360) 293-0424 brew@nwbrewers.com

Wisconsin

Homebrew Market, Inc. 1326 N. Meade St. Appleton, WI 54911 (800)-261-BEER FAX (920) 733-4173 www.Homebrewmarket.com

© Complete beer, wine and soda supply retail store and Internet outlet!

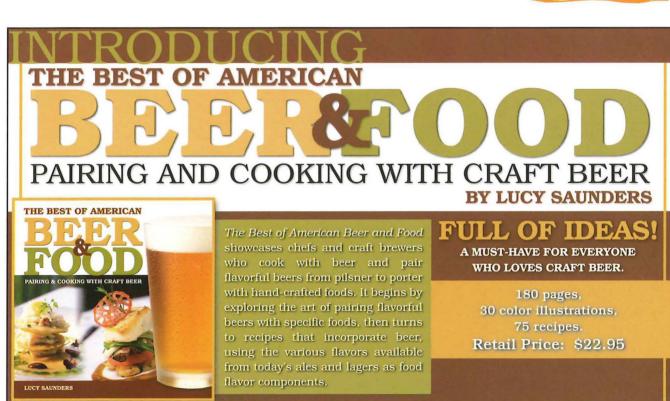
Point Brew Supply, LLC
1816 Post Road
Plover, WI 54467
(715) 342-9535
marc@pointbrewsupply.com
www.pointbrewsupply.com

ib Sick of substituting ingredients to
build a recipe? We have it all in stock!

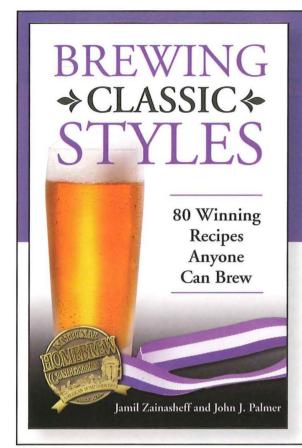
The Purple Foot, Inc. 3167 S. 92nd St. Milwaukee, WI 53227 (414) 327-2130 FAX (414) 327-6682 prplfoot@execpc.com

For listing information, call Stephanie Hutton at 303-447-0816 ext. 109 or email hutton@brewersassociation.org

THE
PERFECT
PLACE
TO BUY
OR SELL
CALL
Stephanie Hutton
(303) 447-0816 EXT. 109



Reserve your copy today! Call 1.888.822.6273 or visit www.beertown.org.



In *Brewing Classic Styles*, legendary homebrewers **Jamil Zainasheff** and **John Palmer** share their homebrewing expertise.

Zainasheff's 80 plus easy, award-winning recipes and Palmer's knowledge and brewing tips, make this book a must for anyone interested in homebrewing.

Special Price

AHA and Brewers Association Members Only!



Retail Price \$19.95

Now through Oct. 31, 2007

Buy Today! 1.888.822.6273 or www.beertown.org

Brewers Publications A Division of the Brewers Association www.beertown.org





ADVERTISERS INDEX		
Alternative Beverage	Grape and Granary52 www.grapeandgranary.com	Northern Brewer
American Homebrewers Association 17,50,58 www.beertown.org	Harper Collins	Northwestern Extract Co
Bacchus and Barleycorn Ltd	Here's To BeerCover 4 www.Herestobeer.org	Point Brew Supply
Beer, Beer, & More Beer	Hobby Beverage Equipment47 www.minibrew.com	Polarware
Beverage People, The	Hoegaarden	Pub Discount Program
Blichmann Engineering	Homebrew Adventures	Quality Wine and Ale49 www.HomeBrewlt.com
Boston Beer Company	Home Brewery, The	Quoin Industrial Inc. / Party Pig11 www.partypig.com
Breckenridge Brewery	Larry's Brewing48 www.larrysbrewsupply.com	Shiner Bock
Brewers Publications	Leffe	Sierra Nevada Brewing Company49 www.sierranevada.com
Brew Hauler, Inc	Midwest Homebrew	Teach A Friend Day
Deschutes Brewery	MuntonsCover 3 www.Muntons.com	V-Vessel System, The
Dogfish Head Craft Brewery	National Homebrewers Conference16 www.beertown.org	William's Brewing49 www.williamsbrewing.com
Four Points by Sheraton	New Belgium Brewing Co23 www.NewBelgium.com	Wyeast
*Cover 2 is the inside front cover. Cover 3 is the inside back c	over. Cover 4 is the outside back cover.	





THE BEVERAGE PEOPLE

Home Brewing, Cheesemaking and Winemaking Supplier

WELCOME TO HOMEBREW CALIFORNIA, "ANYTIME OF YEAR YOU CAN FIND IT HERE".

The Beverage People has added cheesemaking supplies to their great lineup of fermentation ingredients and equipment. If you haven't tried making your own fresh FETA, give us a call and in a week you will have the most delicious cheese for dinners or salads. Our Soft-Cheese Kit (CH81) makes 2 beautiful wheels of Feta or other soft ripening cheese and includes enough supplies to make at least 20 wheels.

Our beer ingredient kits make 5 gallons of superlative homebrew. Go for Scharffenberger® Chocolate Porter (BN121) or the staffs' favorite, "Breakfast of Champions" **Imperial** Stout Framboise (BN91). We have a 24 page catalog for winemakers as well as a 32 page catalog for brewers, cheesemakers and meadmakers.



Come visit our retail store at: 840 Piner Rd. #14 SANTA ROSA, CA

Call us toll free for orders: 800 544 1867 or www.thebeveragepeople.com

Open: Tuesday-Friday 10:00 - 5:30 and Saturday 10:00 - 5:00 Also open Mondays: August through December

Advertising to the most passionate homebrewers anywhere!

To list here, call Stephanie Hutton at (303) 447-0816 ext. 109, hutton@brewersassociation.org.

LISTINGS

BEERSMITH BREWING SOFTWARE

Take the guesswork out of brewing with BeerSmith! Recipes, ingredients, styles, step-bystep instructions and more. Visit beersmith.com to download a free 21 day trial!

THE CARBONATION CALIBRATOR

A device designed by a homebrewer to help homebrewers achieve more accurate levels of carbonation in your bottle conditioned beer. Go to carbonationcalibrator.com for more info.

DISPLAY ADS

www.CareersinBeer.com

CAREERSINBEER job listings for food, beverage & beer

CareersinBeer.com Where Dream Jobs & Qualified People Meet



POST A JOB OR RESUME TODAY!



¬t. Louis Wine Beermaking, LLC

Serving Brewers and Vintners Since 1991

And We're Still Here For You

Secure On-Line Ordering

251 Lamp & Lantern Village St. Louis, MO 63017 (888) 622-WINE • FAX (636) 527-5413 E-mail: info@wineandbeermaking.com www.wineandbeermaking.com

The Complete Source for Beer, Wine & Meadmakers



ASHEVILLE BREWERS SUPPLY

828**285-0515**

ASHEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA SINCE 1994 • SOUTH'S FINEST

All Aboard the Beer Bus

iving as a beer enthusiast in Los Angeles is a double-edged sword. We have access to the riches of the world's breweries, but we have few of our own. To get the fresh beer experience, we get 40 of our closest friends together, grab a bus and bring the homebrewers to the breweries. This is a great club activity and a fun way to spend the day.

In the past, we've taken trips to Sonoma County (Russian River Brewing, Bear Republic and Lagunitas) and San Diego (Alesmith, Ballast Point, Pizza Port Brewing and Stone Brewing). The movie "Sideways" brought Santa Barbara wine culture to everyone, but it also has a growing beer scene. In a scant 20-mile slice of the coast are six breweries.

We started our day at our homebrew shop in Woodland Hills. As passengers boarded, they found a commemorative pint glass, a raffle ticket and our six-tap bus bar filled to the brim with session ales galore. As we hit the highway, spirits were high and our "Everybody Wins" raffle began, with free shirts and beer from our brewery stops, special beers from the archives, trays, signs, bottle openers, books and a few cans of Bud Ice and Bud Chelada. Not everyone gets to be a big winner!

Hollister Brewing Company is the newest of the region's breweries. Eric Rose, formerly of Santa Barbara Brewing Company, and his dad opened the doors of HBC in May in Goleta, Calif., home to UC Santa Barbara. In this small space, Eric is spinning a fantastic set of 10 regularly changing house beers, including the Fat J Hemp Amber Ale, Farmhouse Ale and my favorite, the Black IPA (a bold IPA colored black with Sinamar).

Telegraph Brewing is the dream of Brian Thompson, former stock analyst turned Heartland Brewing (N.Y.) brewer. He moved



to Santa Barbara and opened his brewery in an old warehouse last year. He kegs and bottles three flagship beers: Golden Wheat, a barrel blended Stock Porter and his California Ale, a West Coast—inspired Farmhouse Ale. He runs a tasting bar, fills growlers every Thursday, Friday and Saturday and coordinates beer tasting dinners.

Located blocks from the beach, just outside the tourist laden State Street, lies the Brewhouse. This is the local's hangout, the place to have a handmade beer or a mean Bloody Mary while enjoying a local band or snacking on Gorgonzola Potato Chips. Part owner and head brewer Pete Johnson is the former "Dictator for Life" of the Santa Barbeerians and treats homebrewers right. I love this funky little place and Pete's West Beach IPA and Saint Barb's Abbey ale series.

Our last stop was Island Brewing Company in Carpinteria. A few years back Paul Wright oversaw a successful move to a new expanded location with an ocean view. He opened a tasting room that is now the little town's happening hot spot. The brewery pours a handful of beers including Island Pale Ale, Starry Night Stout and Jubilee Old Ale and runs its own brewery band.





Hollister Brewing provided lunch, cutting us a sweet deal on beer and pulled pork sandwiches. Since microbreweries don't mind outside food, our club chef packed a cold dinner of roasted chicken tostadas, guacamole and orzo salad to satiate the imbibers.

Passengers paid \$65 for their bus, lunch, dinner and beer. The trip was the result of months of planning. Finding a bus company that doesn't fear beer shenanigans or a bar is a challenge. Treat them well (particularly your driver)! Research breweries and negotiate costs and timing. I put together a spreadsheet to track attendance, payment, expenses, contacts and deals, estimated travel times and schedules. Planning a trip of your own? E-mail me (drew@maltosefalcons.com) for a copy.

Drew Beechum is a member of the AHA Governing Committee.

Brew with

Muntons

To brew memorable beers and ales you need quality ingredients you can trust. And when it comes to selecting quality ingredients, you can't buy better than Muntons.

English maltsters Muntons produce a range of brewer's malts and specialist kits to help you make authentic, quality beers and ales which provide consistent, memorable beers. To start you can use a kit for ease and convenience or select one of our celebrated malts for authentic grain mash brewing. Whatever way you choose to brew, you'll find a Muntons product to suit your every need and a result to be proud of.

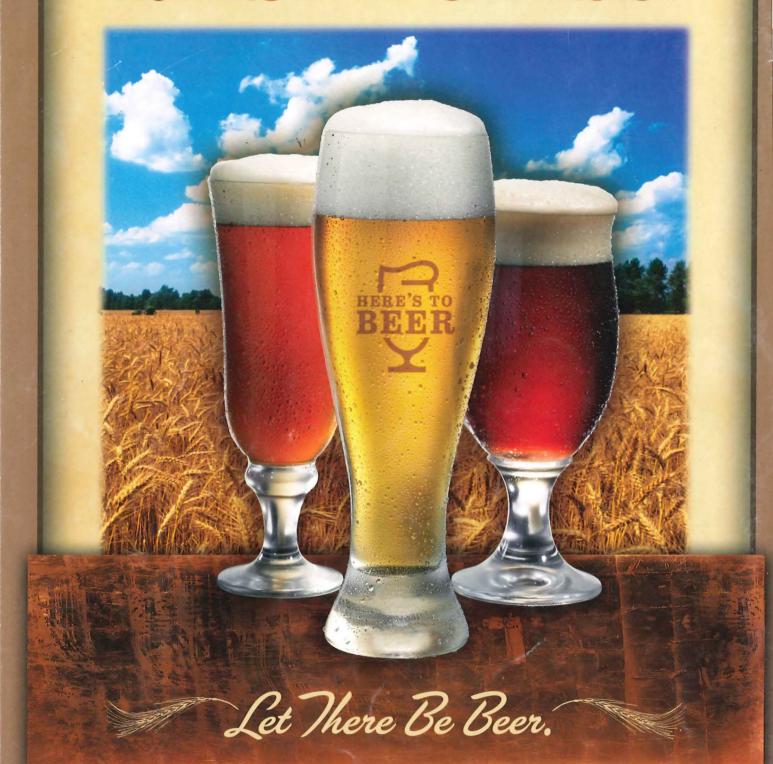
For a quality brew every time, ask your homebrew retailer for Muntons.

Munitons pilsner • bitter • lager • stout • ipa • kits • improvers • malts • and more...

Muntons homebrew products are made in England.

For more information contact: Muntons plc, Cedars Maltings, Stowmarket, Suffok England IP14 2AG. 0044 14 49 61 83 00

RAISE A GLASS!



WWW.HERESTOBEER.COM-

©2006 Here's to Beer, Inc. Washington, D.C.

